Monthly CHECKPOINTS

BNY INVESTMENT INSTITUTE

July 2025

EMEA Financial Professional

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BNY INVESTMENT INSTITUTE

Drawing upon the breadth and expertise within BNY Investments, the Investment Institute generates thoughtful insights on macroeconomic trends, investable markets and portfolio construction.



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Source: BNY Investment Institute as of June 30, 2025. Investment Institute consists of BNY Advisors' macroeconomic research, asset allocation, manager research and operational due diligence teams. BNY Advisors is the brand name under which BNY Mellon Advisors, Inc. conducts its investment advisory business. CFA® and Chartered Financial Analyst® are registered trademarks owned by CFA® Institute.



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Global Equities



MACROSCOPE





Macro Investment Outlook



View based on short-term outlook

GROWTH

View: Delta: ---

Our Q3 Vantage Point forecasts see 'Slowdown' as base case with risks tilted to the downside.
Additionally, our growth regime signals point to an increasing likelihood of a slowdown in the coming months. Resultingly, we could see a small fiscal boost in the US, but it is likely to be overshadowed by tariffs.

INFLATION

View:

Risks of inflation pass-through in the next few months are elevated and consistent with retail firms' guidance in the US. We expect marginally higher inflation than implied by the market and consensus in the US. But tariffs, alongside a weaker dollar, are likely to be disinflationary for most other major economies.

Delta:

POLICY

View:

Fed is likely to remain cautious in 2025 unless labor market slows. For the European Central Bank (ECB) we think market pricing is fair. We see a higher probability of greater loosening by the Bank of England (BOE), slower normalization by the Bank of Japan (BOJ) and an easing bias in China.

VALUATION

View: Delta:

Relative to global equities, developed markets (DM) trade expensive with lower trailing 12-months earnings growth. But DM ex US and EM relatively cheaper. US equity valuations have come off from its highs but has richened and remains expensive relative to its trailing 12-months earnings growth and relative to peers.

EARNINGS

View: Delta:

Expectations remain positive, but a challenging macro environment - below-consensus growth and expectations for increasing price pressures in the coming months underscores strong balance sheets.

SENTIMENT

View: Delta:

Unforeseen trade policy announcements brought large swings in market-based sentiment and risk appetite. Most indicators are normalizing to long-term averages.

MOMENTUM

View:

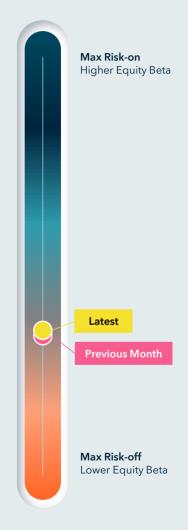
Delta:

Delta: = = =

Equities continue to retain positive momentum, largely driven by non-US equities. Broad US equities momentum improved, but small caps remain particularly weak. Signals for DM sovereigns improved, but Japanese rates remain negative.

Source: BNY Investment Institute as of June 26, 2025. Short-term defined as 6-12-months. The views presented should not be construed as investment or portfolio construction recommendations, nor a recommendation to buy or sell any security or asset class. This is a summary of our individual asset class views, indicating our views of conviction and relative preferences across a broad-based range of assets classes, and is independent of any specific portfolio construction considerations. The information has been provided without taking into account the investment objective, financial situation or needs of any particular person. Views expressed are those of the Investment Institute and do not reflect views of other managers or the firm overall. This information contains projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, or expectations, and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or expectations will be achieved, and actual results may be significantly different from that shown here. The information in this presentation is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons.

SHORTTERM RISK-ON/RISK-OFF GAUGE





MACROSCOPE **TODAY** Unfavorable **SCENARIOS** Will tariff rates remain at YES least as high? **IN BRIEF** Will fiscal policy help moderate the Will fiscal policy help moderate the Probability tree slowdown? slowdown? based on 12-month outlook NO NO YES YES

STAGNATION (30% PROBABILITY)

Asset Class Impact					
Equities	Sovereigns	Credit	Real Assets	Cash	
▼ ▼	A A	▼ ▼	A	A	
Outlook			Level	Return	
Outlook S&P 500			Level 5,230	-13%	

Macro

- Large tariff hikes (effective at 20% or more) induces a large inflation spike and high uncertainty which overwhelm US domestic demand.
- Euro Area and China mount policy stimulus, but global demand plummets.
- Fed cuts twice in 2025 despite higher inflation due to labor market deterioration with further cuts in 2026.

Markets

- Bad outcome for equites.
 Equity market slumps,
 troughing by the second half of 2026.
- Credit spreads widen beyond long-term averages. But sovereign bonds outperform on lower rates. USD weakens more notably.

SLOWDOWN (50% PROBABILITY)

Asset Class Impact					
Sovereigns	Credit	Real Assets	Cash		
A	•	A			
		Level	Return		
		6,370	+6%		
10-year US Treasuries			+0%		
	Sovereigns	Sovereigns Credit	Sovereigns Credit Real Assets Level 6,370		

Macro

- US slows below trend on tariff rate hikes (c. 18% effective rate) and the impact of uncertainty. Albeit small, fiscal boost is positive in 2025 but is overshadowed by tariffs
- Inflation rises above 3% as higher prices are passed through. The Fed remains cautious in 2025 but loosens more in 2026.

Markets

- Equity price multiples stay volatile but begin recovering towards the end of 2025.
 Earnings growth remain relatively stable.
- Credit spreads widen toward longer-term averages.
- Bonds do better with growth concerns, although price pressures limit policy cuts in the US. Real yields fall. USD eases but at a slower pace.

RECOVERY (20% PROBABILITY, PREVIOUSLY EXPANSION)

Asset Class Impact				
Equities	Sovereigns	Credit	Real Assets	Cash
		A		•
Outlook			Level	Return
			2010.	
S&P 500			6,770	+13%

Macro

- Growth recovers as uncertainty around tariffs unwind. Fiscal boost is small in 2025 but a more modest support in 2026, revives demand.
- Rest of the world benefits. US inflation remain contained allowing the Fed to cut twice in 2025.

Markets

- Most positive for risk assets pushing equity multiples higher, risk spreads lower near-term. USD recoups some of its losses in 2026.
- Bonds do less well, and the UST yield curve steepens.

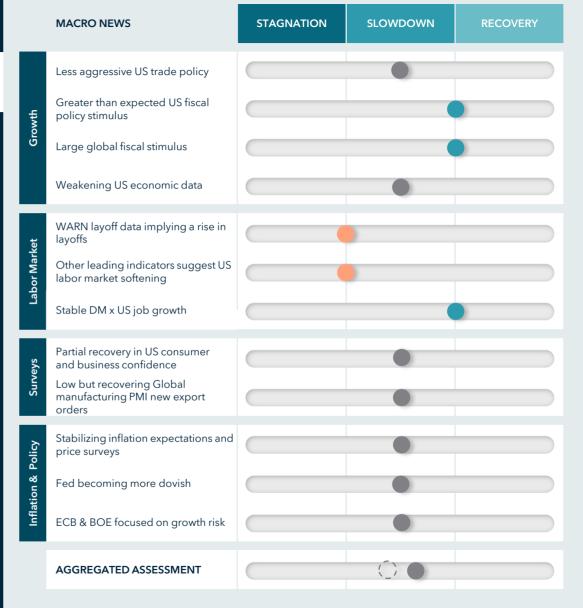
Source: BNY Investment Institute as of June 9, 2025. The views presented should not be construed as investment or portfolio construction recommendations, nor a recommendation to buy or sell any security or asset class. This is a summary of our individual asset class views, indicating our views of conviction and relative preferences across a broad-based range of assets classes, and is independent of any specific portfolio construction considerations. The information has been provided without taking into account the investment objective, financial situation or needs of any particular person. Views expressed are those of the Investment Institute and do not reflect views of other managers or the firm overall. This information contains projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, or expectations, and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or expectations will be achieved, and actual results may be significantly different from that shown here. The information in this presentation is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons.



MACRO NEWS vs. OUR SCENARIOS



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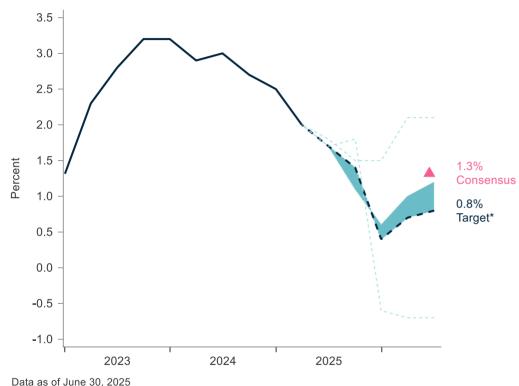




Our Outlook vs. Consensus

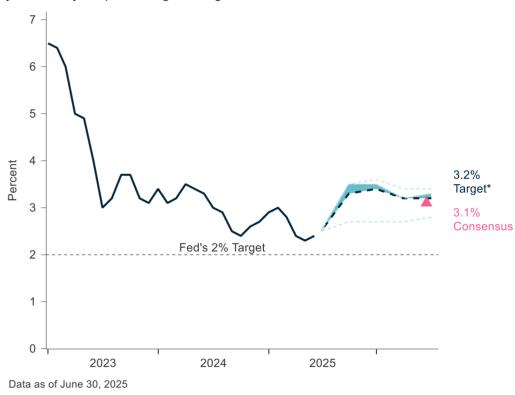
US GDP Growth

year-over-year percentage change



US Inflation

year-over-year percentage change

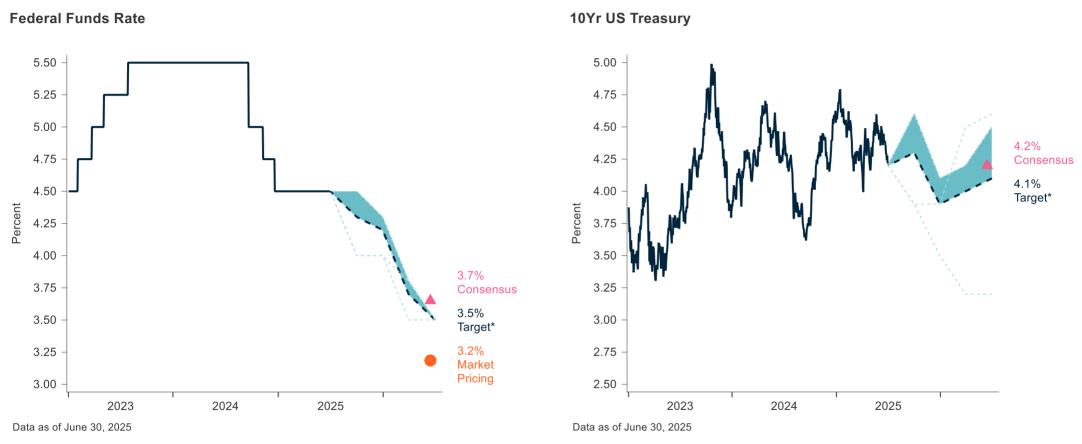


*Target is the expected outcome based on the average of three scenarios weighted by how likely they are to occur. Area is the most likely range for the variable over the forecasted time horizon.

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Our Outlook vs. Consensus



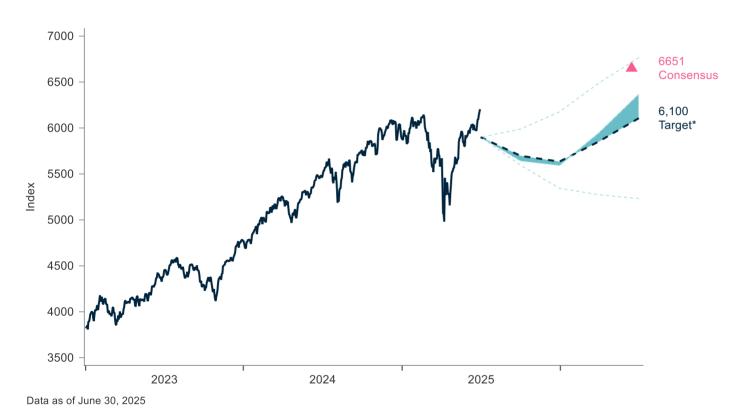
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Our Outlook vs. Consensus

S&P 500



SCENARIO	Q2 2026
Recovery (20% probability)	
Earnings-per-share Estimate	282
Earnings Growth	+11%
Price/Earnings	24
Approximate Level	6,770
Return Estimate	+13%
Slowdown (50% probability)	
Earnings-per-share Estimate	277
Earnings Growth	+9%
Price/Earnings	23
Approximate Level	6,370
Return Estimate	+6%
Stagnation (30% probability)	
Earnings-per-share Estimate	262
Earnings Growth	+3%
Price/Earnings	20
Approximate Level	5,230
Return Estimate	-13%
Prob. Weighted S&P 500 Level	6,100
Prob. Weighted Return Est.	+2%

Scenarios as of June 9, 2025

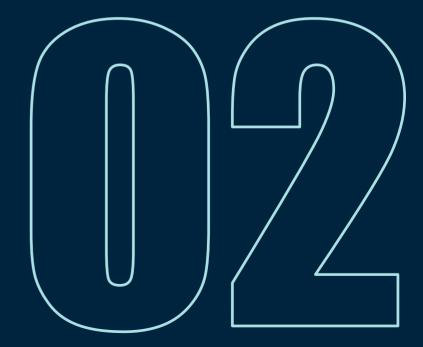
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See slide 7: Scenarios in Brief for more details on each scenarios.



THEMES



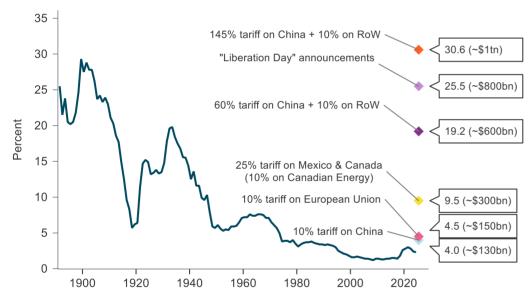


US Trade Policy

China's share of US imports have declined roughly 13% since 2018 but remains as the largest trading partner with a trade deficit close to \$300 billion¹. US trade policy imposed against China will likely materially impact global trade with potential redirection of goods. While the worst between Sino-US seems to be behind, it is to be seen whether a deal between the two that fully de-escalates trade war 2.0 could be done in the next few months. Last time the two leaders agreed to put their trade disputes on hold for 90-days at the end of 2018, the Phase One deal didn't emerge until 12-months later with multiple rounds of tariffs in between. A similar playbook could see higher volatility through the summer.

Potential US Trade Policy Implications on Effective Tariff Rate

Investment Institute forecast; tax revenue in parentheses*



Data as of June 30, 2025

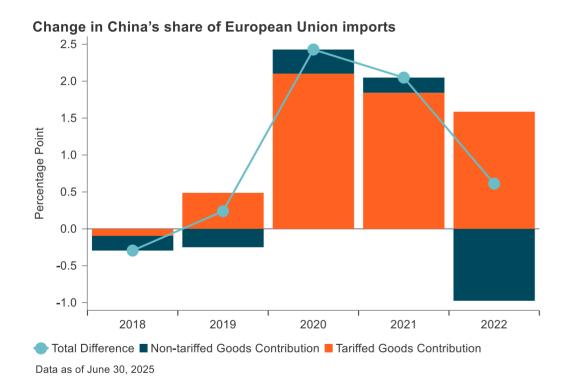
Timeline of 2018-19 Trade War					
	Date	Action	Detail		
	January	US Tariffs	US imposes safeguard tariffs on solar panels and washing machines.		
	February	Investigation	Commerce releases results of steel and aluminum investigation finding that imports pose a threat to national security.		
	March	Investigation	US finds that China is conducting unfair trade practices under Section 301.		
	March	US Tariffs	US impose tariffs on steel (25%) and aluminum (10%).		
	April	China Tariffs	Retaliation with tariffs on US products worth \$2.4 billion and announces 178.6% duty on sorghum.		
2018	May	Tariff Removed	China ends tariffs on US sorghum as part of negotiations.		
	July	US & China	Both countries impose 25% on \$34 billion worth of goods. US announces		
	July	Tariffs	additional \$200 billion on Chinese goods.		
	August	US & China Tariffs	Both implement 25% on an additional \$16 billion worth of goods.		
	September	US Tariffs	US imposes 10% on \$200 billion worth of Chinese goods; China retaliates with tariffs on \$60 billion worth of US goods.		
	December	Leader Meeting	Trump and Xi agree to a 90-day tariff truce at G20 in Buenos Aires.		
	May	US Tariffs	US increases tariffs from 10% to 25% on \$200 billion of Chinese goods.		
	June	China Tariffs	China raises tariffs on \$60 billion on US goods.		
2019	August	US Tariffs	US announces a 10% tariff on an additional \$300 billion of Chinese goods.		
2019	September	US Tariffs	US imposes 15% tariffs on \$112 billion of Chinese goods.		
	1)ecember	Deal Announced	US cancels scheduled tariffs, announcing Phase One trade deal.		
2020	January	Deal Signed	Phase One trade deal signed; China commits to additional \$200 billion of US imports.		
	January	US Tariffs	US imposes tariffs on \$450 million of steel and aluminum products.		

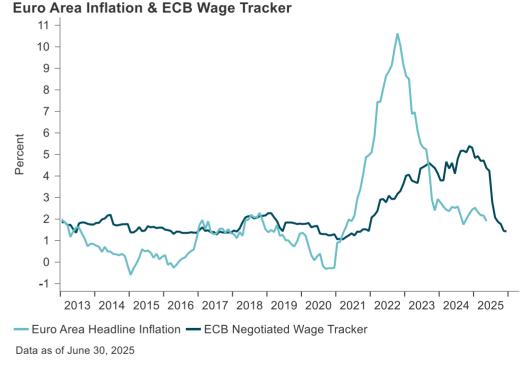


^{*}Tax revenue calculated on 2024 imports with the assumption that trade flows would not fall.

Redirection of Goods

Given structural similarities with the US (i.e., large consumer market, developed infrastructure & logistics, being technologically advanced) and a similar demand profile, the Euro Area was an important alternate destination for redirected final Chinese exports during the first trade war. More importantly, the redirected goods saw lower price tags. Trade redirection paired with lower import prices will be disinflationary for the Euro Area. Fundamentally, negotiated wages in the Euro Area have materially slowed.

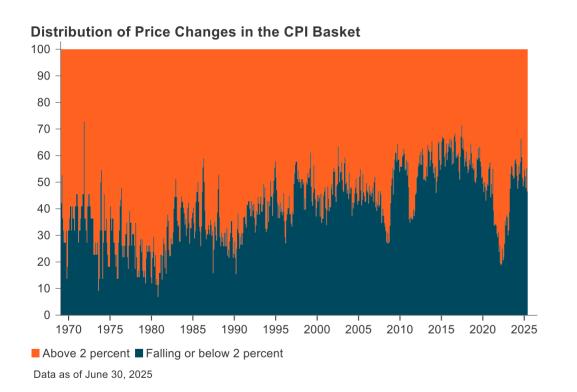


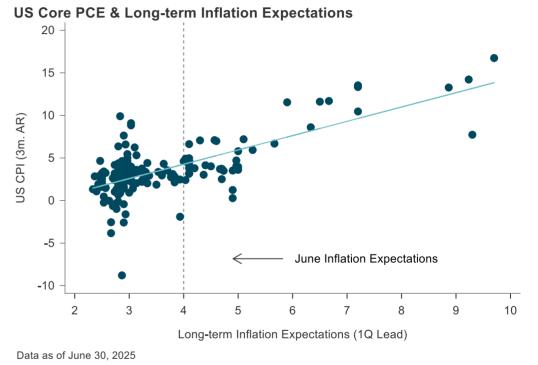




US Inflation

Despite slowing momentum, over half of the CPI basket was above 2% in May. Inflation expectations remain key for the Fed. Increasing expectations of higher inflation could give rise to realized inflation (i.e., risk of self-fulfilling). Inflation expectations with a quarter lead tend to have a positive, statistically significant, relationship with realized inflation.

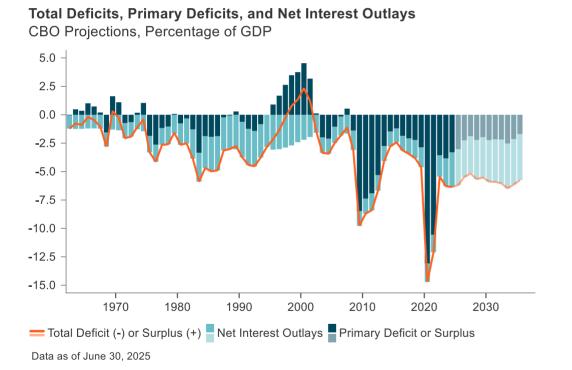


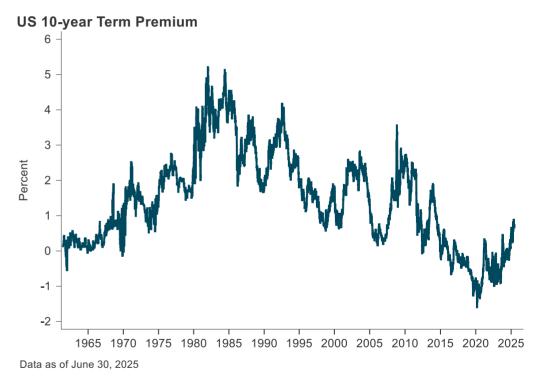




US Fiscal Policy

US fiscal policy remains key for our 2026 growth outlook. Fiscal thrust can reduce downside risks to growth but introduce inflationary pressures. However, fiscal, in conjunction with tariffs could limit positive impulse.



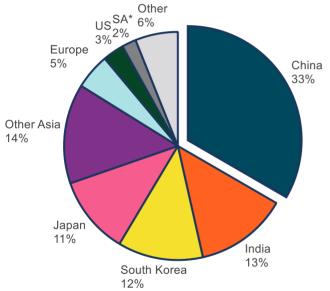




Geopolitics

Recent geopolitical events once again underscores the importance of a diversified approach in asset allocation. The tension in the armed conflict may have peaked, easing a main worry that an oil price shock would feed through price pressures. That said, uncertainty remains, but we think a shutdown of the Strait of Hormuz or a loss of supply from other Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) petrol states is unlikely. Notably, the main difference between the 1970s-80s is the energy independence of the United States. Crude oil production in the US increased significantly in the past decade as producers applied hydraulic fracturing and horizontal drilling techniques.

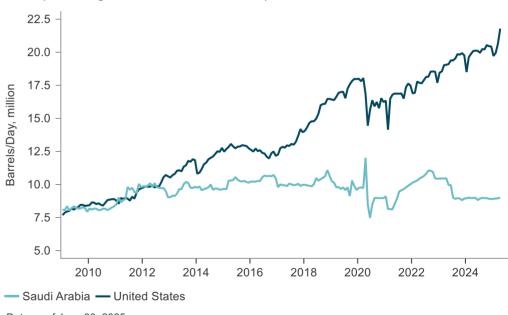
Share of Crude Oil Transported Through the Strait of Hormuz by Destination



Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: US Energy Information Administration. Note: *Saudi Arabia. All figures are for 2024.

Crude Oil Production, Barrels per Day JODI (Joint Organizations Data Initiative)



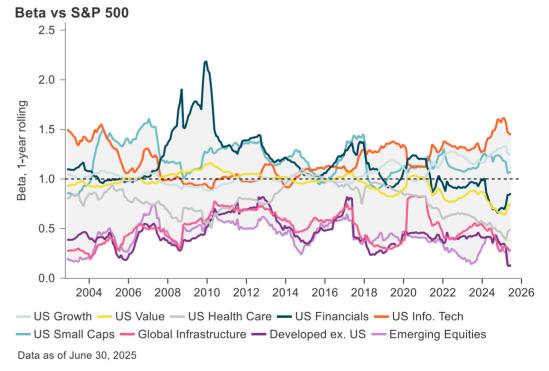
Data as of June 30, 2025



Well Diversified Approach

We believe that elevated global uncertainty warrants a well diversified approach across regional indices. Broad US equities continues to trade at elevated multiples. Within risk assets, we lean into infrastructure for equity exposure but lower beta and income benefits.

Forward Price-Earnings and 12-month Forward Earnings Growth **Expensive and Lower** Expensive and Higher Growth than ACWI Growth than ACWI US 22 21 12-month Forward PE 19 Australia 18 Europe ex UK 16 **FM ex China** 15 UK 14 13 Cheaper and Lower Cheaper and Higher China (Growth than ACWI Growth than ACWI -2.5 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 20.0 12-month Forward Earnings Growth (%)



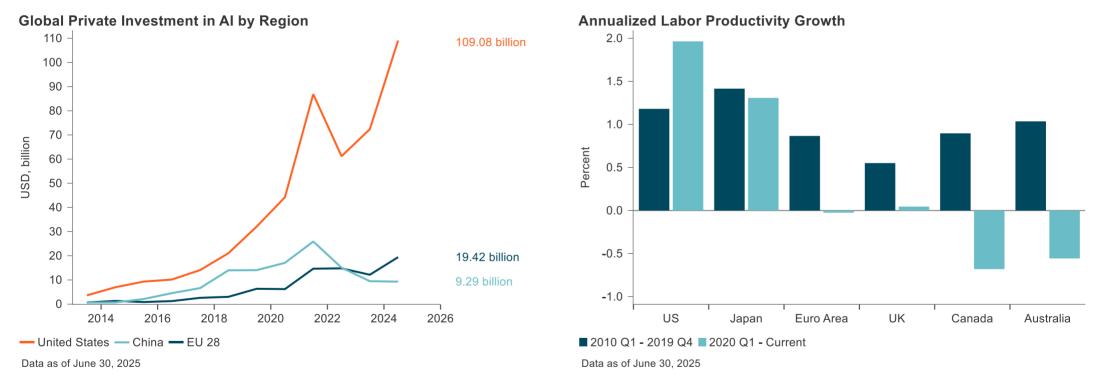
Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. The views presented should not be construed as investment or portfolio construction recommendations, nor a recommendation to buy or sell any security or asset class. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. ACWI: MSCI All Country World Index. DM: MSCI World Index. US: S&P 500 Index. India: MSCI India Index. Australia: MSCI Australia Index. Europe ex UK: MSCI Europe ex UK Index. Canada: MSCI Canada Index. Japan: MSCI Japan Index. Germany: MSCI Germany Index. UK: MSCI UK Index. China: MSCI China Index. EM ex China: MSCI EM ex China Index. US Growth: Russell 1000 Growth Index. US Value: Russell 1000 Value Index. US Health Care: S&P 500 Health Care Index. US Financials: S&P 500 Financials Index. US Info. Tech: S&P 500 Info. Tech Index. US Small Caps: Russell 2000 Index. Global Infrastructure: S&P Global Infrastructure Index. Developed ex US: MSCI EAFE Index. Emerging Equities: MSCI EM Index.



Artificial Intelligence

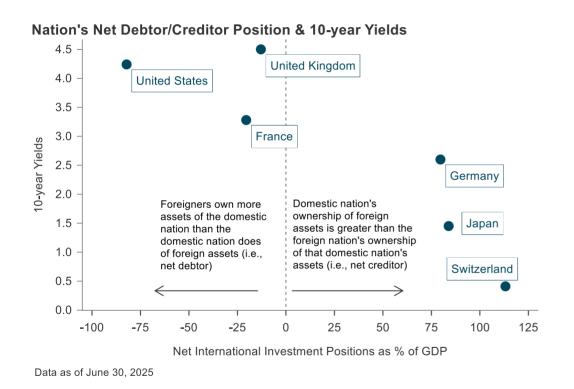
Tariffs and geopolitics were the headlines for the first half of 2025. But strategically, as we've laid out in our annual Capital Market Assumptions, we think dynamic economies (such as the US) are poised to benefit from AI due to higher adoption rates within innovation hubs.

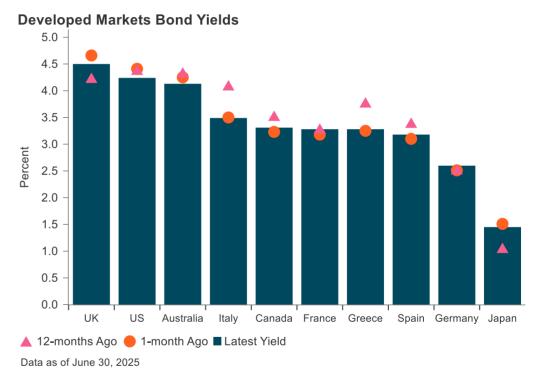




Active Duration

We believe that higher and prolonged interest rates and elevated interest rate volatility are likely a feature of the new macro regime and an environment conducive for active selection. We remain favorable in our view on government bonds funded from cash and are taking active duration positions across regions. Tariffs, alongside a weaker dollar, are likely to be disinflationary for most other major economies.



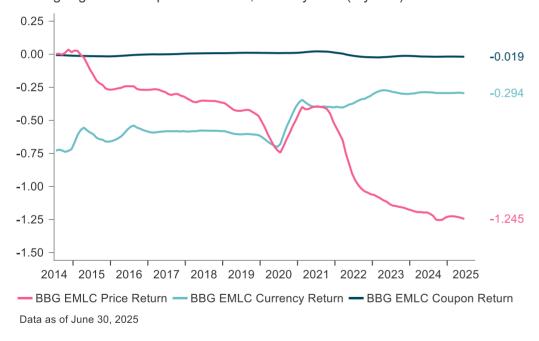




Emerging Market Local Debt To Gain From USD Weakness

Amid slowing global growth, a further weakening of the USD will likely boost EM local currency debt - through FX as well as duration gains. USD weakness not only boosts EM currencies, but it will also lower import costs and overall EM inflation alongside a disinflationary impulse from China. The softening inflation outlook should allow EM central banks to ease further resulting in lower real yields as well. By contrast, we remain a bit more cautious on EM equities which confront greater trade and growth headwinds from (yet to be finalized) reciprocal tariffs.

Bloomberg EMLC Diversified Index Component 'Betas' to DXY Rolling regression slope coefficients, monthly data (5 years)



8 - 7 - 6 - 5 - 4 - 5 - 2 - 1 - 0 - 2 - 1

2021

2022 2023

Emerging Market Inflation & Real Yields

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

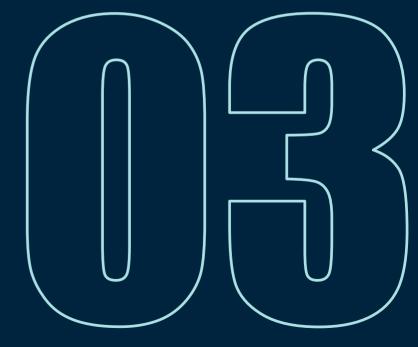
Data as of June 30, 2025

— Inflation — Real Yields

-2



ASSET CLASS VIEWS





Summary

>	Unfavor	able <		→ Fav	orable
VIE					

ASSET	VIEW	DELTA	COMMENTARY
Global Equity	•		We remain cautious on the tactical outlook for equities, given remaining downside risks to US growth expectations and elevated sentiment. Policy uncertainty has already damaged near term growth, and we see this growth drag to pick up in the months ahead.
Gov. Bonds	•		Yields have risen, providing a good entry point for investors. We remain underweight US Treasuries vs International Sovereign bonds, due to near-term risk of a greater than expected US government deficit and ongoing US inflation risks. Elevated yields and correspondingly favorable income returns remain present.
Credit	•		Spreads are tight, trade volatility and economic uncertainty to weigh on consumption and overall growth. We expect spread widening and a rotation toward cheaper, safer fixed income assets. We prefer higher quality credits over HY, European credits over US.
Real Assets	•		Maintain favorable view on gold given volatility and inflation hedging potential. We also favor infrastructure given equity exposure but greater stability and income benefits.
Cash	•		Cash attractiveness is supported by elevated volatility, but a better entry point in long-term interest rates make duration relatively more attractive.

EQUITY	VIEW	DELTA
DM Equity		
US Equity		
UK Equity	•	
Europe ex. UK Equity	•	
Japan Equity		
EM Equity	•	
China Equity	•	
EM ex China Equity	•	

FIXED INCOME	VIEW	DELTA
US Treasuries		
Intl. Sovereign Debt	•	
UK Gilts	•	
German Bunds	•	•
JGBs	•	
Inflation Protected	•	
Global IG	•	
High Yield	•	
EM Debt - Local	•	A
EM Debt - USD		

Source: BNY Investment Institute as of June 18, 2025. The views presented should not be construed as investment or portfolio construction recommendations, nor a recommendation to buy or sell any security or asset class. This is a summary of our individual asset class views, indicating our views of conviction and relative preferences across a broad-based range of assets classes, and is independent of any specific portfolio construction considerations. The information has been provided without taking into account the investment objective, financial situation or needs of any particular person. Views expressed are those of the Investment Institute and do not reflect views of other managers or the firm overall. This information contains projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, or expectations, and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or expectations will be achieved, and actual results may be significantly different from that shown here. The information in this presentation is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons.



Unfavorable Favorable

Equity

ASSET	VIEW	DELTA	COMMENTARY
DM Equity	•		Unfavorable, driven by an expected deterioration in the macro data, a riskier global environment, and tariff related risks. The AI theme can still run in the background and lift long run expected returns, but cyclical considerations prevail in the near term. Elevated global uncertainty warrants a well diversified approach across indices.
US Equity	•		US growth expectations are still at risk of a downgrade. Easing of policy cannot provide much offset given rising inflation risks. And policy uncertainty creates significant volatility. We put emphasis on exposure to quality and higher yielding equities.
UK Equity	•		UK is less directly exposed to tariff risk but is vulnerable to a slowdown in the euro area. FX-hedged UK equities are attractive for income-seeking US investors given elevated yields. Exposure to energy sector is attractive on a tactical basis given recent oil price movements.
Europe ex. UK Equity	•		Near-term improvement in the cyclical data and would make us optimistic on Europe ex UK equities, but tariffs remain a large risk. Slowdown in growth is expected in the second half of 2025 before rebounding towards the end of 2026 on the back of fiscal support.

ASSET	VIEW	DELTA	COMMENTARY
Japan Equity	•		We stay unfavorable on account of the weakening global outlook, likelihood of auto sector tariffs, gradual BOJ normalization and strengthening trend in the yen. These will weaken corporate profits or delay corporate capex. Reflation and rising real wages reflect ongoing improvements, but consumption has yet to pick-up meaningfully.
EM Equity	•		We stay neutral. Emerging markets to be boosted by a weaker USD but also pressured by trade and economic policy uncertainty and a US slowdown. EM equities are cheap, with a sizable weight for China (where domestic macro conditions are stabilizing), and will gain from long-term supply chain rotation.
China Equity	•		Our neutral view incorporates bigger than expected tariff cuts but also a more tepid policy stimulus. Even after recent cuts, overall tariff levels are very high. Further Sino-US de-coupling to persist (albeit, more gradually). The tech sector is a bright spot, and property has stabilized. In view of recent developments, expected policy support likely to be shallower, and deflation to linger for longer.
EM ex China Equity	•		Trade policy uncertainty and potentially disruptive sector- specific or reciprocal tariffs are inhibiting factors. Relative advantages versus China (such as lower tariffs) likely to provide a leg-up, valuations are fair-to-attractive. Country-and-sector correlations are lower.

Source: BNY Investment Institute as of June 18, 2025. The views presented should not be construed as investment or portfolio construction recommendations, nor a recommendation to buy or sell any security or asset class. This is a summary of our individual asset class views, indicating our views of conviction and relative preferences across a broad-based range of assets classes, and is independent of any specific portfolio construction considerations. The information has been provided without taking into account the investment objective, financial situation or needs of any particular person. Views expressed are those of the Investment Institute and do not reflect views of other managers or the firm overall. This information contains projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, or expectations, and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or expectations will be achieved, and actual results may be significantly different from that shown here. The information in this presentation is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons.



Fixed Income

ASSET	VIEW	DELTA	COMMENTARY
US Treasuries	•		We see a deterioration in growth as likely but also a rise in inflation pressures that will keep Fed cautious in cutting rates. Larger than expected deficits are also a near-term risk. Attractive yields and correspondingly favorable income returns keep us engaged. We are cautious on the prospect of limited duration gains and elevated volatility.
Intl. Sovereign Debt	•		FX hedged income returns remain attractive in absolute terms and versus US Treasuries. A weakening US dollar makes the asset class attractive on a non-FX hedged basis as well. Demand slowdown and disinflationary pressures outside of the US should lead to additional rate cuts in DMs ex US.
UK Gilts	•		Attractive income returns. Hit to demand due to the global slowdown means that strong wage growth, sticky inflation, and resilient activity which implied limited loosening in monetary policy should provide less resistance for yields to fall later this year.
German Bunds	•	•	Lower income returns offered than several comparable government bonds, but if FX hedged the opposite is true. Economic backdrop remains weak but fiscal news are picking up and better growth prospects are likely to be priced in for 2026.
Japanese Government Bonds (JGBs)	•	A	JGB yield curve has bear steepened on delays in trade deal with the US, BOJ tapering and fiscal concerns. Our neutral assessment balances low front-end yields and BOJ's normalization bias, with more elevated longer-term interest rates. In fact, long-term duration and market implied real rates are starting to look attractive.

ASSET	VIEW	DELTA	COMMENTARY
Inflation Protected	•		Real rates are now relatively attractive vs nominal rates and may provide a way to balance between duration exposure and potential upside inflation surprises over the coming months.
Global IG	•		Spreads are rich and poised to widen on a slowdown in US consumption - fueled by trade uncertainty, higher tariffs and damage to supply chains and corporate margins. Whilst IG may hold up better than HY, risk-adjusted- and relative-returns are not compelling.
High Yield	•		Spreads have become too rich. Amid heightened trade and financial volatility, weakening energy and industrial commodity prices and reactive Fed policy easing, we expect spreads to rewiden on HY corporates' stalling margins and re-financing pressures. We stay underweight.
EM Debt - Local	•	A	Relatively low FX carry (adjusted for FX underlying volatility) is likely to be offset by high EM real rates and further USD weakness - which will drive further EM monetary easing and price gains through FX as well as duration channels. We shift to 'favorable.'
EM Debt - USD	•		Our neutral view balances a likely softening of global trade in 2025 against decent policy buffers, flexible currencies and a softer tone in the US dollar. Valuations are less expensive in comparison with global IG and HY credits.

Source: BNY Investment Institute as of June 18, 2025. The views presented should not be construed as investment or portfolio construction recommendations, nor a recommendation to buy or sell any security or asset class. This is a summary of our individual asset class views, indicating our views of conviction and relative preferences across a broad-based range of assets classes, and is independent of any specific portfolio construction considerations. The information has been provided without taking into account the investment objective, financial situation or needs of any particular person. Views expressed are those of the Investment Institute and do not reflect views of other managers or the firm overall. This information contains projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, or expectations, and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or expectations will be achieved, and actual results may be significantly different from that shown here. The information in this presentation is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons.



Monthly Snapshot

Global Equities							
(USD, % chg. TR)	Level	MTD	QTD	YTD	1Y	3Y (AR)	2024
MSCI All-Country World		4.5%	11.7%	10.3%	16.7%	17.9%	18.0%
MSCI World - DM		4.3%	11.6%	9.8%	16.8%	18.9%	19.2%
MSCI EAFE		2.2%	12.1%	19.9%	18.3%	16.6%	4.3%
MSCI EM		6.1%	12.2%	15.6%	16.0%	10.2%	8.1%
Country Equities							
(% chg. TR)	Level	MTD	QTD	YTD	1Y	3Y (AR)	2024
US (S&P 500)		5.1%	10.9%	6.2%	15.2%	19.7%	25.0%
US (NASDAQ)		6.6%	18.0%	5.9%	15.7%	23.7%	29.6%
US (Russell 2000)		5.4%	8.5%	-1.8%	7.7%	10.0%	11.5%
Japan (NIKKEI 225 JPY)		6.8%	13.9%	2.6%	4.3%	17.7%	21.3%
EU (STOXX 600 USD Hedged)		-0.5%	4.1%	10.8%	11.0%	15.9%	10.6%
UK (FTSE 100 GBP)		0.0%	3.2%	9.5%	11.3%	11.1%	9.7%
France (CAC 40 EUR)		-0.9%	1.0%	6.8%	5.8%	12.4%	0.9%
Germany (DAX 30 EUR)		-0.4%	7.9%	20.1%	31.1%	23.2%	18.8%
China (MSCI China USD)		3.7%	2.1%	17.5%	34.1%	3.3%	19.7%
Fixed Income							
(USD, % chg.)		MED	0.70	\/TD	437	0)/ /A D)	0004
	Level	MTD	QTD	YTD	1Y	3Y (AR)	2024
Global Treasury ex. US		0.5%	1.9%	1.5%	5.5%	3.6%	4.2%
US Treasury		1.3%	0.8%	3.8%	5.3%	1.5%	0.6%
Global IG Corporate		1.4%	2.0%	3.8%	7.3%	5.0%	3.7%
Global High Yield		1.8%	3.4%	4.7%	11.5%	11.4%	10.7%
S&P Municipal Bond IG		0.9%	1.0%	1.2%	2.9%	2.8%	0.9%
US Leveraged Loans		0.8%	2.3%	2.8%	7.3%	9.7%	9.0%
EM USD Denominated		1.9%	2.5%	4.9%	9.4%	7.7%	6.6%

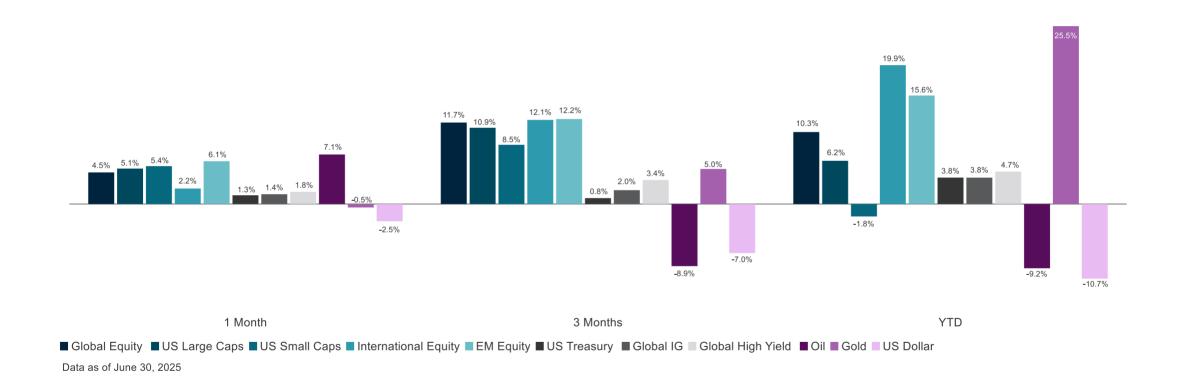
Commodities							
(USD, % chg.)	Level	MTD	QTD	YTD	1Y	3Y (AR)	2024
Bloomberg Commodity Index	251.8	2.4%	-3.1%	5.5%	5.8%	0.1%	5.4%
Oil (WTI, USD / Barrel)	65.1	7.1%	-8.9%	-9.2%	-20.1%	-14.9%	0.1%
Gold (USD / Troy Ounce)	3277.3	-0.5%	5.0%	25.5%	40.8%	21.8%	26.6%
Spreads							
(OAS, bp chg.)	Level	MTD	QTD	YTD	1Y	3Y	2024
US IG Corporate	0.83%	-5	-11	3	-11	-72	-19
US High Yield	2.90%	-24	-57	3	-19	-279	-36
EM USD Denominated	2.20%	-4	-16	0	-42	-187	-77
Key Rates (bp chg.)							
(bp crig.)	Level	MTD	QTD	YTD	1Y	3Y	2024
SOFR	4.45%	10	4	-4	-88	295	-89
2Y US Treasury	3.72%	-18	-16	-52	-103	77	-1
10Y US Treasury	4.23%	-17	2	-34	-17	122	69
10Y German Bund	2.61%	11	-13	24	11	127	34
10Y UK Gilt	4.49%	-16	-19	-8	32	226	103
10Y Japanese Bond	1.43%	-7	-6	33	38	120	49
US 30Y Fixed Rate Mortgage	6.80%	-21	-3	-48	-46	97	29
Foreign Exchange							
(vs. USD, % chg.)	Level	MTD	QTD	YTD	1Y	3Y (AR)	2024
USD - Majors Dollar Index	96.9	-2.5%	-7.0%	-10.7%	-8.5%	-2.6%	7.1%
Euro	1.2	3.9%	9.0%	13.8%	10.0%	4.0%	-6.2%
British Pound	1.4	2.0%	6.3%	9.7%	8.6%	4.1%	-1.7%
Japanese Yen	144.0	0.0%	-4.0%	-8.4%	-10.5%	2.0%	11.5%

Data as of June 30, 2025



Asset Class Performance

Asset Class Returns





GLOBAL MACRO

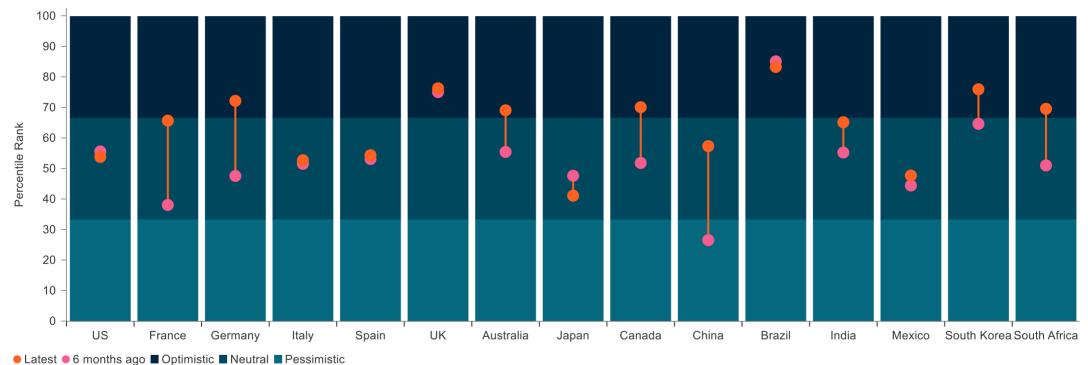




Global Growth

Cross-Country Economic Barometer

Percentile rank relative to historic data. OECD Composite leading indicator.



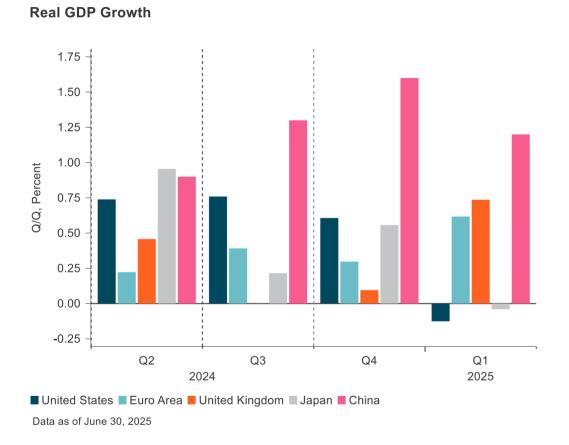
Latest • 6 months ago • Optimistic • Neutral • Pessimist

Data as of June 30, 2025

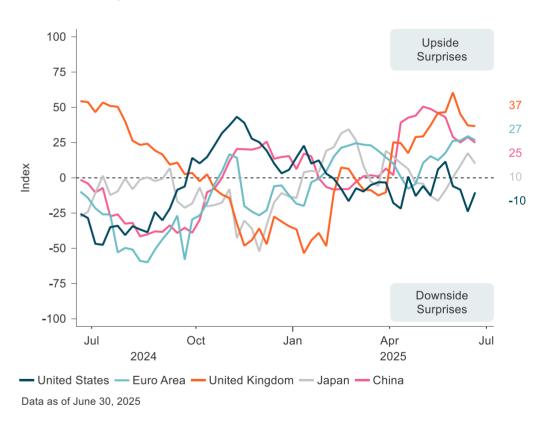


Global Growth

Ciobai Ciowti



Economic Surprise Indexes

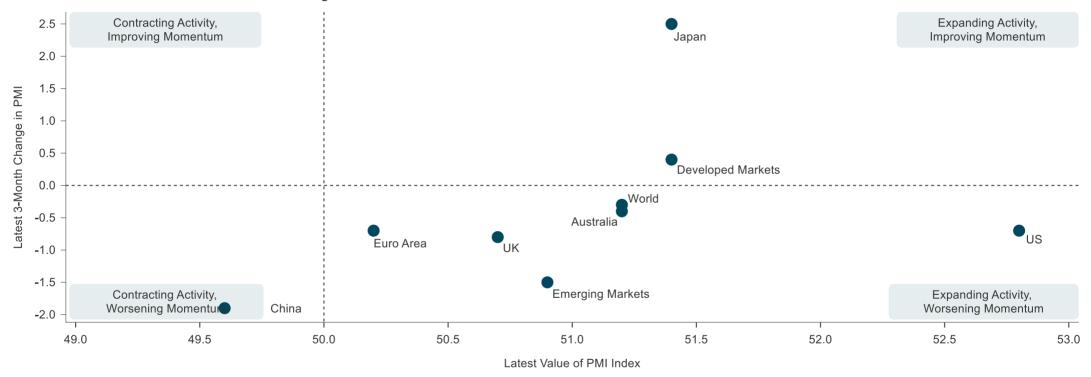




Global Activity Indicators

Global Composite PMIs

Latest PMI value relative to latest 3-month change



Data as of June 30, 2025



Global Activity Heatmap

Global Composite PMIs

Region	Indicator	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24	Apr-24	May-24	Jun-24	Jul-24	Aug-24	Sep-24	Oct-24	Nov-24	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Jun-25
Americas	US	52.0	52.5	52.1	51.3	54.5	54.8	54.3	54.6	54.0	54.1	54.9	55.4	52.7	51.6	53.5	50.6	53.0	52.8
	Canada*	48.3	49.7	49.8	49.4	49.3	49.3	47.8	49.5	50.4	51.1	52.0	52.2	51.6	47.8	46.3	45.3	46.1	
	Mexico*	50.2	52.3	52.2	51.0	51.2	51.1	49.6	48.5	47.3	48.4	49.9	49.8	49.1	47.6	46.5	44.8	46.7	
	Brazil	53.2	55.1	55.1	54.8	54.0	54.1	56.0	52.9	55.2	55.9	53.5	51.5	48.2	51.2	52.6	49.4	49.1	
Europe	UK	52.9	53.0	52.8	54.1	53.0	52.3	52.8	53.8	52.6	51.8	50.5	50.4	50.6	50.5	51.5	48.5	50.3	50.7
	Germany	47.0	46.3	47.7	50.6	52.4	50.4	49.1	48.4	47.5	48.6	47.2	48.0	50.5	50.4	51.3	50.1	48.5	50.4
	France	44.6	48.1	48.3	50.5	48.9	48.8	49.1	53.1	48.6	48.1	45.9	47.5	47.6	45.1	48.0	47.8	49.3	48.5
	Italy	50.7	51.1	53.5	52.6	52.3	51.3	50.3	50.8	49.7	51.0	47.7	49.7	49.7	51.9	50.5	52.1	52.5	
	Spain	51.5	53.9	55.3	55.7	56.6	55.8	53.4	53.5	56.3	55.2	53.2	56.8	54.0	55.1	54.0	52.5	51.4	
	Greece*	54.7	55.7	56.9	55.2	54.9	54.0	53.2	52.9	50.3	51.2	50.9	53.2	52.8	52.6	55.0	53.2	53.2	
	Poland*	47.1	47.9	48.0	45.9	45.0	45.0	47.3	47.8	48.6	49.2	48.9	48.2	48.8	50.6	50.7	50.2	47.1	
Asia	Japan	51.5	50.6	51.7	52.3	52.6	49.7	52.5	52.9	52.0	49.6	50.1	50.5	51.1	52.0	48.9	51.2	50.2	51.4
	China	52.5	52.5	52.7	52.8	54.1	52.8	51.2	51.2	50.3	51.9	52.3	51.4	51.1	51.5	51.8	51.1	49.6	
	Australia	49.0	52.1	53.3	53.0	52.1	50.7	49.9	51.7	49.6	50.2	50.2	50.2	51.1	50.6	51.6	51.0	50.5	51.2
	India	61.2	60.6	61.8	61.5	60.5	60.9	60.7	60.7	58.3	59.1	58.6	59.2	57.7	58.8	59.5	59.7	59.3	61.0

Data as of June 30, 2025.

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. The Purchasing Manager's Index (PMI) is an index of the prevailing direction of economic trends in the manufacturing and service sectors. It consists of a diffusion index that summarizes whether market conditions, as viewed by purchasing managers, are expanding, staying the same, or contracting.

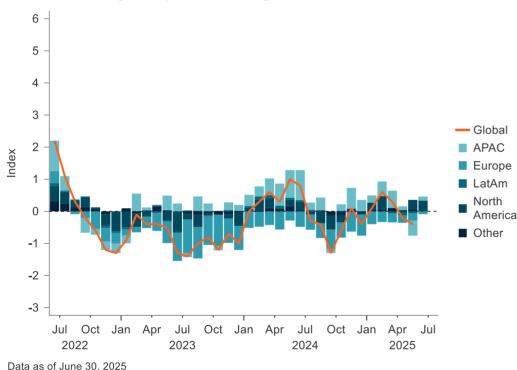


^{*}Manufacturing PMI in place of composite due to availability

Global Activity Indicators

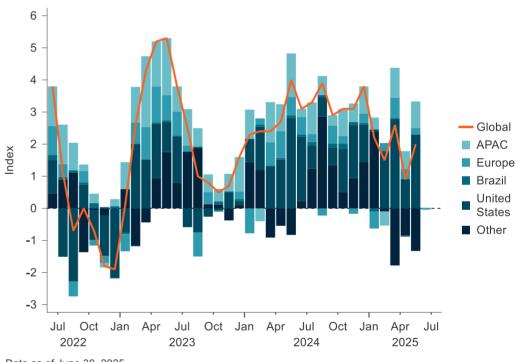
Global Manufacturing PMI

Re-centered at 0 as neutral; Contributions weighted by manufacturing value added



Global Services PMI

Re-centered at 0 as neutral; Contributions weighted by services value added

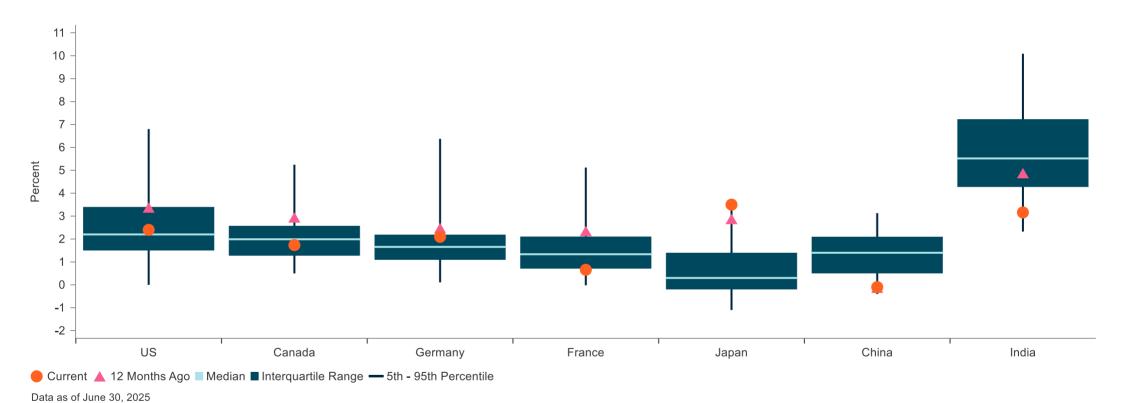


Data as of June 30, 2025



Global Inflation

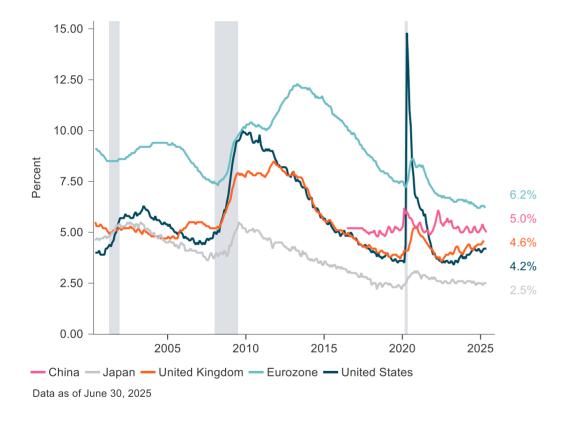
Global Year-Over-Year Inflation



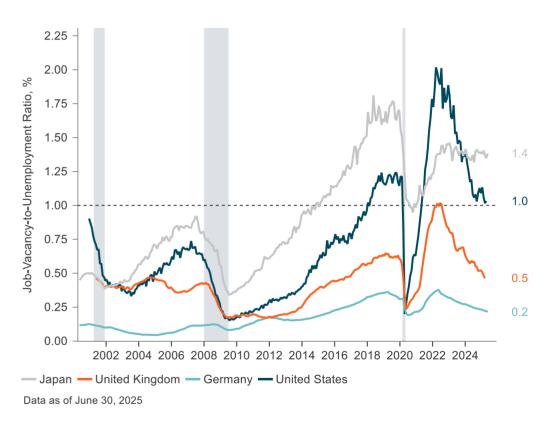


Global Labor

Unemployment Rate



Job Vacancy to Unemployment Ratio



Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Shaded areas represent US recessions as defined by National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER)



Global Labor



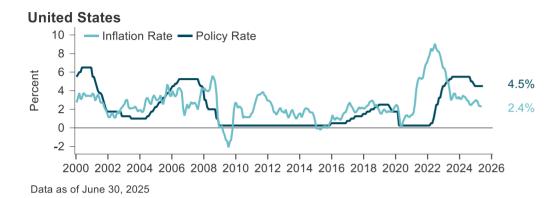
Real Wage Growth 6-month moving average Y/Y Percent 2.7% 2.0% 1.3% 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022 2024 — Japan — United Kingdom — Germany — United States

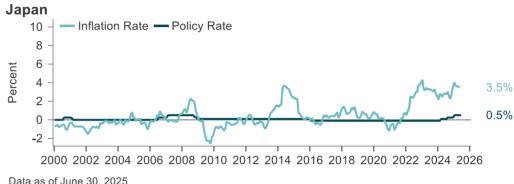
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Shaded areas represent US recessions as defined by National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

Data as of June 30, 2025

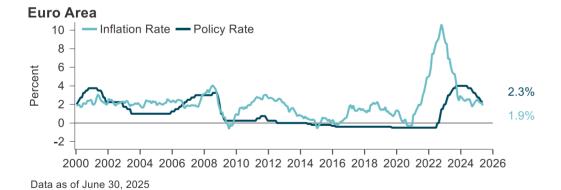


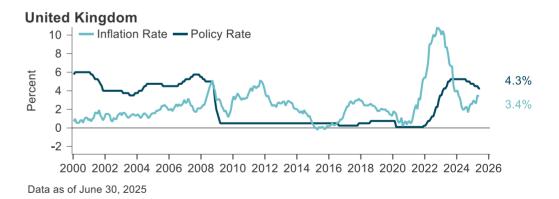
Global Monetary Policy





Data as of June 30, 2025



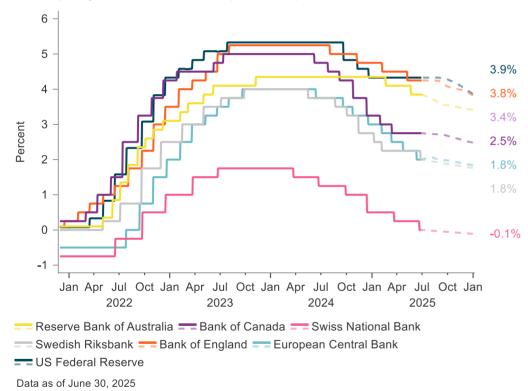




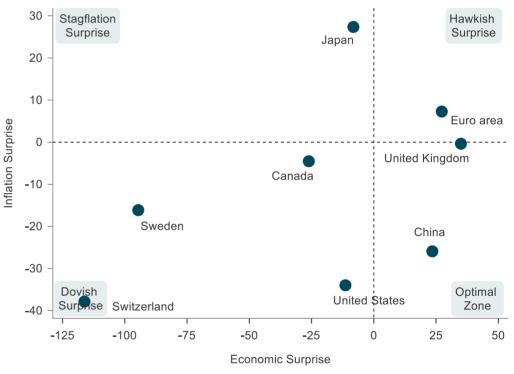
Global Central Banks

Major Central Banks Policy Rates

Actual policy rates and market-implied rate paths



Economic & Inflation Data Surprises



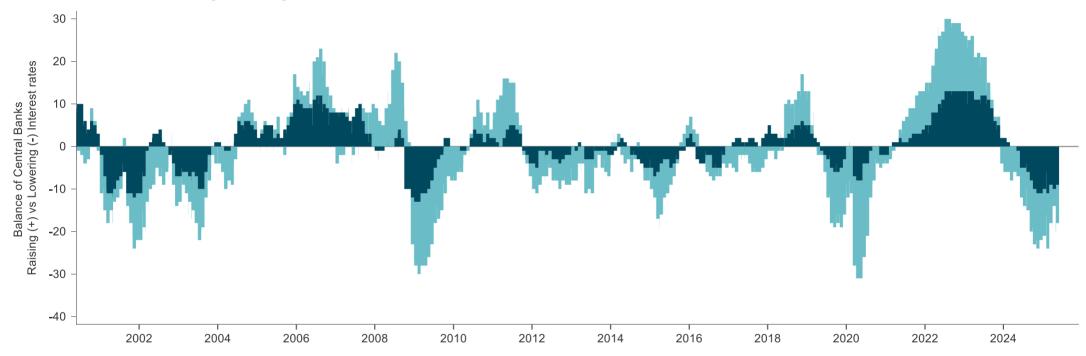
Data as of June 30, 2025



Global Central Banks

Global Monetary Policy Cycle

Number of central banks raising vs. cutting interest rates



■ Emerging Market Central Banks ■ Developed Market Central Banks

Data as of June 30, 2025



Interest Rate Expectations for Major Central Banks

Expectations of rate cuts over the next 12-months



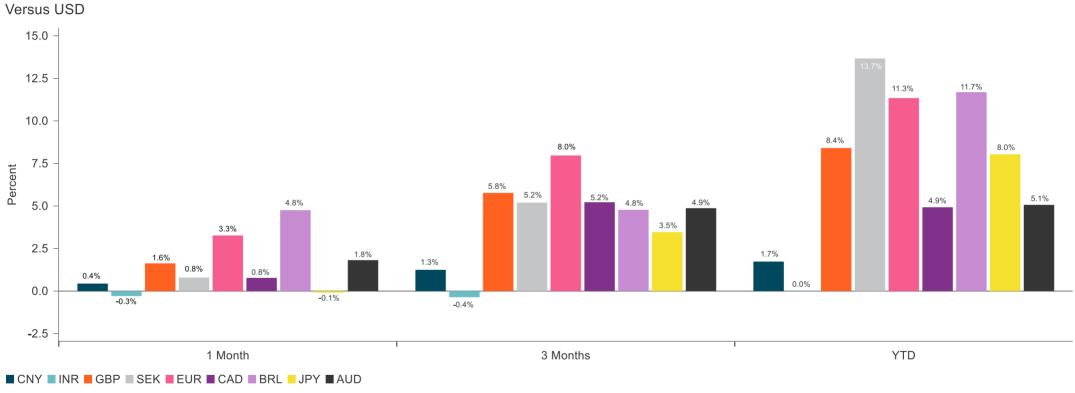
Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. For illustrative purposes only.



Global Currencies

Global Currency Returns



Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. CNY: Chinese Yuan. INR: Indian Rupee. GBP: Pound Sterling. SEK: Swedish Krona. EUR: Euro. CAD: Canadian Dollar. BRL: Brazilian Real. JPY: Japanese Yen. AUD: Australian Dollar.



EMEA MACRO





Growth by Country Heatmap

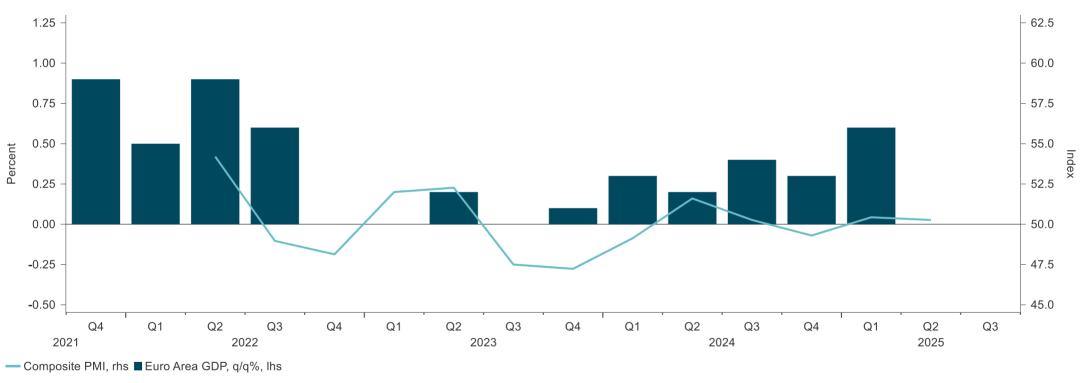
Country	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q1 2023	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022
United Kingdom	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.9	- 0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.7
Switzerland	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.2	- 0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.1
Germany	0.4	- 0.2	0.1	-0.3	0.2	-0.4	0.2	- 0.2	0.1	- 0.5	0.6	0.0	0.2
France	0.1	-0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.4	-0.1
Italy	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	- 0.2	0.5	-0.1	0.3	1.5	0.7
Spain	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.7	1.3
Netherlands	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.3	-0.6	-0.4	- 0.5	-0.2	0.1	2.3	1.3
Poland	0.7	1.4	0.1	1.5	0.8	-0.3	1.9	- 0.6	1.0	-1.6	0.5	-1.1	3.3
Belgium	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	1.3	0.7
Sweden	-0.2	0.5	0.6	0.0	1.0	- 0.7	0.5	- 0.8	1.3	- 0.9	-0.5	0.8	-0.3
Ireland	9.7	5.0	3.8	1.4	- 0.8	-1.3	- 2.2	0.1	-6.6	0.4	2.6	3.3	2.9
Austria	0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	0.1	-0.6	-0.8	-0.4	- 0.7	0.0	-0.1	2.8	0.3
Denmark	-1.3	1.2	0.8	1.6	0.6	1.9	-0.2	- 1.5	1.3	- 1.3	1.3	1.8	- 5.3
Romania	0.0	0.5	-0.2	0.3	- 0.2	0.1	0.6	1.3	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.1	2.9
Czech Republic	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.4	-0.4	0.3	0.2	-0.4	0.1	0.3	0.9
Portugal	- 0.5	1.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	-0.1	0.2	1.4	0.5	1.0	0.4	1.7
Finland	0.0	-0.1	0.8	0.3	0.8	-0.3	- 1.6	0.2	0.5	- 0.9	- 0.2	0.3	- 0.7
Greece	0.0	0.8	0.2	1.1	0.3	0.6	0.1	1.2	0.1	0.8	1.0	0.2	2.1
Hungary	- 0.2	0.6	- 0.7	- 0.2	0.4	-0.4	1.4	0.2	-0.4	-1.0	-1.1	1.0	1.3
Slovakia	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	-0.4	-0.3
Croatia	0.3	1.2	0.5	1.1	0.9	1.7	-0.4	2.2	1.5	- 0.9	0.6	1.1	2.9
Luxembourg	-1.0	1.3	- 1.2	0.5	1.3	- 0.7	0.5	- 0.3	- 1.5	-1.4	0.4	- 0.8	-0.4
Lithuania	0.4	1.0	1.2	0.4	1.3	-0.3	0.2	1.6	-0.8	-0.1	1.0	-1.6	1.0
Slovenia	-0.8	0.3	0.2	-0.5	0.9	0.6	-0.1	1.4	0.7	0.4	-0.1	0.7	-0.1
Estonia	-0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.6	- 0.5	-0.1	-1.3	-1.1	-0.4	-1.7	0.5
Latvia	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	-0.1	-0.2	-0.5	0.7	-0.3	1.5	0.9	0.1	0.0	-0.6

Data as of June 30, 2025



Growth

Euro Area GDP & Composite PMI



Data as of June 30, 2025



Inflation Heatmap

Euro Area Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) Inflation

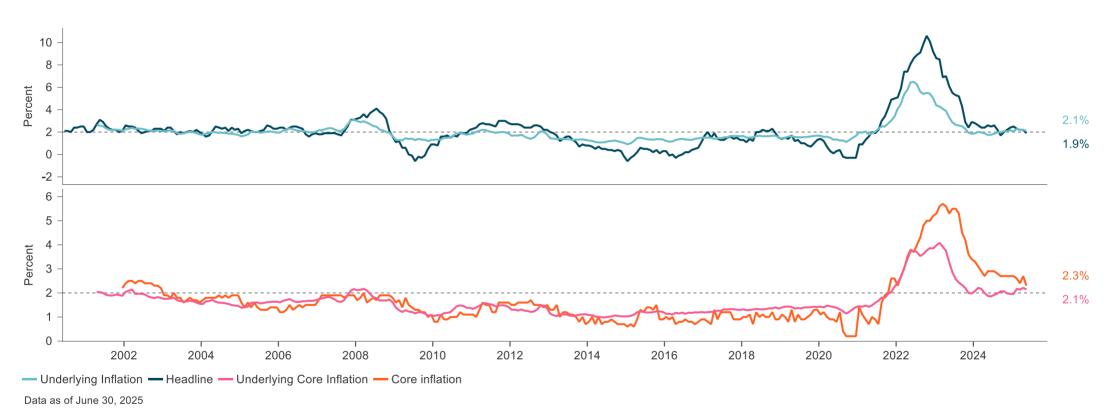
Components	Weights	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24	Apr-24	May-2	Jun-24	Jul-24	Aug-24	Sep-24	Oct-24	Nov-24	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-2 5
All-Items HICP	100.0	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.2	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.9
Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages	15.5	6.1	5.4	3.3	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.9
Food	14.1	6.0	5.3	3.1	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.2	2.3	2.4
Non-Alcoholic Beverages	1.5	6.9	6.6	5.4	4.6	4.3	3.6	3.5	3.7	4.4	4.2	4.7	4.9	5.4	5.2	5.8	6.3	6.9	8.2
Alcoholic Beverages, Tobacco & Narcotics	3.8	6.1	6.6	6.6	5.2	5.3	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.6	5.5	5.8	5.2	4.6	4.5	3.9	4.4
Alcoholic Beverages	1.6	5.5	5.2	4.3	3.0	2.8	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.2	0.2	1.1
Tobacco	2.1	6.5	7.6	8.5	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.8	8.3	8.4	8.6	9.0	9.0	9.2	8.2	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.9
Clothing & Footwear	4.8	2.3	1.9	2.2	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.2	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.4	0.7	-0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1
Housing	14.7	-2.8	-1.2	-0.4	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.7	2.6	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.7	2.9	2.3	2.2
Actual Rentals for Housing	5.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0
Maintenance & Repair of the Dwelling	1.1	4.7	3.8	3.4	3.3	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7
Water Supply & Misc. Dwelling Services	2.3	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.1
Electricity, Gas & Other Fuels	5.4	-11.9	-8.0	-6.1	-3.8	-2.9	-2.5	-0.5	1.6	0.1	-0.5	0.2	1.9	2.5	3.2	1.9	2.5	0.9	0.4
Furnishing	6.1	2.7	1.9	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.0	-0.3	-0.4	-0.5	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.5
Furniture & Furnishings	2.1	2.7	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	-0.2	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.6	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	-0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.5
Household Textiles	0.4	1.6	0.5	0.0	-0.6	-0.6	-0.9	-0.9	-2.2	-2.3	-2.5	-2.5	-1.4	-0.9	-1.4	-0.4	0.5	0.0	0.2
Household Appliances	0.9	0.3	-0.5	-0.6	-1.0	-1.7	-1.6	-1.4	-1.8	-1.6	-1.4	-1.5	-1.4	-2.3	-1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-1.4	-1.4
Glassware, Tableware & Household Utensils	0.5	2.6	2.0	0.7	0.4	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	-0.8	-1.4	-1.8	-1.2	-0.6	-1.1	-1.0	-0.7	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2
Tools & Equipment for House & Garden	0.5	1.8	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.1
Goods & Services for Routine Maintenance	1.7	4.4	3.4	2.8	2.6	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.7
Health	5.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	2.7
Transport	15.4	2.5	0.9	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.8	2.0	1.7	-0.1	-2.1	-1.3	-0.1	1.2	2.0	1.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.8
Purchase of Vehicles	4.3	2.8	2.3	2.2	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.5
Operation of Personal Transport Equipment	8.5	3.3	1.0	2.2	2.8	3.4	4.0	2.6	2.3	-1.5	-4.4	-3.3	-1.6	0.3	1.7	0.6	-1.0	-2.9	-2.6
Transport Services	2.7	-1.2	-1.2	-1.2	0.4	-3.4	1.2	1.4	0.4	3.3	2.1	3.2	4.3	4.3	4.0	2.7	0.9	7.8	1.9
Communications	2.6	-0.4	-1.2	-1.6	-1.9	-2.0	-2.1	-1.8	-2.1	-2.4	-3.3	-3.5	-3.1	-3.6	-3.1	-3.2	-2.8	-3.0	-3.5
Recreation & Culture	9.1	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.5	2.8	2.3	1.6	2.3	1.3
Education	1.0	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9
Restaurants & Hotels	11.3	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.3	4.9	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.6
Catering Services	9.0	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8
Accommodation Services	2.4	5.8	5.0	5.1	5.7	4.1	6.1	6.0	4.6	4.9	5.3	4.7	4.9	5.5	5.3	4.6	4.1	5.1	3.2
Miscellaneous Goods & Services	10.4	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.1	4.2

Data as of June 30, 2025.



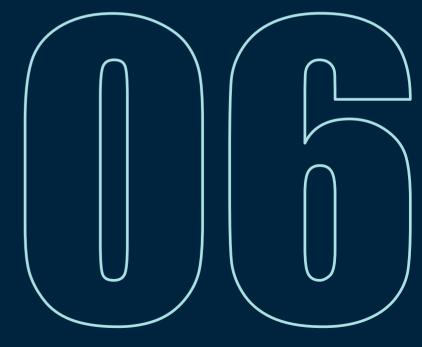
Inflation

Euro Area Inflation & Underlying Inflation Trend





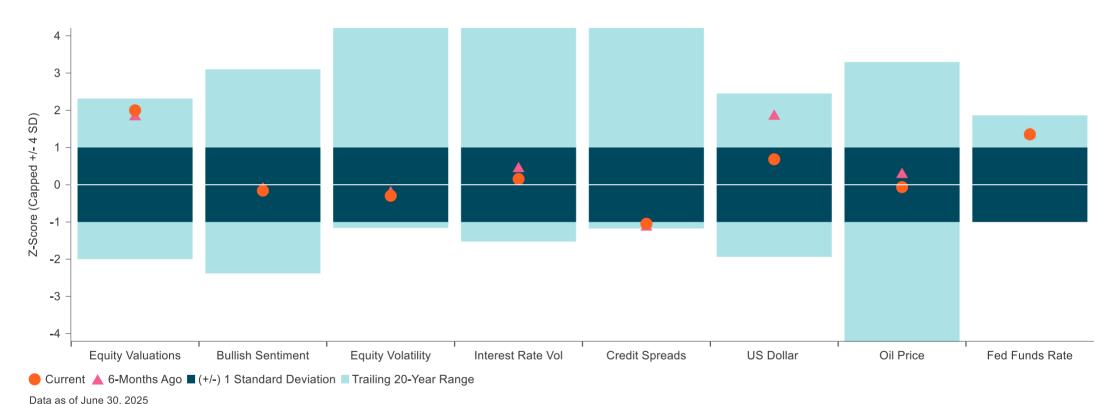
US MACRO





Key Market Indicators

Market Indicators



Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Data has been standardized for illustrative purposes over a period of the trailing 20 years as of date in chart above.



Data Tracker Heatmap

Macro Data Tracker

Theme	Indicator	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24	Apr-24	May-24	Jun-24	Jul-24	Aug-24	Sep-24	Oct-24	Nov-24	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Jun-25
Growth	GDPNow Forecast	3.0	3.0	2.3	3.9	2.7	2.2	2.8	2.5	3.1	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.9	-1.5	-2.8	2.4	3.8	
	Industrial Production	-1.1	1.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.6	0.3	-0.7	0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	1.1	-0.1	1.0	-0.2	0.1	-0.2	
	Housing Starts (M)	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	
Inflation	PCE YoY	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.3	
	Core PCE YoY	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	
	CPI YoY	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.4	
	Core CPI YoY	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.8	
	Inflation Expectations: 1Y	2.2	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.8	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.0	
Consumer	Retail Sales	-0.8	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.7	-0.3	1.2	-0.2	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8	-0.9	0.0	1.5	-0.1	-0.9	
	Personal Income	1.4	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	-0.4	
	Savings Rate	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.3	4.2	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.5	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.9	4.5	
	Confidence	110.9	104.8	103.1	97.5	101.3	97.8	101.9	105.6	99.2	109.6	112.8	109.5	105.3	100.1	93.9	85.7	98.4	93.0
	Sentiment	79.0	76.9	79.4	77.2	69.1	68.2	66.4	67.9	70.1	70.5	71.8	74.0	71.7	64.7	57.0	52.2	52.2	60.7
Employment	NFP (K, net chg.)	119.0	222.0	246.0	118.0	193.0	87.0	88.0	71.0	240.0	44.0	261.0	323.0	111.0	102.0	120.0	147.0	139.0	
	Initial Jobless Claims (K)	214.0	212.0	223.0	229.0	229.0	238.0	234.0	228.0	259.0	221.0	225.0	205.0	222.0	224.0	224.0	229.0	248.0	
	Unemployment Rate	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	
	Sahm Rule	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Earnings	S&P 500 NTM EPS	-2.5	3.1	0.6	0.2	3.3	-0.9	4.1	0.3	-0.8	-1.4	4.3	0.2	-0.1	2.3	-2.5	2.7	-1.3	2.1
Yield Curve	UST 2s10s (bp)	-28.0	-39.0	-39.0	-35.0	-38.0	-35.0	-20.0	0.0	15.0	12.0	5.0	33.0	36.0	25.0	34.0	57.0	52.0	52.0
Recession	Recession Probability	61.5	58.3	58.3	50.0	51.8	55.8	56.3	61.8	57.1	42.1	33.6	29.4	23.2	27.0	30.2	30.5	28.3	

Data as of June 30, 2025

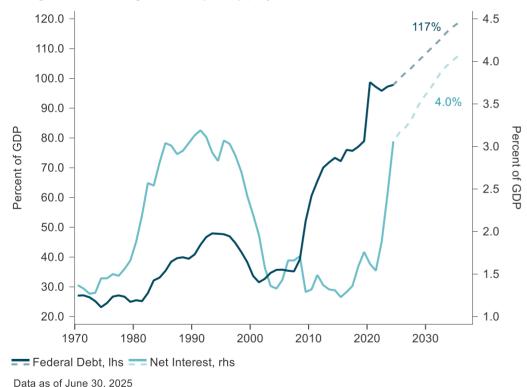
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Sahm Recession indicator signals the start of a recession when the three-month moving average of the national unemployment rate rises by 0.5 percentage points or more relative to the minimum of the three-month averages from the previous 12 months. Yield Curve defined as difference between 10-year Treasury yield and 2-year Treasury yield. Abbreviations: M, million; K, thousand; YoY, year-over-year; NTM, next-twelve months; EPS, earnings per share; bp, basis points.



Federal Finances

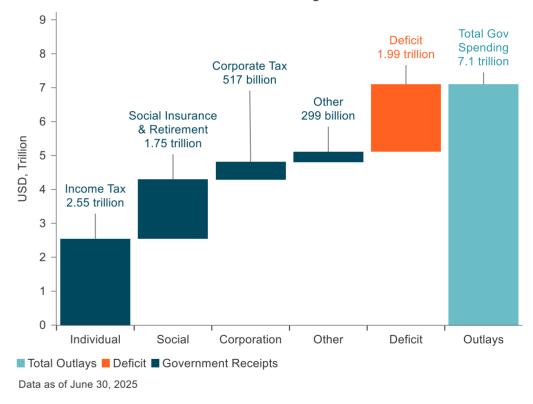
Federal Debt & Net Interest Cost

Congressional Budget Office (CBO) projections



US Government Receipts vs. Outlays (Trailing 12-months)

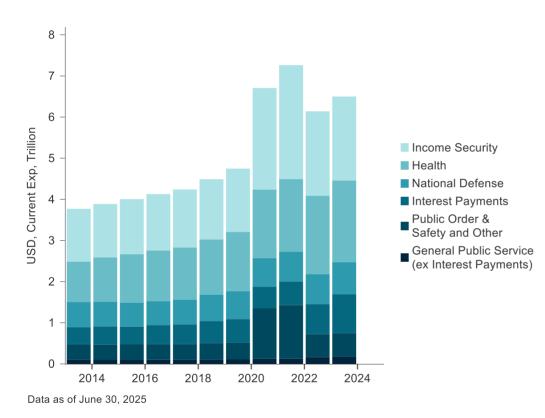
Annual statistics calculated on 12 month rolling sum basis



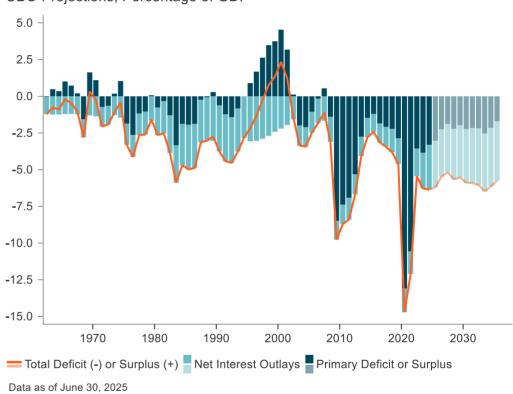


Federal Finances

Federal Government Budget



Total Deficits, Primary Deficits, and Net Interest Outlays CBO Projections, Percentage of GDP



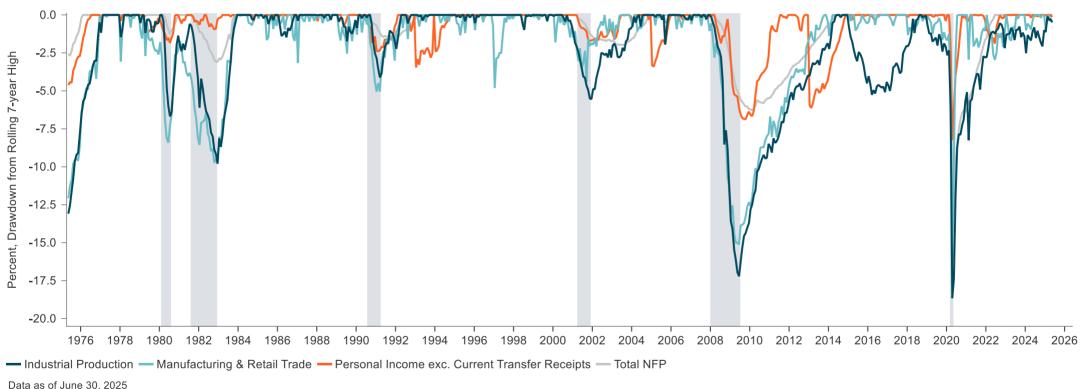
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Right chart: shaded areas represent US recessions as defined by National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).



Recession Watch

Four Key US Recession Indicators





Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Shaded areas represent US recessions as defined by National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).



Inflation

Contribution to Headline CPI Inflation

All Items, Contribution to Year-on-Year % Change

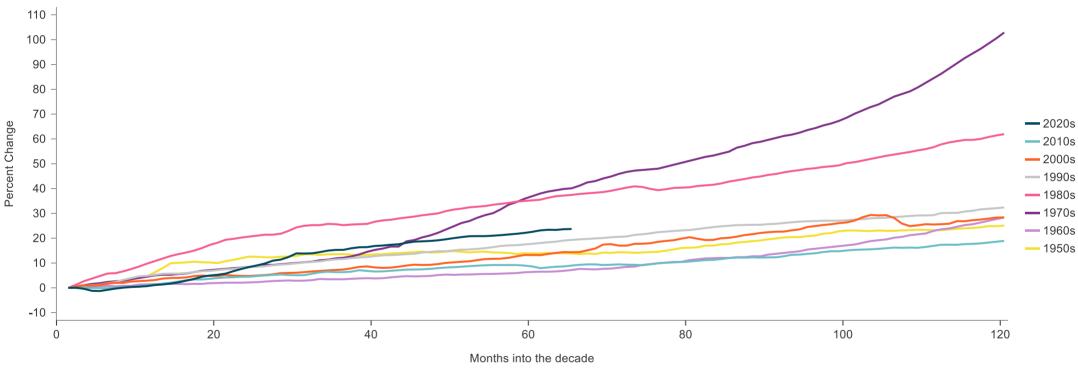


Data as of June 30, 2025



Inflation History

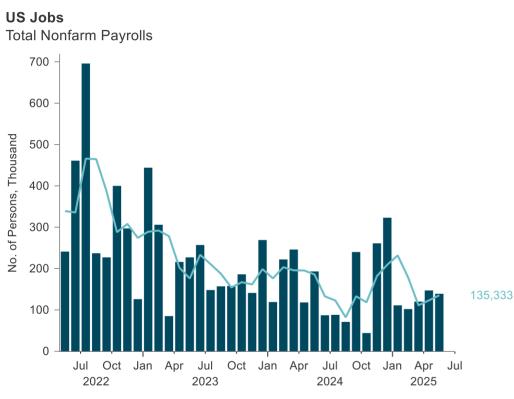
US Total Inflation by Decade



Data as of June 30, 2025



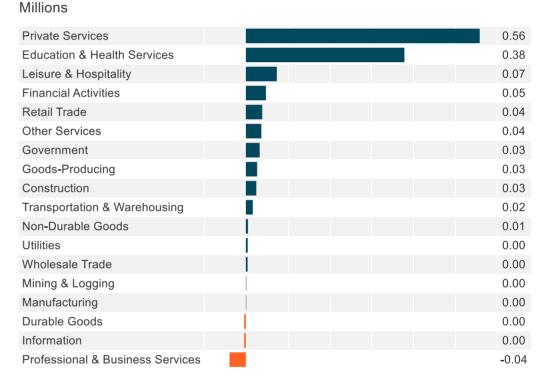
Labor



— 3-Month, Moving Average ■ 1-Month, Net Change

Data as of June 30, 2025

US Jobs YTD



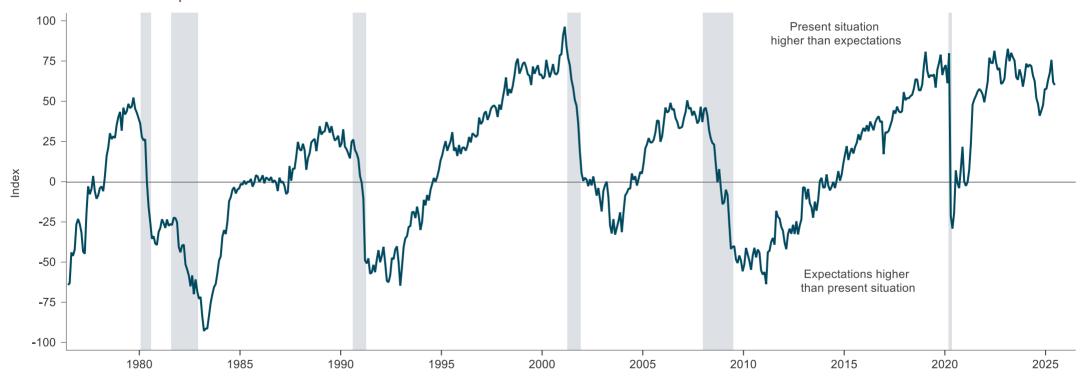
Data as of June 30, 2025



Consumer Confidence

Consumer Confidence Spread

Current situation minus expectations

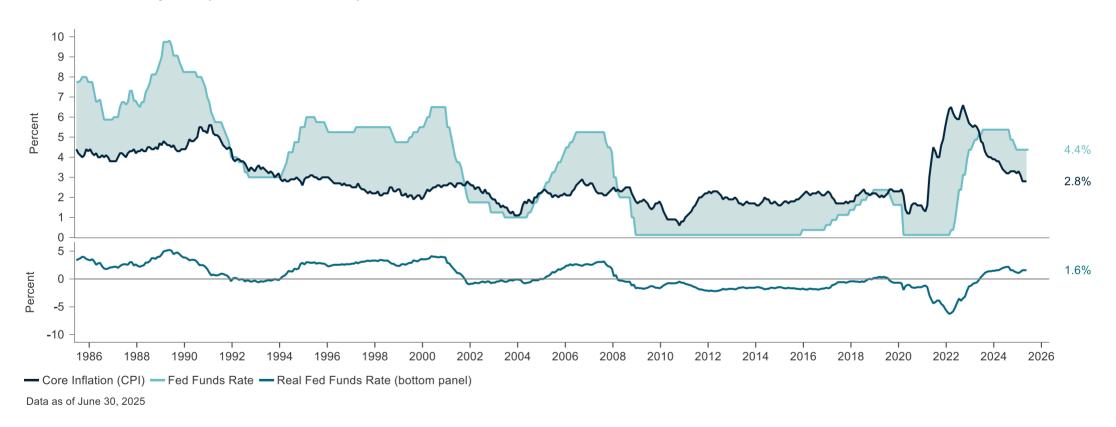


Data as of June 30, 2025

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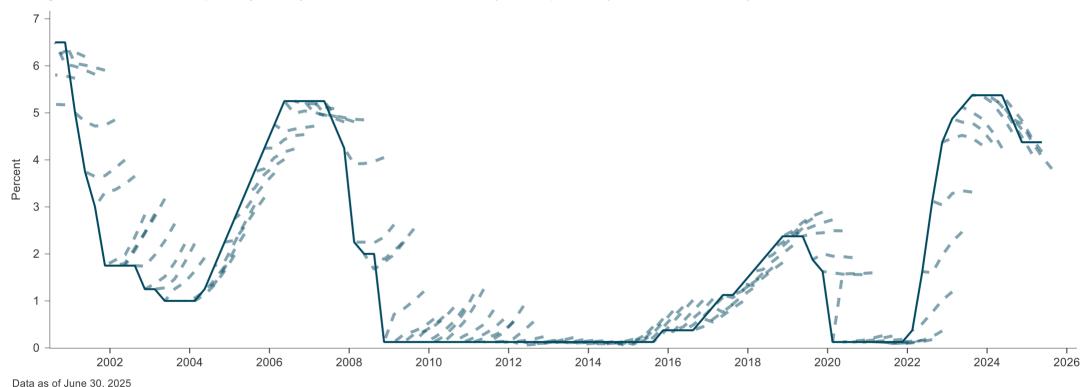
US Inflation & Policy Rate (Real Fed Funds Rate)





Fed Funds Rate & Previous Market Expectations

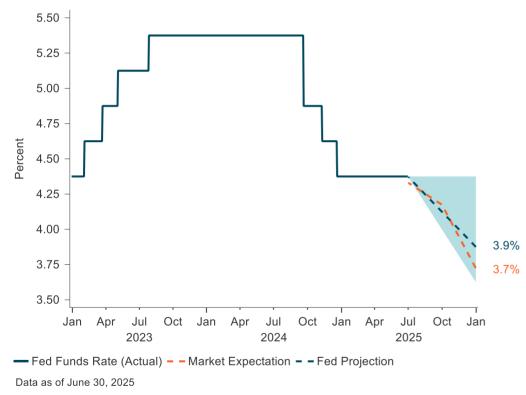
Average consensus from the quarterly Survey of Professional Forecasters (Philadelphia Fed); Forecast denoted by dashed lines



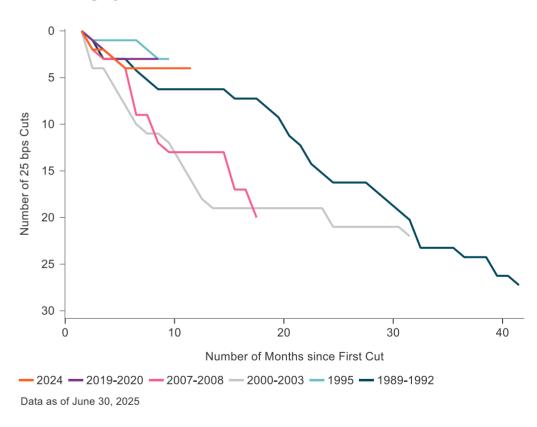


Fed Projections vs. Market

Projections based on latest Summary of Economic Projections (SEP)

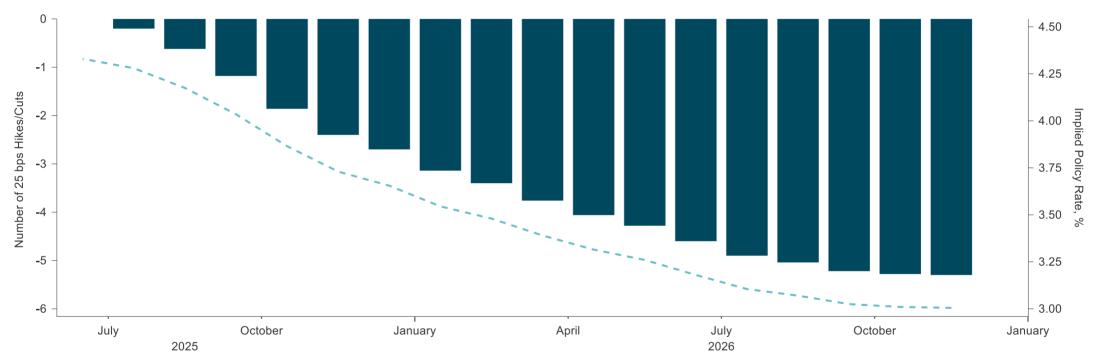


Fed Cutting Cycles Since 1990





Market Expected Hikes/Cuts from US Federal Reserve (Fed)



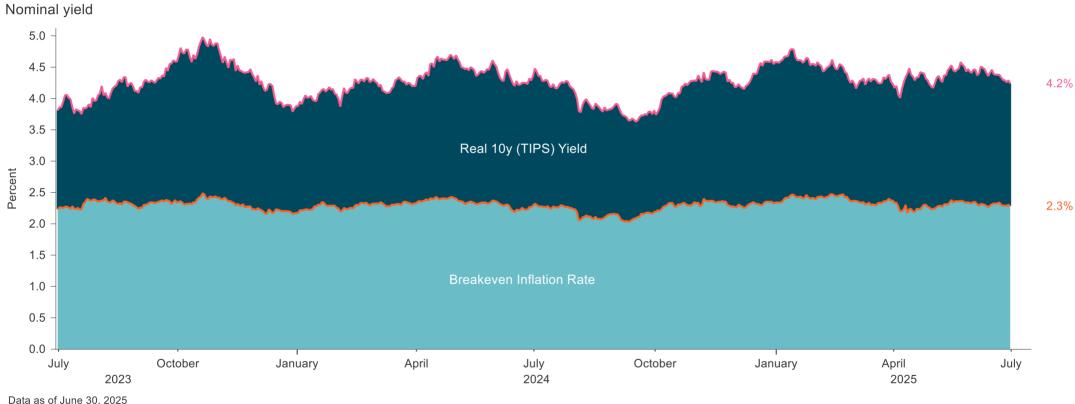
- - Implied Fed Funds Rate, rhs ■ Number of Implied Hikes/Cuts, Ihs

Data as of June 30, 2025



US Treasury 10-year Yields

US 10-year Treasury Yield & Components

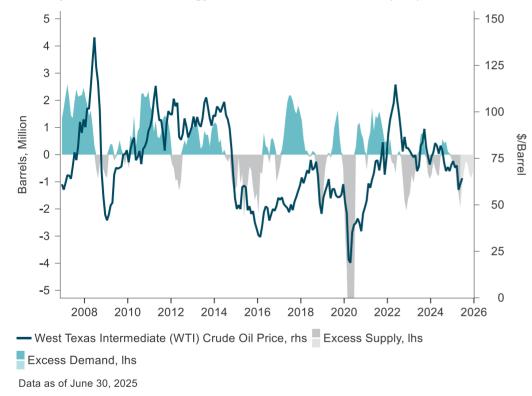




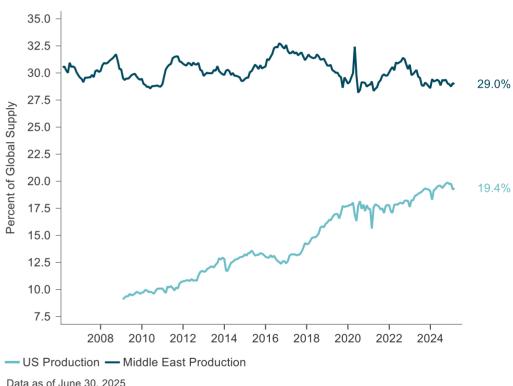
Commodities

Oil Market Demand/Supply Balance & Prices

Monthly Data from US Energy Information Administration (EIA)



Global Oil Supply



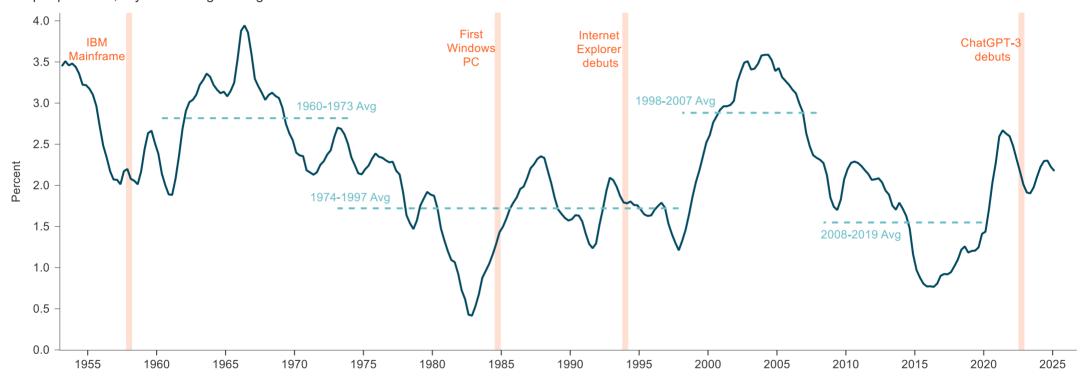
Data as of June 30, 2025



Productivity

US Labor Productivity Growth

Output per Hour, 5-year Moving Average



Data as of June 30, 2025

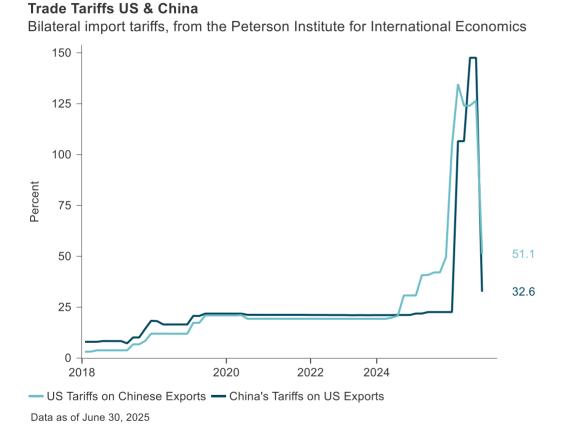


APAC MACRO





Sino-US tariffs stabilizing, Asia FX rallying on hedging & repatriation.

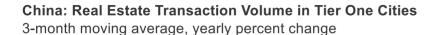


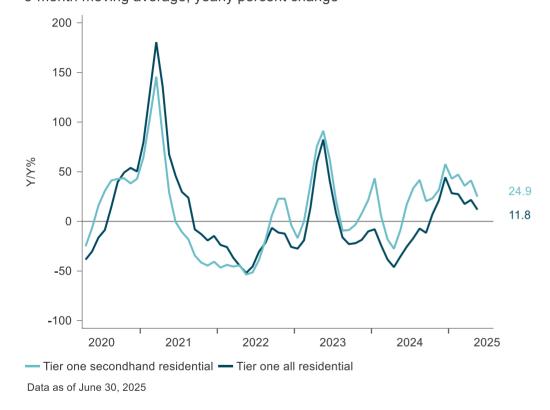




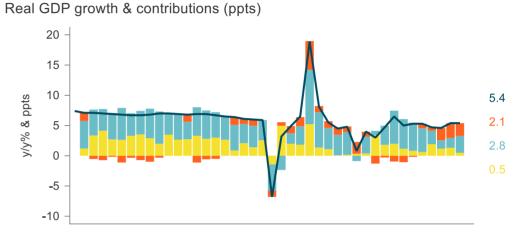


China's property stabilization is waning & high net exports is a vulnerability in 2H'25.

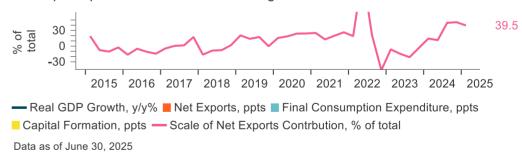




China GDP Growth (y/y%) & Expenditure Contributions (ppts)

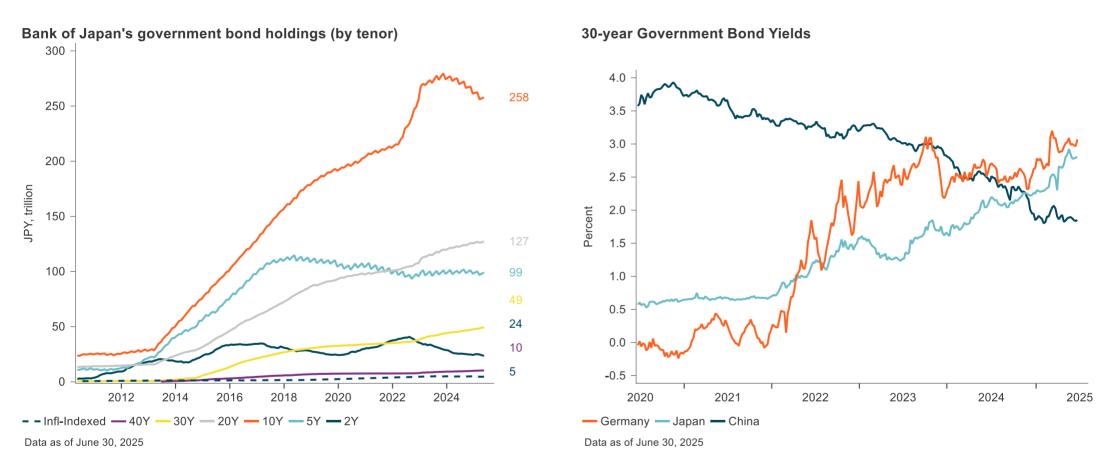


Net exports percent contribution to real growth





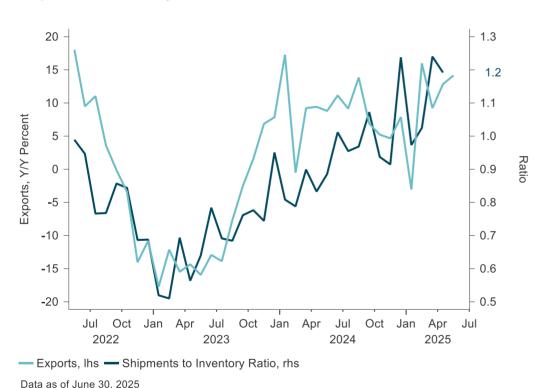
Japan's tapering has been in 5Y to 10Y JGBs, but long end yields have risen more than justified.



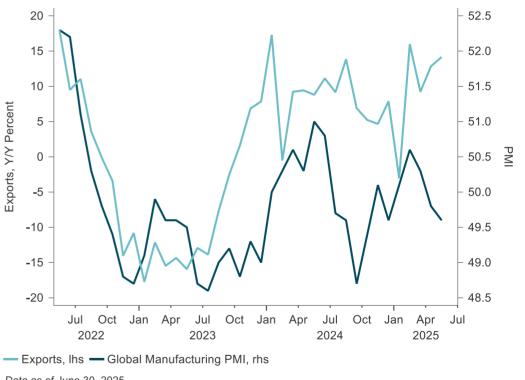


APAC electronics exports remain strong but are diverging from overall global manufacturing PMIs.

Growth in the Exports of Korea & Taiwan vs Their Average Shipment-to-Inventory Ratio



Growth in the Exports of Korea, Taiwan vs Global Manufacturing PMI



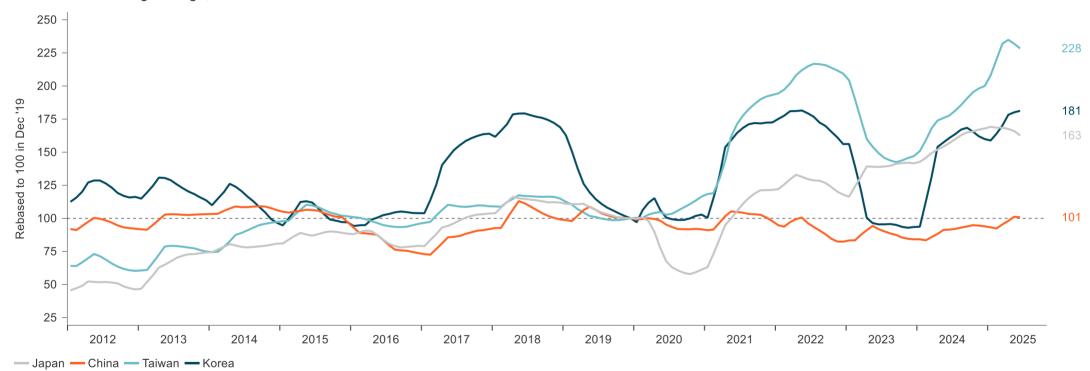
Data as of June 30, 2025



APAC forward earnings picking up (sequentially) in Korea, slowing elsewhere.

EPS Trends: Taiwan, Korea, China & Japan

Three-month moving average, rebased to 100 in December 2019



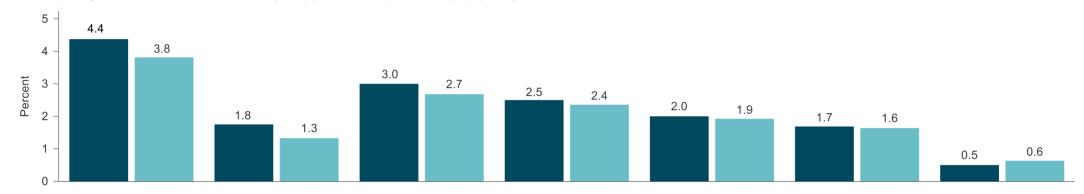
Data as of June 30, 2025



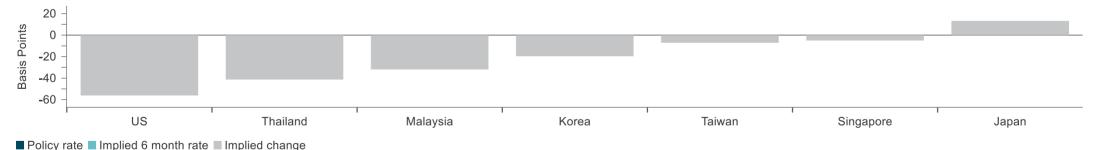
Swap markets anticipating sizable cuts in most of APAC in 6-months time, but hikes in Japan.

APAC & US Rates, and 6 Month Market Implied Rate

Current policy/short-term rate & 6 month (swap) market implied rate (top pane)



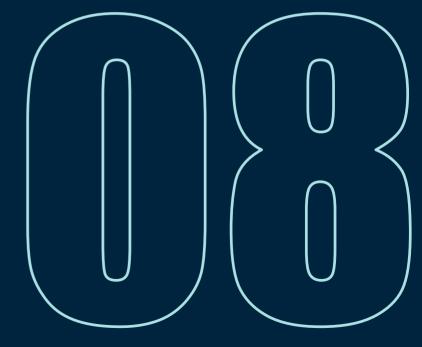
Implied change in short-term rate, 6 months from now (bottom pane)



Data as of June 30, 2025



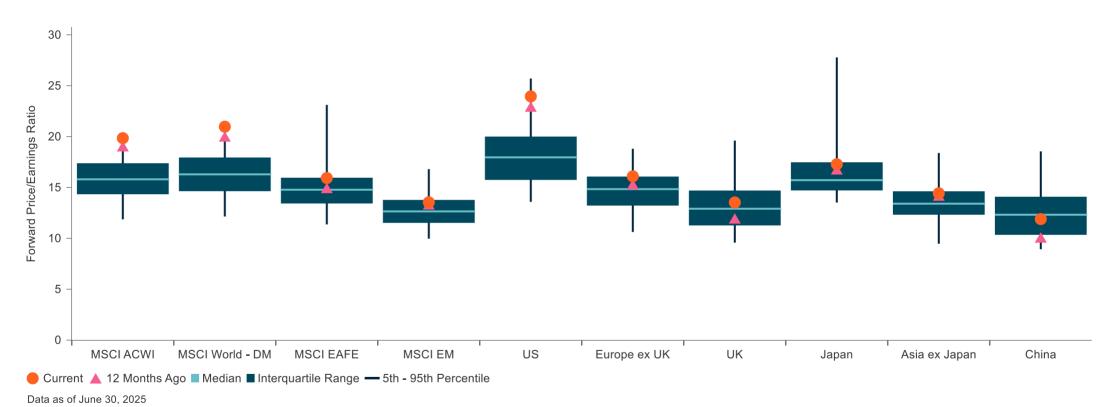
GLOBAL EQUITIES





Global Valuations

Regional Valuations

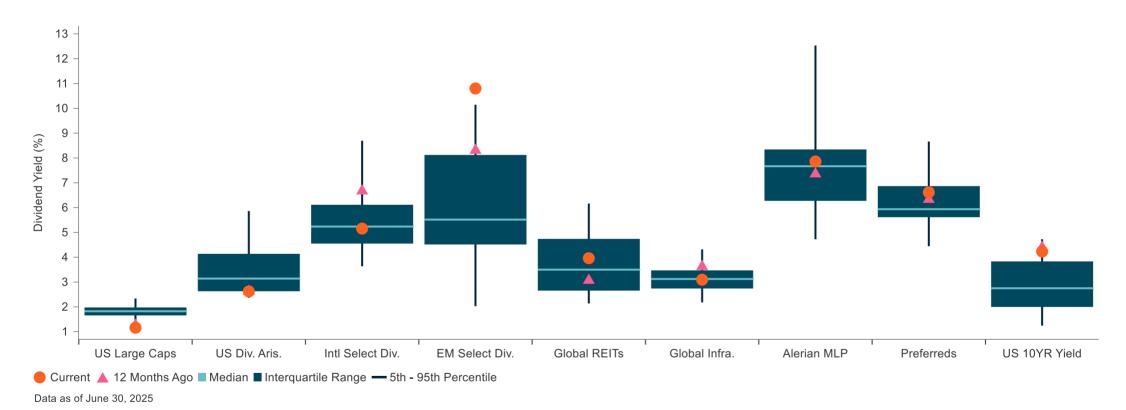


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Regional valuations show current valuations relative to trailing 20-years as of date in chart above.



Global Dividends

Dividend Yield Across Assets

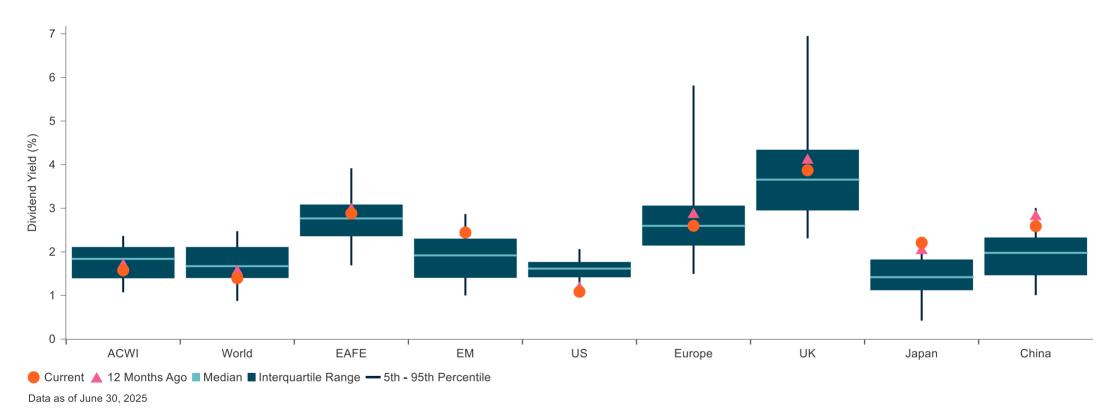


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Dividend yield across assets show current dividend yield relative to trailing 20-years as of date shown in chart above, where applicable. Dividend yield relative to since inception is shown if track record does not exceed 20-years.



Regional Dividends

Dividend Yield Across Regions

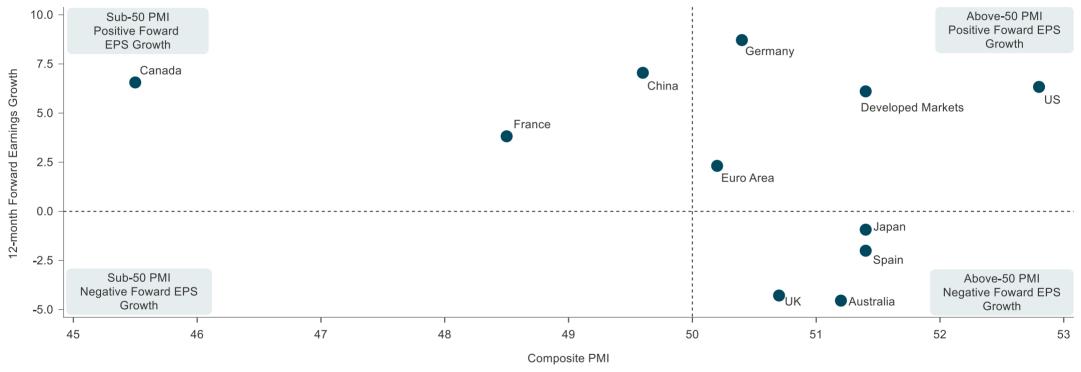


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Dividend yield across assets show current dividend yield relative to trailing 20-years as of date shown in chart above, where applicable. Dividend yield relative to since inception is shown if track record does not exceed 20-years.



Global Earnings Growth

12-month Forward Earnings Growth & Composite PMIs

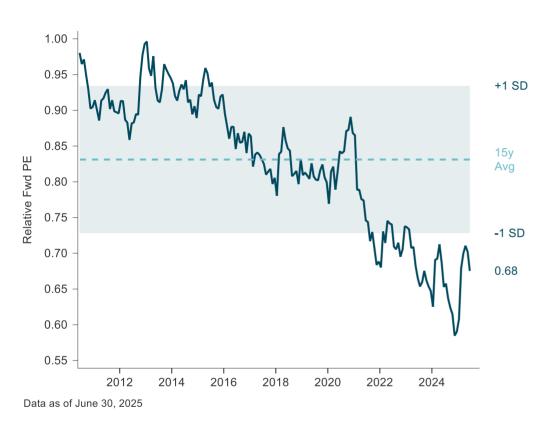


Data as of June 30, 2025

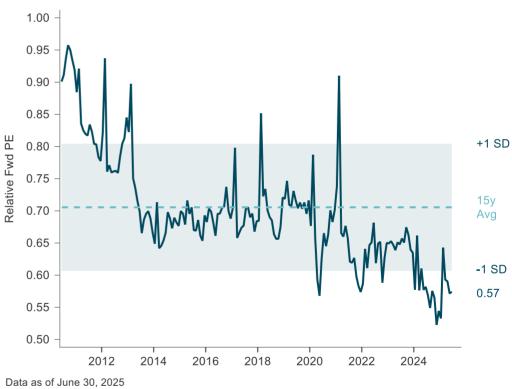


Relative Valuations

MSCI EAFE Relative P/E vs S&P 500



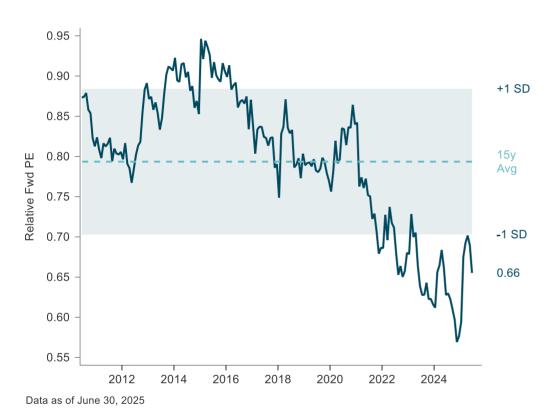
MSCI EM Relative P/E vs S&P 500



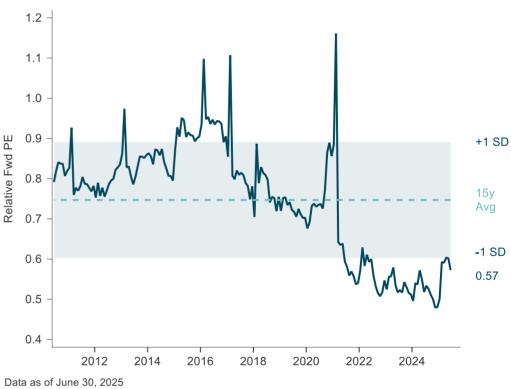


Relative Valuations

MSCI Europe Relative P/E vs S&P 500



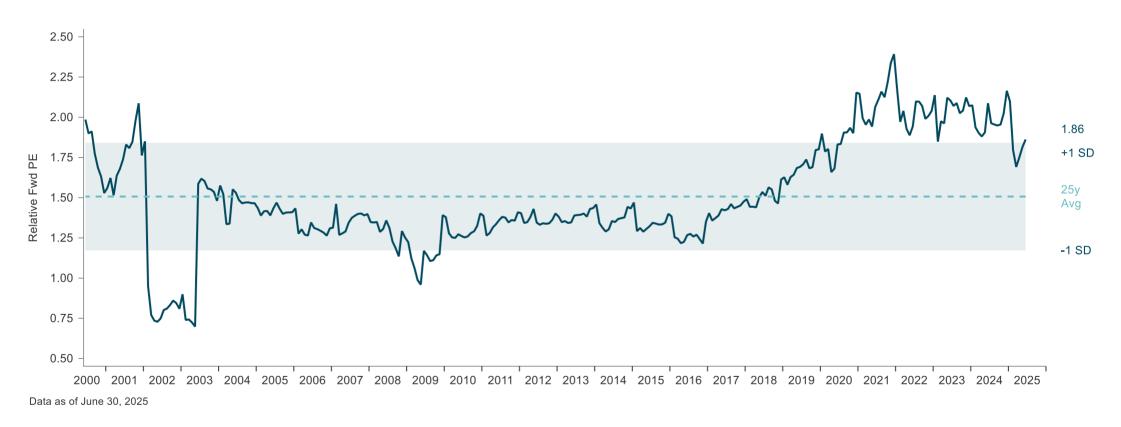
FTSE 100 Relative P/E vs S&P 500





Relative Valuations

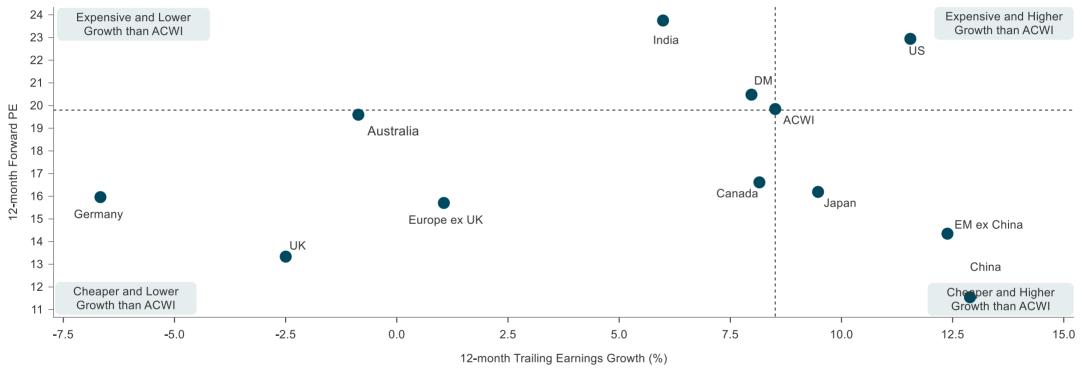
MSCI World Growth Relative P/E vs MSCI World Value





Valuations

Forward Price-Earnings & 12-month Trailing Earnings Growth



Data as of June 30, 2025



Equity Styles

US Style Returns



International Style Returns

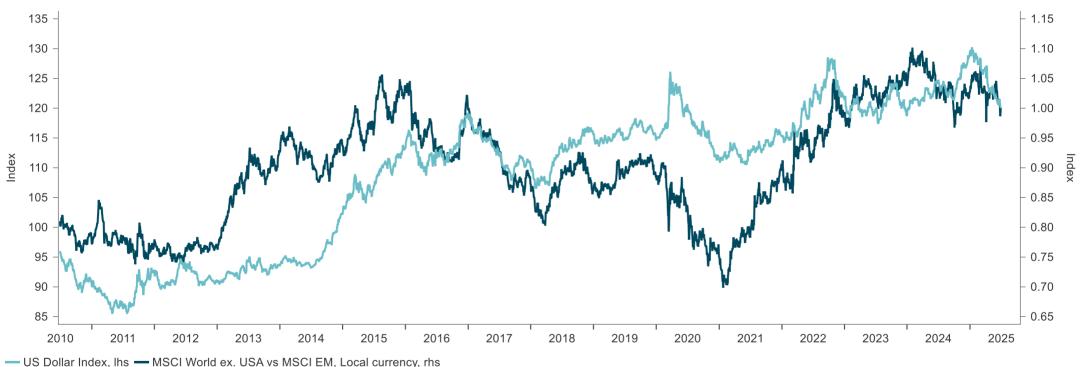


Data as of June 30, 2025



Emerging Market Equities

Developed ex. US vs Emerging Market Equities & US dollar



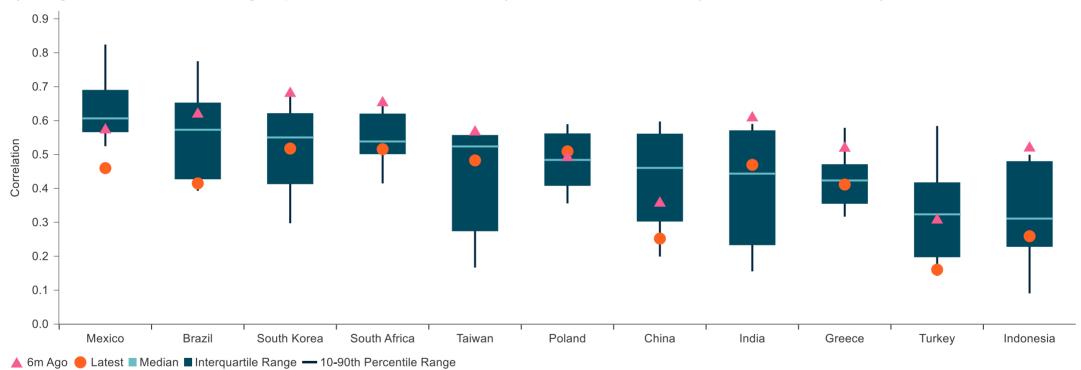
Data as of June 30, 2025



Emerging Market Equities

Return Correlation Between Emerging Markets & S&P 500

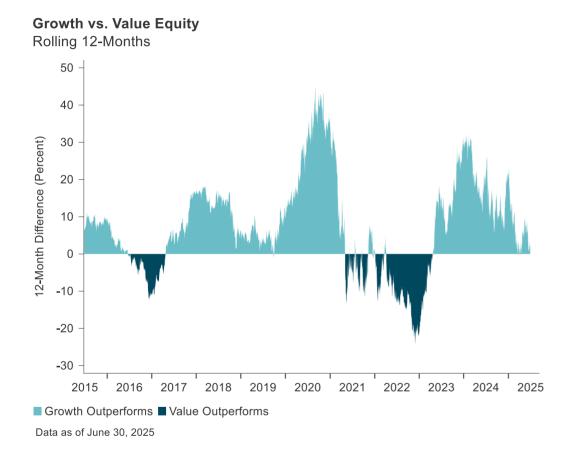
5y-rolling return correlation; mid & large cap MSCI, local currencies, sorted by median correlation on weekly returns, data since January 1993

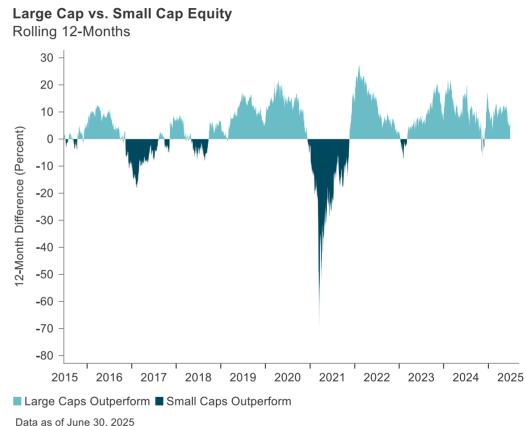


Data as of June 30, 2025



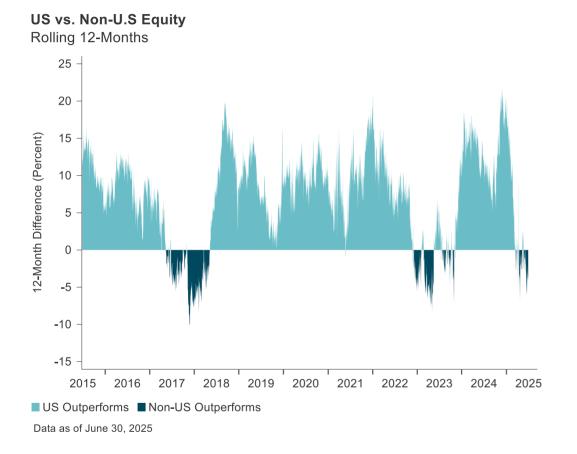
US Equity Trends



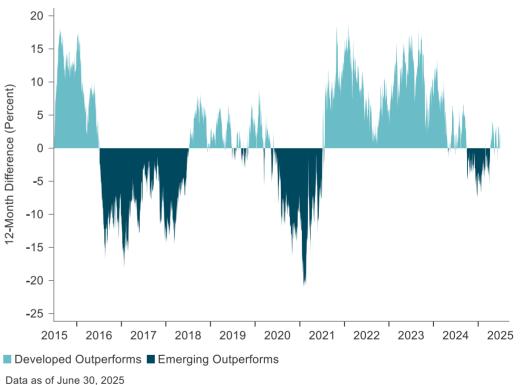




Equity Trends

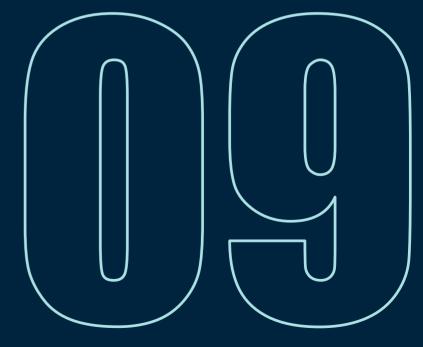








US EQUITIES

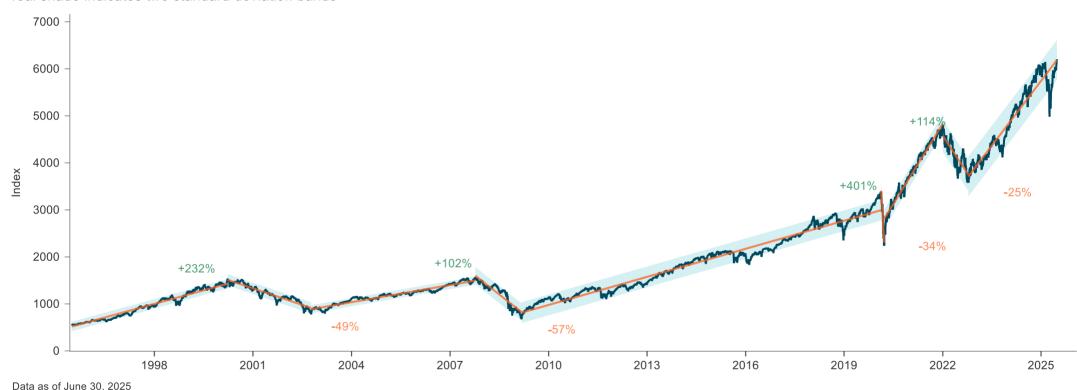




S&P 500

S&P 500 During Past 30 Years

Teal shade indicates two standard deviation bands





Market Sentiment & Positioning

Market Sentiment Index

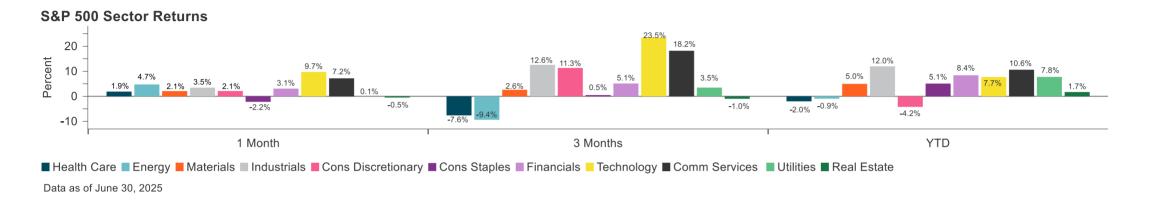
Standardized sentiment measure based on five variables*

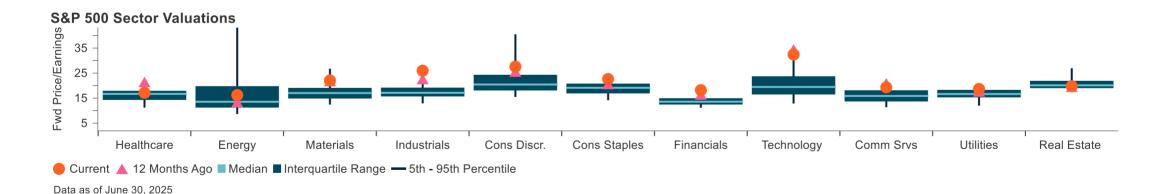


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. *Standardized equal weight index include: VIX, net long S&P 500 futures positioning, put/call ratio, consumer staples vs. discretionary ratio, and bull-bear spread. Bottom panel: shaded areas represent US recessions as defined by National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).



Sector Performance & Valuations





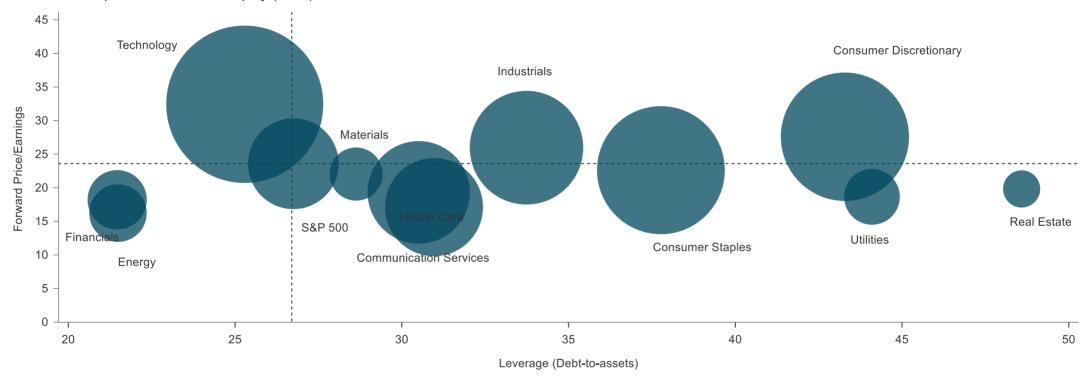
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. S&P 500 sector valuations show current valuations relative to trailing 20-years as of date shown in chart above.



Sector Fundamentals

S&P 500 Sector Valuations & Leverage

Bubble size represents return-on-equity (ROE)



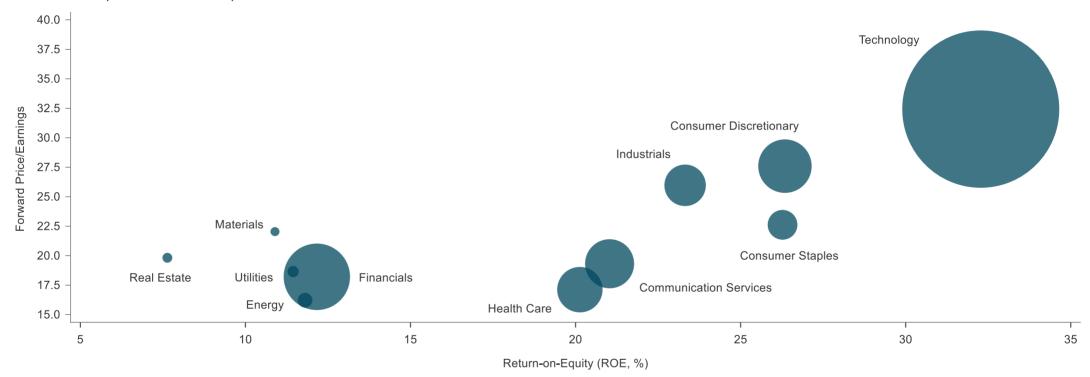
Data as of June 30, 2025



Sector Valuations & Profitability

S&P 500 Sector Valuations & Profitability

Bubble size represents market capitalization

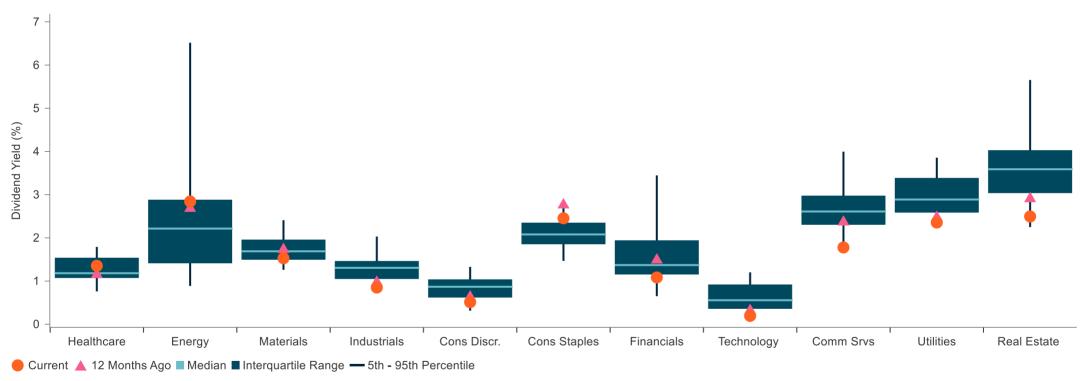


Data as of June 30, 2025



Dividends

S&P 500 Sector Dividend Yield



Data as of June 30, 2025

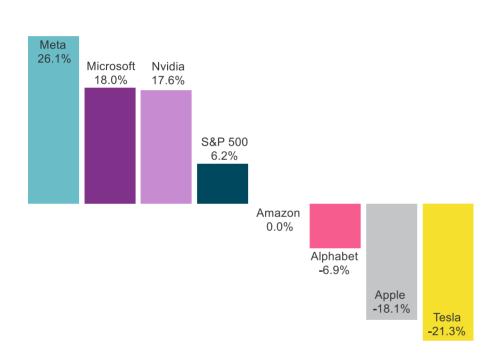
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Dividend yield across assets and S&P 500 sector dividend yield show current dividend yield relative to trailing 20-years as of date shown in chart above.

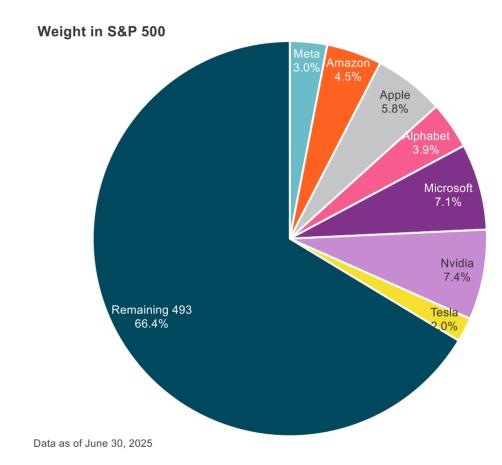


Magnificent 7

Year-to-Date Return

Data as of June 30, 2025





Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Magnificent 7 refers to the following seven stocks: Nvidia, Meta, Tesla, Amazon, Alphabet, Apple, and Microsoft. The holdings listed should not be considered recommendations to buy or sell a security.



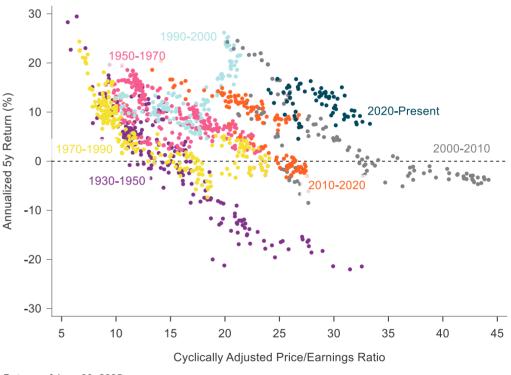
Valuations

S&P 500 Valuation



S&P 500 Valuation & Return

Shiller's Cyclically Adjusted Price/Earnings (CAPE) Ratio and Forward Returns

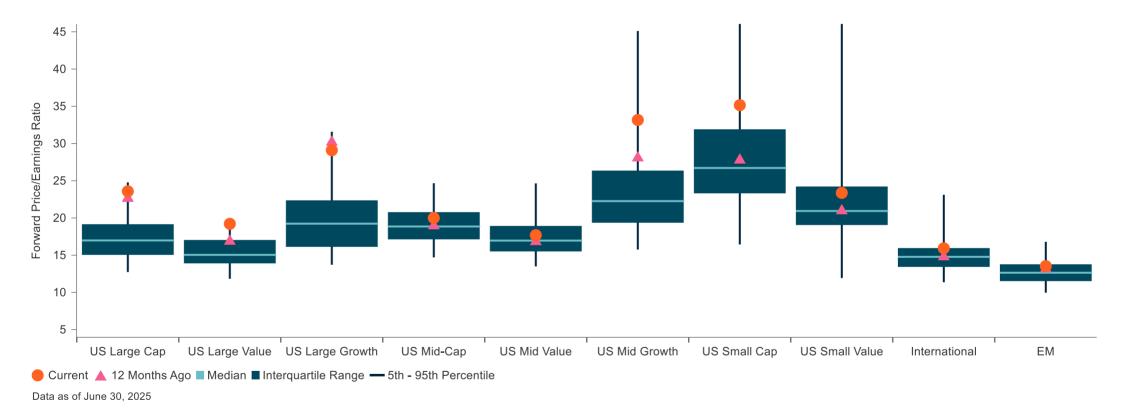


Data as of June 30, 2025



Valuations

Asset Class Valuations

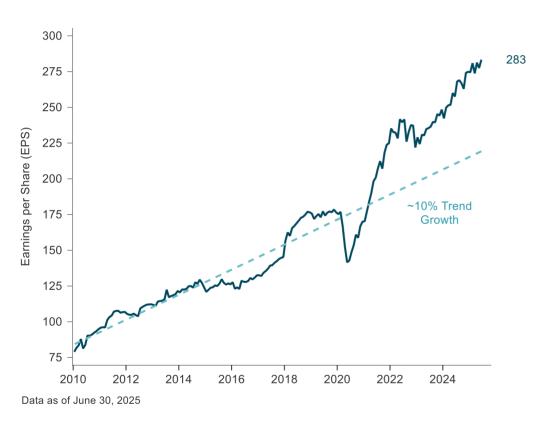


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Asset class valuations show current valuations relative to trailing 20-years as of date in chart above.



Earnings Growth

S&P 500 Forward Earnings

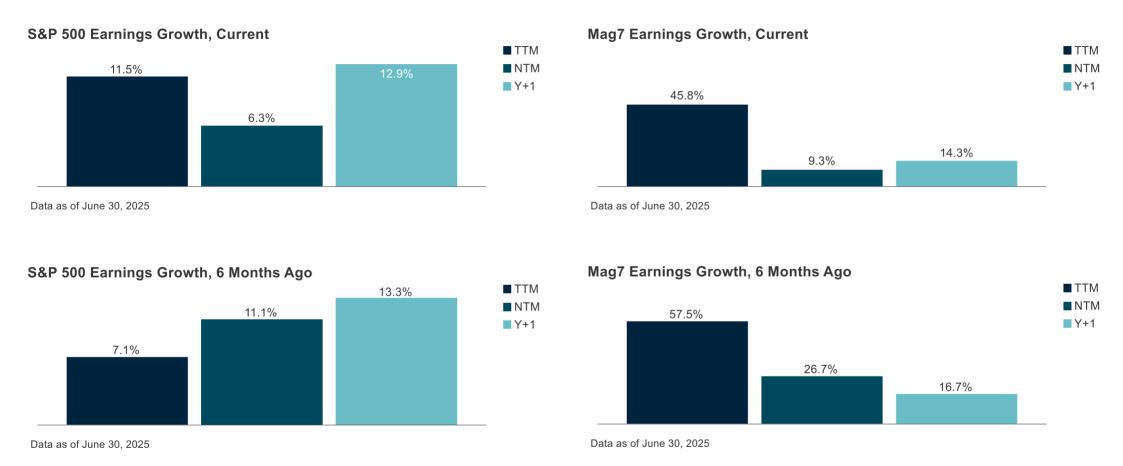


S&P 500 vs. MSCI World excluding US





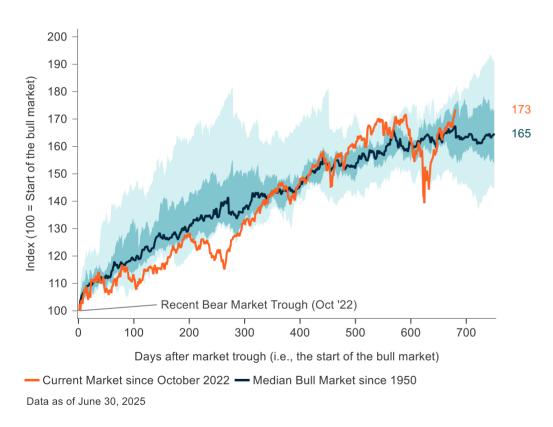
Earnings Growth



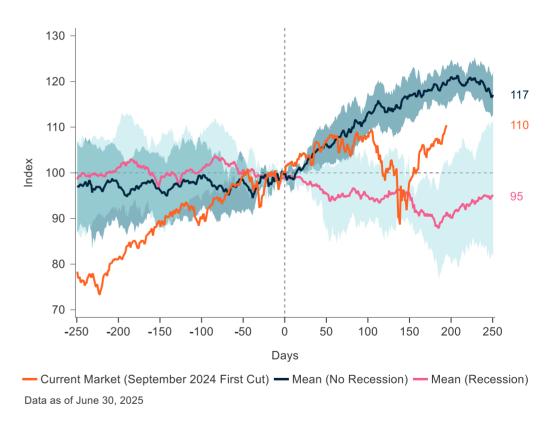


Historical Context

S&P 500 Bull Markets since 1950



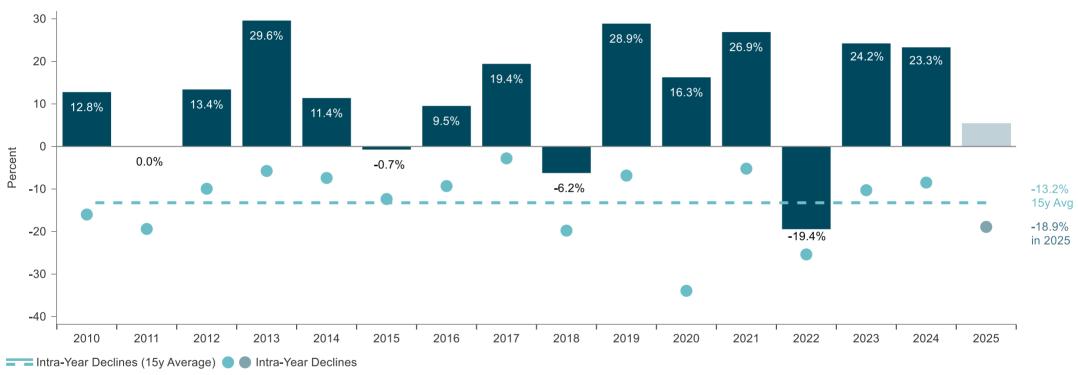
US Equity Before and After First Rate Cut





Historical Context

S&P 500 Calendar Year Price Returns & Intra-Year Declines



Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Lighter shades incorporated to differentiate from full calendar-year data to intra calendar-year data (year-to-date).



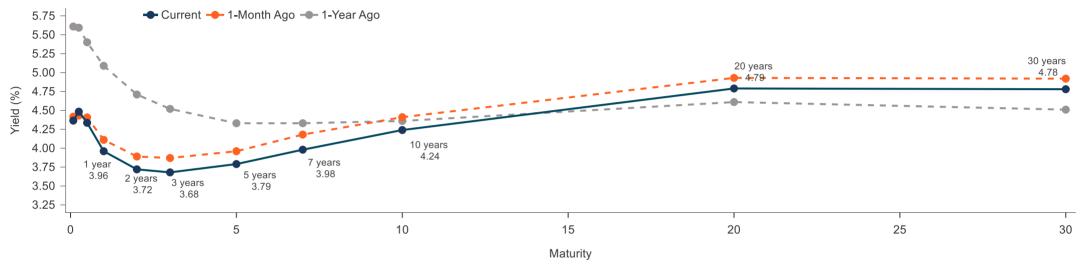
FIXED INCOME





US Yield Curve

US Treasury Yield Curve



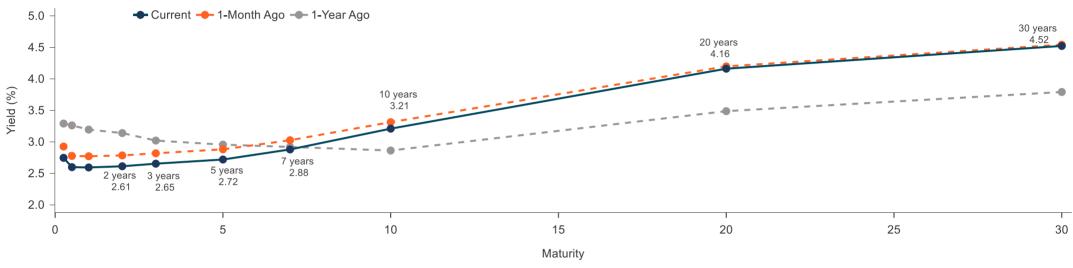
Nominal Yield (%)	1 Month	3 Month	6 Month	1 Year	2 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year	20 Year	30 Year
Current	4.28	4.41	4.29	3.96	3.72	3.68	3.79	3.98	4.24	4.79	4.78
1-Month Ago	4.33	4.36	4.36	4.11	3.89	3.87	3.96	4.18	4.41	4.93	4.92
1-Year Ago	5.47	5.48	5.33	5.09	4.71	4.52	4.33	4.33	4.36	4.61	4.51

Data as of June 30, 2025



US Municipal Yield Curve

US Municipal Yield Curve



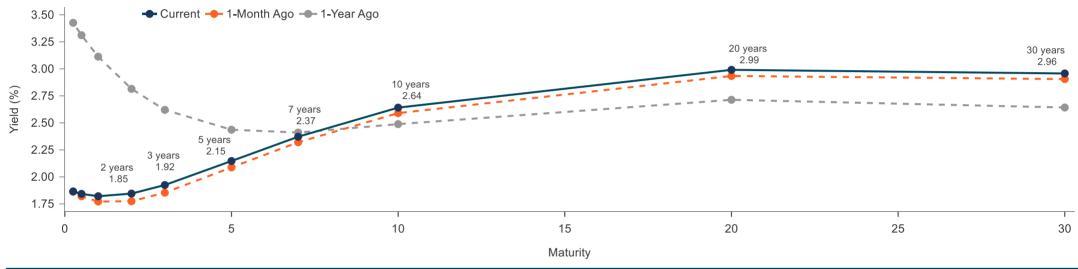
Nominal Yield (%)	3 Month	6 Month	1 Year	2 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year	20 Year	30 Year
Current	2.75	2.60	2.59	2.61	2.65	2.72	2.88	3.21	4.16	4.52
1-Month Ago	2.93	2.78	2.77	2.79	2.82	2.88	3.03	3.31	4.20	4.54
1-Year Ago	3.29	3.26	3.20	3.14	3.02	2.96	2.92	2.86	3.49	3.79

Data as of June 30, 2025



Euro Area Yield Curve

Euro Area Yield Curve



Nominal Yield (%)	3 Month	6 Month	1 Year	2 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year	20 Year	30 Year
Current	1.87	1.84	1.82	1.85	1.92	2.15	2.37	2.64	2.99	2.96
1-Month Ago	1.86	1.82	1.77	1.77	1.85	2.09	2.32	2.59	2.93	2.91
1-Year Ago	3.43	3.31	3.11	2.82	2.62	2.44	2.41	2.49	2.71	2.64

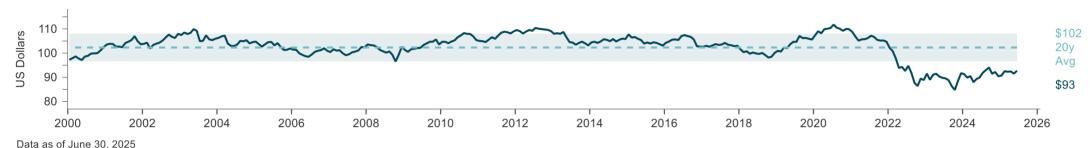
Data as of June 30, 2025



Components of Return

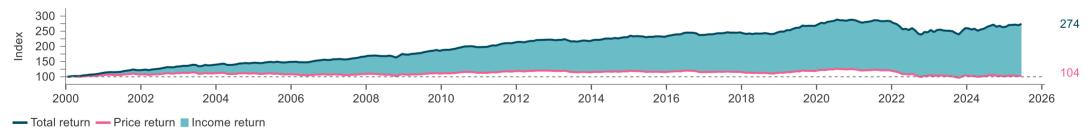
Bloomberg US Agg Weighted Average Bond Price

Teal shaded region indicates +1 and -1 Standard Deviation



Bloomberg US Agg Bond Index Return Components

Teal region indicates the portion of total return derived from income return



Data as of June 30, 2025

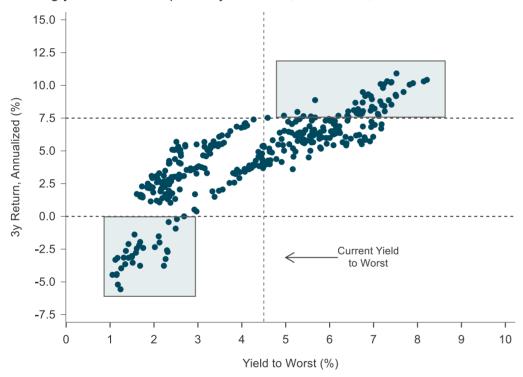


Data as of June 30, 2025

US Agg Valuations

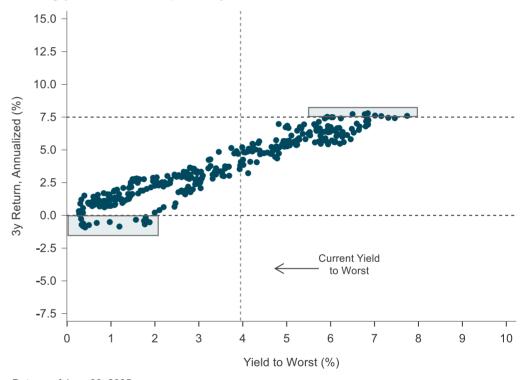
US Agg Broad Bond Index Valuations

Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since March 1993



US Agg (1-3 Years) Bond Index Valuations

Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since March 1993



Data as of June 30, 2025

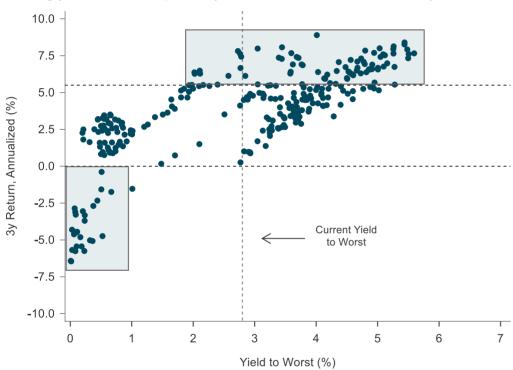
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Light teal shades denote 3-year annualized performance greater than 7.5% and negative 3-year annualized performance. 7.5% represents the approximate upper bound performance average for the US Aggregate 1-3 Years Bond Index.



Euro Agg Valuations

Euro Agg Bond Index Valuations

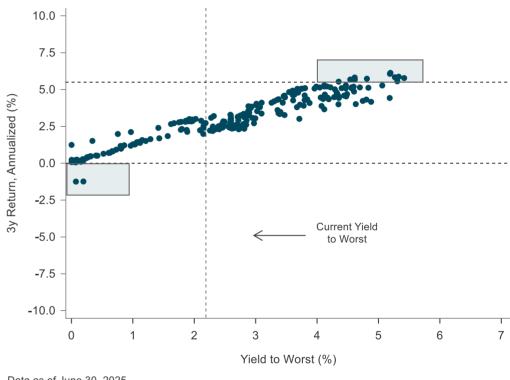
Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since July 1998



Data as of June 30, 2025

Euro Agg (1-3 Years) Bond Index Valuations

Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since July 1998



Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Light teal shades denote 3-year annualized performance greater than 5.5% and negative 3-year annualized performance. 5.5% represents the approximate upper bound performance average for the Euro Aggregate 1-3 Years Bond Index.

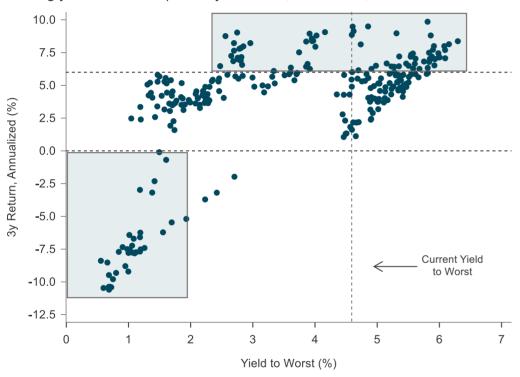


Data as of June 30, 2025

Sterling Agg Valuations

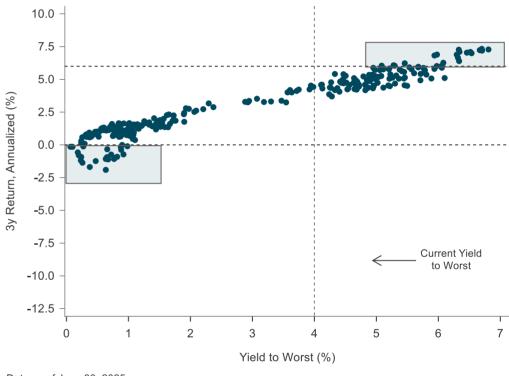
Sterling Agg Bond Index Valuations

Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since Jan. 1999



Sterling Agg (1-3 Years) Bond Index Valuations

Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since Jan. 1999



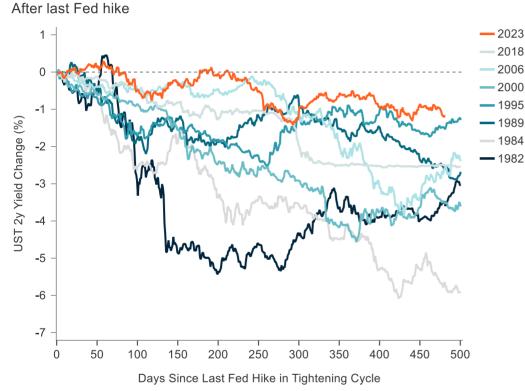
Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Light teal shades denote 3-year annualized performance greater than 6% and negative 3-year annualized performance. 6% represents the approximate upper bound performance average for the Sterling Aggregate 1-3 Years Bond Index.



Interest Rate & Last Fed Hike

US Treasury 2-year Yields



Data as of June 30, 2025

US Treasury 10-year Yields



Data as of June 30, 2025



Investment Grade Bonds

Yields

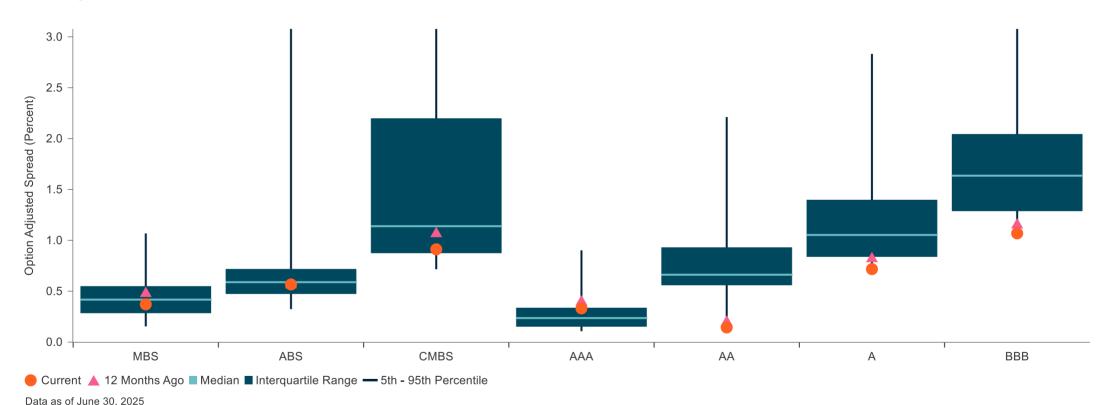


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Yield to worst represent the lowest possible yield an investor is expected to receive assuming no default.



Investment Grade Bonds

Credit Spreads

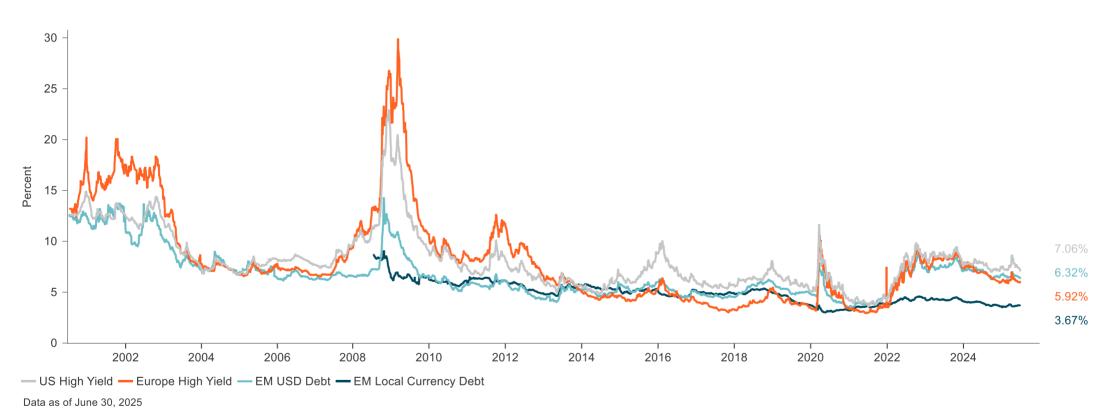


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Spreads are quoted as the OAS to the US sovereign curve which represents the flat spread that must be added to discount a bond payment to match its market price. Credit spread's show current spreads relative to trailing 20-years as of date in chart above.



High Yield Bonds & Emerging Market Debt

Yields

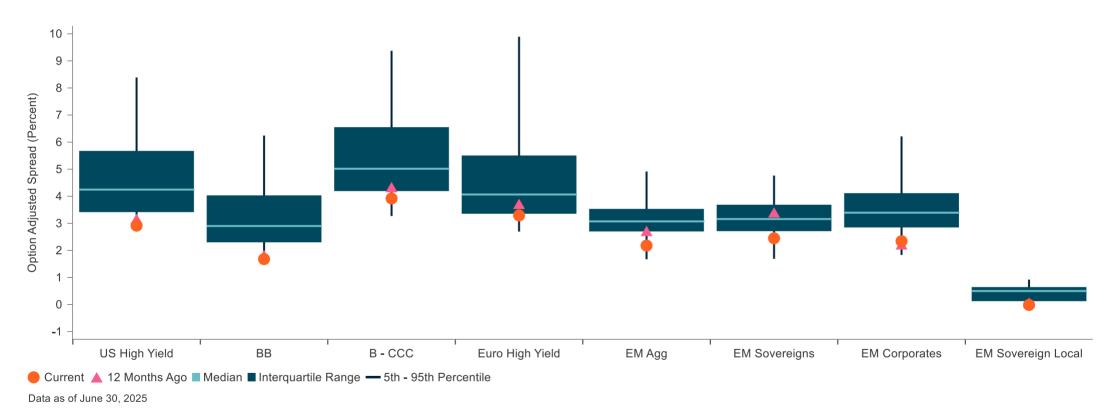


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



High Yield Bonds & Emerging Market Debt

Credit Spreads

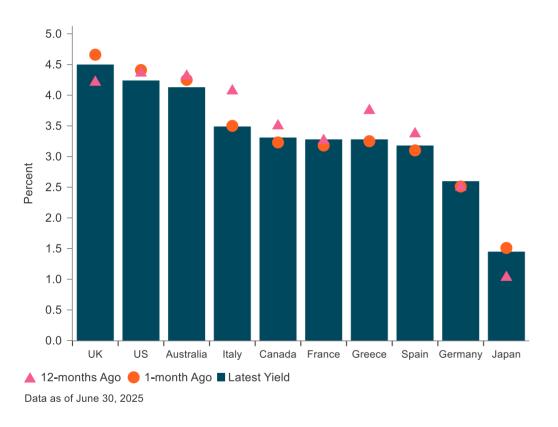


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Spreads are quoted as the OAS to the US sovereign curve which represents the flat spread that must be added to discount a bond payment to match its market price. Credit spreads show current spreads relative to trailing 20-years as of date in chart above.

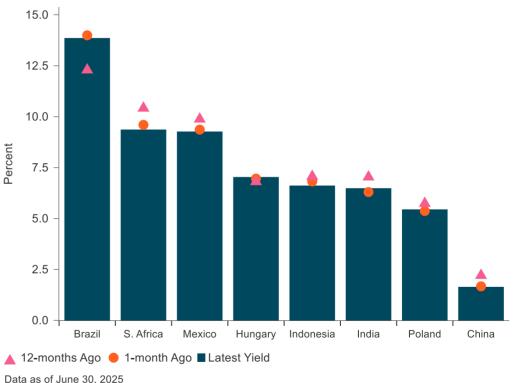


Bonds Without Borders

Developed Markets Bond Yields



Emerging Markets Bond Yields

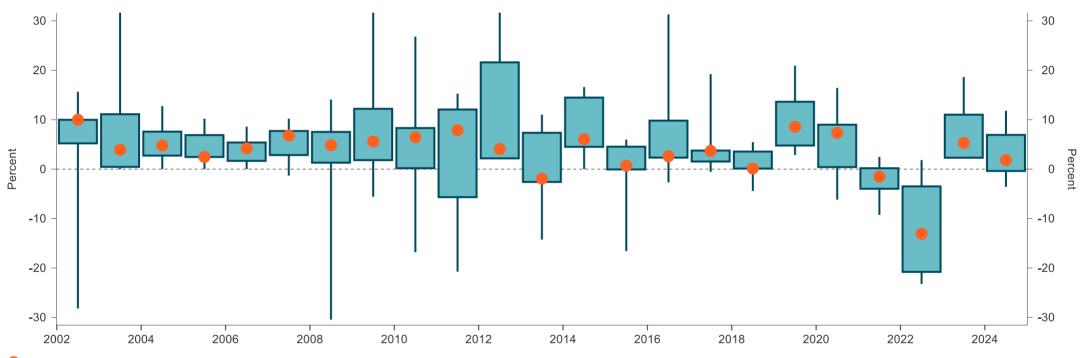


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



Bonds Without Borders

Historical Return Range



United States, rhs
Box Represents G7 Total Return Range; Horizontal Line Represents Global Range, lhs

Data as of June 30, 2025

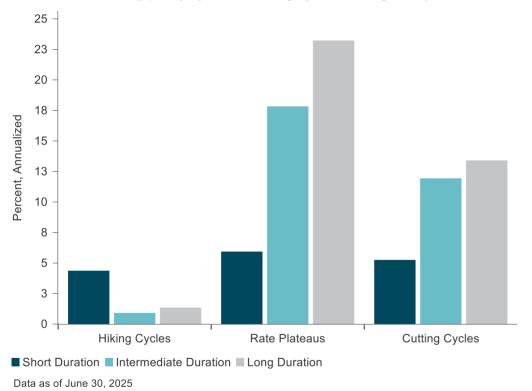
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



Bonds & Monetary Policy Cycles

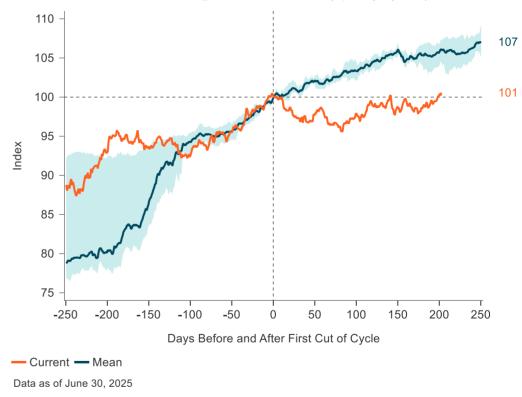
US Federal Reserve

Previous 5 monetary policy cycle; excluding cycle that begun in year 2022



Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index

Before and after first rate cut (previous 5 monetary policy cycles)



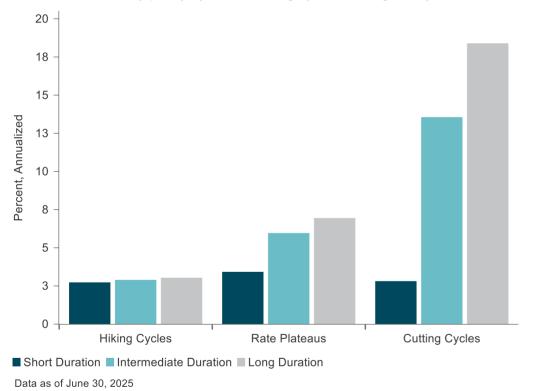
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Monetary policy cycle defined as cycle that commences with two consecutive rate hikes. The 1998 rate cut excluded as a cycle in this slide as it did not precede two consecutive rate hikes. Rate cuts measure 6-month performance after initial rate cut, annualized.



Bonds & Monetary Policy Cycles

European Central Bank

Previous 3 monetary policy cycle, excluding cycle that begun in year 2022



ICE BofA Euro Broad Market Index

Before and after first rate cut (previous 3 monetary policy cycles)



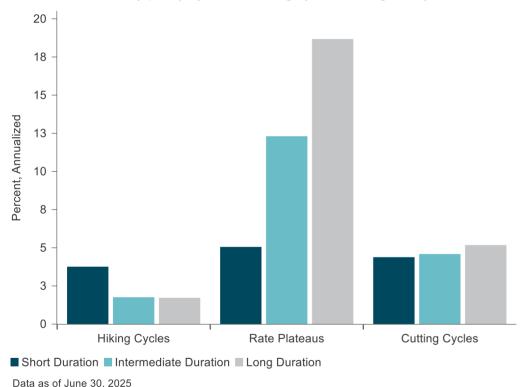
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Monetary policy cycle defined as cycle that commences with two consecutive rate hikes. Rate cuts measure 6-month performance after initial rate cut, annualized.



Bonds & Monetary Policy Cycles

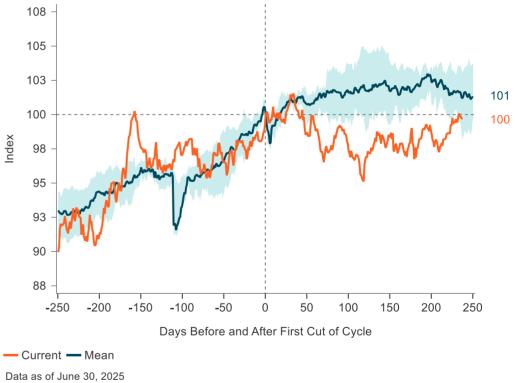
Bank of England

Previous 6 monetary policy cycle, excluding cycle that begun in year 2022



ICE BofA Sterling Broad Market Index

Before and after first rate cut (previous 6 monetary policy cycles)



Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Monetary policy cycle defined as cycle that commences with two consecutive rate hikes. Rate cuts measure 6-month performance after initial rate cut, annualized.



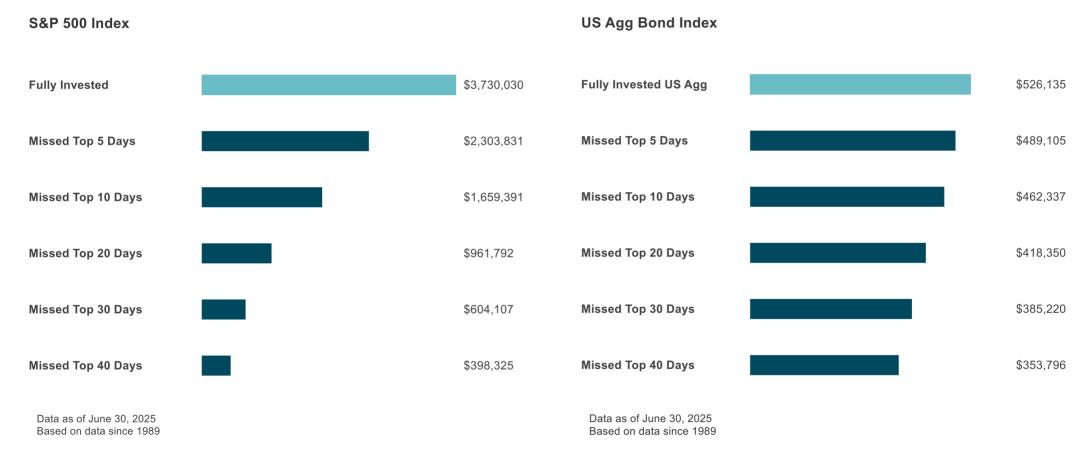
PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION





Time in the Market

Hypothetical \$100,000 investment in 1989 (common inception)

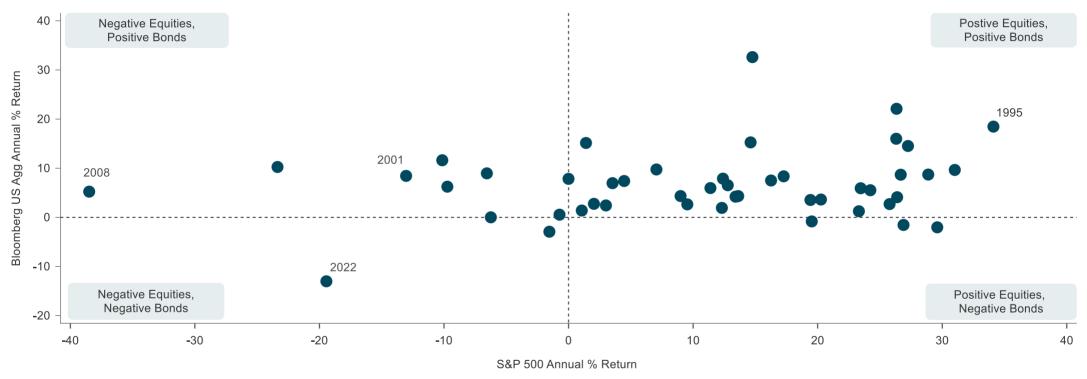


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. For illustrative purposes only.



Equity & Bonds

US Equity & Bond Returns since 1978



Data as of June 30, 2025

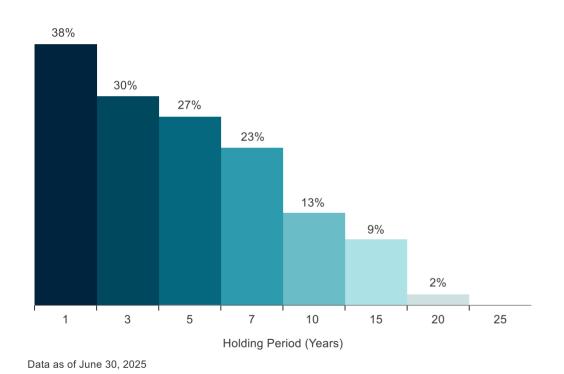
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Equity defined as S&P 500 index and bonds defined as Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond index.



Equity & Bonds

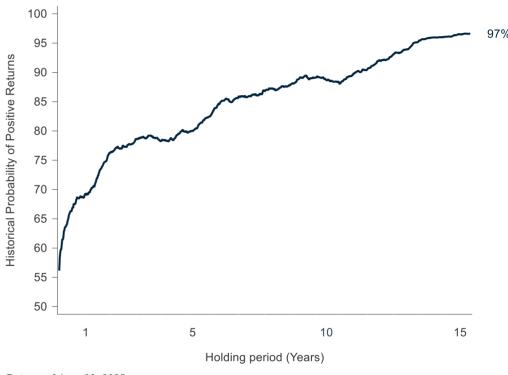
Odds of Bonds Beating Equities based on Holding Period

Total returns of 10-year US Government Bond & S&P 500



Probability of Positive Returns from S&P 500

Probability of positive returns based on holding period



Data as of June 30, 2025

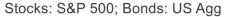
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. For illustrative purposes only.

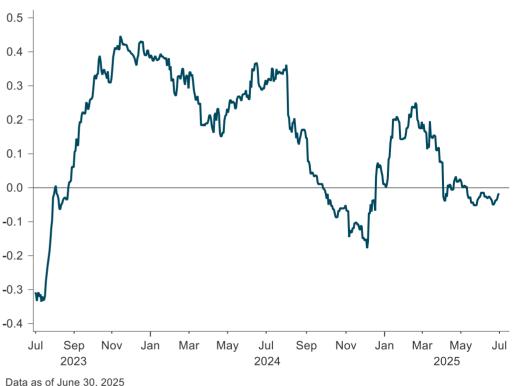


Stock-Bond Correlation

Stock-Bond Rolling 5-year Correlation Stocks: S&P 500; Bonds: US Agg 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.0 -0.1 -0.2 -0.3 -0.4-0.5 1985 1990 2005 2010 2015 2020 1995 2000 2025 Data as of June 30, 2025

Stock-Bond Rolling 90-day Correlation





Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. For illustrative purposes only.



Asset Class Performance Quilt

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.

Rank	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD
1	USD 4.4 %	US Crude WTI 34.5 %	Gold 24.2 %	US Crude WTI 58.7 %	Commodity 16.1 %	S&P 500 26.3 %	Gold 26.6 %	Gold 25.5 %
2	Global Treasury ex US 3.6 %	S&P 500 31.5 %	MSCI EM 18.7 %	S&P 500 28.7 %	USD 8.2 %	MSCI ACWI 22.8 %	S&P 500 25.0 %	MSCI EAFE 19.9 %
3	Municipal Bond IG 1.4 %	MSCI ACWI 27.3 %	S&P 500 18.4 %	Commodity 27.1 %	US Crude WTI 4.2 %	MSCI EAFE 18.9 %	MSCI ACWI 18.0 %	MSCI EM 15.6 %
4	US Treasury 0.9 %	MSCI EAFE 22.7 %	MSCI ACWI 16.8 %	MSCI ACWI 19.0 %	Gold -0.4 %	Gold 13.8 %	Global High Yield 10.7 %	MSCI ACWI 10.3 %
5	US Leveraged Loan 0.4 %	MSCI EM 18.9 %	MSCI EAFE 8.3 %	MSCI EAFE 11.8 %	US Leveraged Loan -0.8 %	Global High Yield 13.7 %	US Leveraged Loan 9.0 %	S&P 500 6.2 %
6	Global Agg Corp IG -1.0 %	Gold 18.8 %	Global Agg Corp IG 8.3 %	USD 6.4 %	Hedge Funds -4.4 %	US Leveraged Loan 13.3 %	MSCI EM 8.1 %	Commodity 5.5 %
7	Gold -1.1 %	Global High Yield 13.3 %	US Treasury 8.0 %	US Leveraged Loan 5.2 %	Municipal Bond IG -6.4 %	MSCI EM 10.3 %	USD 7.1 %	EM USD Debt 4.9 %
8	EM USD Debt -2.5 %	EM USD Debt 13.1 %	Hedge Funds 6.8 %	Hedge Funds 3.7 %	Global Treasury ex US -10.1 %	Global Agg Corp IG 9.1 %	EM USD Debt 6.6 %	Global High Yield 4.7 %
9	Global High Yield -2.7 %	Global Agg Corp IG 12.5 %	EM USD Debt 6.5 %	Global High Yield 2.5 %	Global High Yield -11.0 %	EM USD Debt 9.1 %	Commodity 5.4 %	US Treasury 3.8 %
10	S&P 500 -4.4 %	US Leveraged Loan 8.6 %	Global High Yield 5.7 %	Municipal Bond IG 0.9 %	US Treasury -12.5 %	Global Treasury ex US 8.0 %	Hedge Funds 5.3 %	Global Agg Corp IG 3.8 %
11	Hedge Funds -6.7 %	Hedge Funds 8.6 %	Municipal Bond IG 5.1 %	Global Agg Corp IG -0.8 %	MSCI EAFE -14.0 %	Municipal Bond IG 5.2 %	MSCI EAFE 4.3 %	US Leveraged Loan 2.8 %
12	MSCI ACWI -8.9 %	Commodity 7.7 %	Global Treasury ex US 3.7 %	EM USD Debt -1.7 %	Global Agg Corp IG -14.1 %	US Treasury 4.1 %	Global Treasury ex US 4.2 %	Hedge Funds 2.2 %
13	Commodity -11.2 %	Global Treasury ex US 7.4 %	US Leveraged Loan 3.1 %	Global Treasury ex US -1.7 %	EM USD Debt -15.3 %	Hedge Funds 3.1 %	Global Agg Corp IG 3.7 %	Global Treasury ex US 1.5 %
14	MSCI EAFE -13.4 %	Municipal Bond IG 6.9 %	Commodity -3.1 %	MSCI EM -2.2 %	MSCI ACWI -18.0 %	USD -2.1 %	Municipal Bond IG 0.9 %	Municipal Bond IG 1.2 %
15	MSCI EM -14.2 %	US Treasury 6.9 %	USD -6.7 %	US Treasury -2.3 %	S&P 500 -18.1 %	Commodity -7.9 %	US Treasury 0.6 %	US Crude WTI -9.2 %
16	US Crude WTI -24.8 %	USD 0.2 %	US Crude WTI -20.5 %	Gold -3.8 %	MSCI EM -19.7 %	US Crude WTI -10.7 %	US Crude WTI 0.1 %	USD -10.7 %

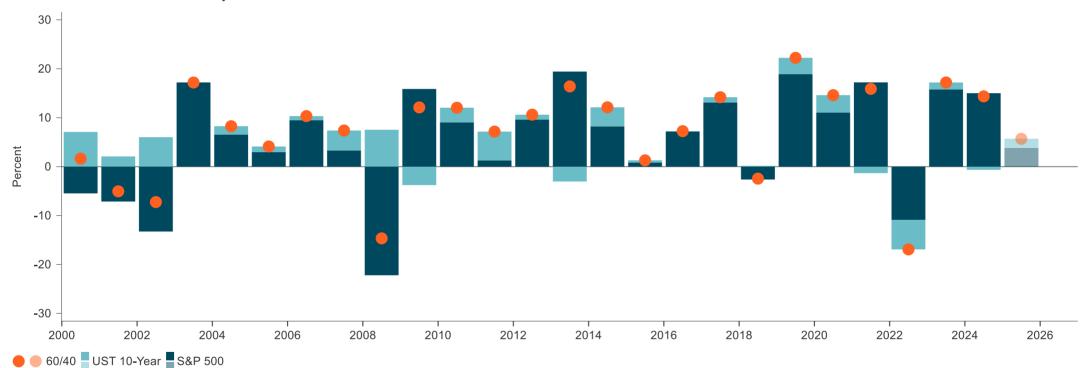
Data as of June 30, 2025



60/40 Portfolio

60/40 Portfolio Annual Returns - Decomposition

60% S&P 500 and 40% UST 10-year



Data as of June 30, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Lighter shades incorporated to differentiate from full calendar-year data to intra calendar-year data (year-to-date).



60/40 Portfolio

EUR Cash Yield vs. 60/40 Portfolio Yield

60/40 Portfolio: 60% MSCI Europe Dividend Yield, 40% Euro Agg YTW



Data as of June 30, 2025

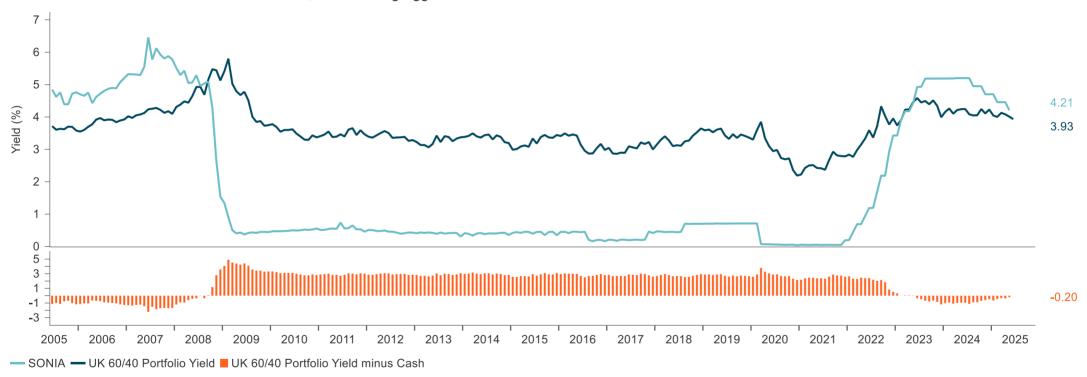
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Euribor: Euribor rates are based on the interest rates at which a panel of European banks borrow funds from one another.



60/40 Portfolio

UK Cash Yield vs. 60/40 Portfolio Yield

60/40 Portfolio: 60% FTSE 100 Dividend Yield, 40% Sterling Agg YTW



Data as of June 30, 2025

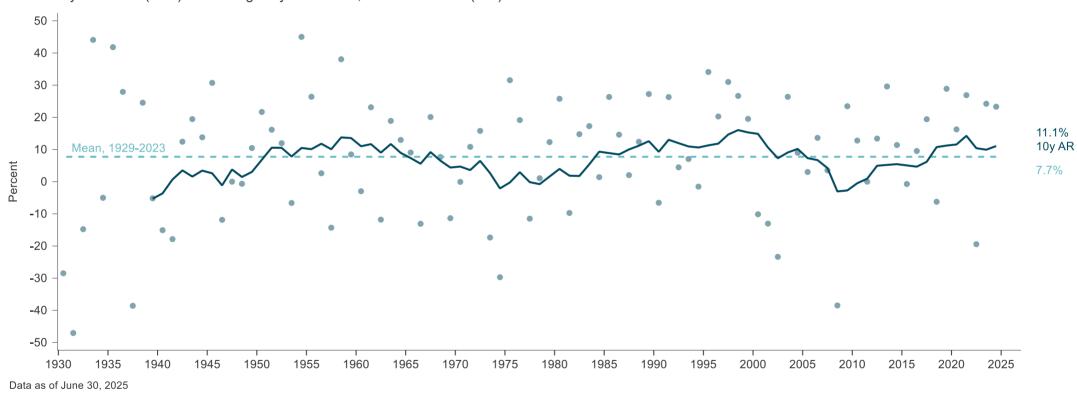
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. SONIA: reflects the average of the interest rates that banks pay to borrow sterling overnight from other financial institutions and other institutional investors.



Annual Equity Returns

S&P 500 Equity Returns

Calendar year return (dots) and rolling 10-year returns, annualized rate (line)



Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



APPENDIX



REPRESENTATIVE INDICES

10Y German Bund: Average yield of a range of German government bonds all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

10Y Japanese Bond: Average yield of a range of Japanese government bonds all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

10Y UK Gilt: Average yield of a range of UK government bonds all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

10Y US Treasuries: Average yield of a range of Treasury securities all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

2Y US Treasuries: Average yield of a range of Treasury securities all adjusted to the equivalent of a two-year maturity

A: Bloomberg US Agg A Total Return Value Unhedged USD

AA: Bloomberg US Agg Aa Total Return Value Unhedged USD

AAA: Bloomberg US Agg Aaa Total Return Value Unhedged USD

ABS: The index measures the performance of ABS component of the U.S. Aggregate index which measures the investment grade. US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market.

Alerian MLP: The Alerian MLP Index is the leading gauge of energy infrastructure Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs).

BB: Bloomberg Ba US High Yield TR Index Value Unhedged USD,

BBB: Bloomberg US Agg Baa Total Return Value Unhedged USD

B-CCC: Bloomberg US Corporate B - Ca Capped Index TR Index Unhedged USD

Bloomberg Commodity Index: The Dow Jones UBS Commodity index is designed to provide diversified commodity exposure with weightings based on the commodity's liquidity and economic significance

CMBS: The Bloomberg US CMBS Investment Grade Index measures the market of US Agency and US Non-Agency conduit and fusion CMBS deals with a minimum current deal size of \$300mn.

EM Aggregate: The Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate Index includes USD denominated debt from sovereign, quasi-sovereign, and corporate EM issuers.

EM Local Currency Government 10% Country Capped: The Bloomberg EM Local Currency Government 10% Country Capped Index is a country-constrained version of the flagship Emerging Markets Local Currency Government Index, which is designed to provide a broad measure of the performance of local currency Emerging Markets (EM) debt.

EM Sovereigns Local: The Bloomberg EM Local Currency Government Total Return Index measures the general performance of locally issued FIXED INCOME securities by Emerging Market governments.

EM Sovereigns USD: The Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate: Sovereign Index is a subset of the Emerging Markets USD Aggregate Bond Index, only including securities classified as treasuries or sovereigns.

Emerging Markets Dividends: The Dow Jones Emerging Markets Select Dividend Index aims to measure the stock performance of 100 leading dividend-paying emerging-market companies, selected by dividend yield subject to screening and buffering criteria.

Euro Agg: The Bloomberg EuroAgg Index is a benchmark that measures the investment grade, euro-denominated, fixed-rate bond market, including treasuries, government-related, corporate and securitized issues. Inclusion is based on currency denomination of a bond and not country of risk of the issuer.

Euro High Yield: The Bloomberg Pan-European High Yield Index measures the market of non-investment grade, fixed-rate corporate bonds denominated in the following currencies; euro, pounds sterling, Danish krone, Norwegian krone, Swedish krona, and Swiss franc.

FTSE 100: The FTSE 100 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of the 100 most highly capitalized companies traded on the London Stock Exchange.

FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs: FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITS Total Return Index is a free float adjusted market capitalization weighted index that includes all tax qualified REITs listed in the NYSE, AMEX, and NASDAQ National Market.

Global Aggregate: The Bloomberg Global Aggregate Total Return (USD hedged) Index is a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade FIXED INCOME market.

Global High Yield: The Bloomberg Global High Yield Index is a broad-based measure of the global high yield market.

Global Infrastructure: The S&P Global Infrastructure Index is designed to track 75 companies from around the world chosen to represent the listed infrastructure industry while maintaining liquidity and tradability.

Global Investment Grade - Corporates: This Index reflects the corporate component of the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index which is designed to provide a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade FIXED INCOME markets.

Global REITS: The FTSE EPRA Nareit Global REITs index is a subset of the FTSE EPRA Nareit Global Index, comprising of only the RFITs constituents

Global Treasury ex US: The Bloomberg Global Treasury ex US index tracks fixed-rate local currency government debt of investment grade countries excluding the US and represents the Treasury sector of the Global Aggregate Index.

Gold (USD / Troy Ounce): Gold London Bullion Market spot price, quoted in USD per Troy Ounce

Hedge Funds: The HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index is designed to be representative of the overall composition of the hedge fund universe.

International Select Dividends: The Dow Jones EPAC Select Dividend Index aims to represent the performance of high dividendpaying companies in the EPAC (Europe, Pacific, Asia and Canada) region, which covers developed markets excluding the U.S.

JPM EMBI Global Diversified: The J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Index tracks liquid, US Dollar emerging market fixed and floating-rate debt instruments issued by sovereign and guasi-sovereign entities1

MBS: The index measures the performance of the agency mortgage-backed pass-through securities (both fixed-rate and hybrid ARM) issued by Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA), and Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

MSCI AC Asia ex Japan: The MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index captures large and mid cap representation across 2 of 3 Developed Markets (DM) countries (excluding Japan) and 8 Emerging Markets (EM) countries in Asia.

MSCI All-Country World: The MSCI All-Country World is an index that tracks the performance of both Developed and Emerging Market equities.

MSCI Australia: The MSCI Australia Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Australia market.

MSCI Brazil: The MSCI Brazil Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Brazilian market



REPRESENTATIVE INDICES

MSCI Canada: The MSCI Canada Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Canada market.

MSCI China: The MSCI China Index captures large and mid cap representation across China A shares, H shares, B shares, Red chips, P chips and foreign listings (e.g. ADRs).

MSCI EAFE: The MSCI EAFE Index is an index that tracks the performance of Developed Market equities across Europe, Australasia and the Far East excluding the US and Canada

MSCI EM: The MSCI EM index tracks the performance of Emerging Market Equities.

MSCI EMU (Euro Area): The MSCI EMU Index (European Economic and Monetary Union) captures large and mid cap representation across the 10 Developed Markets countries in the EMU.

MSCI Europe: The MSCI Europe Index captures large and mid cap representation across 15 Developed Markets (DM) countries in Europe. With 414 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization across the European Developed Markets equity universe.

MSCI France: The MSCI France Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the French market.

MSCI Germany: The MSCI Germany Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the German market

MSCI Greece: The MSCI Greece Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Greek market.

MSCI Growth: Index is designed to reflect the performance of securities exhibiting overall growth characteristics.

MSCI High Dividend Yield: Index is designed to reflect the performance of equities in the parent index (excluding REITs) with higher dividend income and quality characteristics than average dividend yields that are both sustainable and persistent.

MSCI India: The MSCI India Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Indian market.

MSCI Indonesia: The MSCI Indonesia Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Indonesian market.

MSCI Japan: The MSCI Japan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Japanese market.

MSCI Large Cap: Index is designed to reflect the performance of the large cap segment of the respective market.

MSCI Mexico: The MSCI Mexico Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Mexican market

MSCI Min. Volatility: Index is designed to reflect the performance of a minimum variance strategy.

MSCI Momentum: Index is designed to reflect the performance of an equity momentum strategy by emphasizing stocks with high price momentum.

MSCI Poland: The MSCI Poland Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Polish market

MSCI Quality: Index is designed to reflect the performance of quality growth stocks by identifying stocks with high quality scores based on three fundamental variables; high return on equity, stable v/v earnings growth, and low financial leverage.

MSCI Small Cap: Index is designed to reflect the performance of the small cap segment of the respective market.

MSCI South Africa: The MSCI South Africa Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the South African market.

MSCI South Korea: The MSCI Korea Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the South Korean market.

MSCI Spain: The MSCI Spain Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Spanish market.

MSCI Switzerland: The MSCI Switzerland Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Swiss market

MSCI Taiwan: The MSCI Taiwan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Taiwan market

MSCI Turkey: The MSCI Turkey Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Turkish market

MSCI UK: The MSCI United Kingdom Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the UK market

MSCI US: Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid- cap segments of the US market.

MSCI Value: Index is designed to reflect the performance of securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics.

MSCI World - DM: The MSCI World Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries. With 1.395 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

MSCI World Growth: The MSCI World Growth Index captures large and mid cap securities exhibiting overall growth style characteristics across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries. The growth investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using five variables: long-term forward EPS growth rate, short-term forward EPS growth rate, current internal growth rate and long-term historical EPS growth trend and long-term historical sales per share growth trend.

MSCI World Value: The MSCI World Value Index captures large and mid cap securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield.

Nasdaq: The Nasdaq Composite Index is the market capitalization weighted index of approximately 3,000 common equities listed on the Nasdaq stock exchange.

Oil (WTI, USD / Barrel): Generic West Texas Intermediate crude oil spot price

Preferred Stock: The iShares Preferred and Income Securities ETF seeks to track the investment results of ICE Exchange-Listed Preferred & Hybrid Securities Index

Russell 1000: The Russell 1000® Index measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the US equity universe.

Russell 2000: The Russell 2000 Index is a small-cap stock market index of the bottom 2,000 stocks in the Russell 3000 Index.



REPRESENTATIVE INDICES

Russell 3000: The Russell 3000® Index measures the performance of the largest 3,000 US companies designed to represent approximately 98% of the investable US equity market.

Sterling Agg: The Bloomberg Sterling Aggregate Bond Index measures the investment grade, sterling-denominated, fixed-rate bond market, including treasuries, government-related, corporate and securitized issues. Inclusion is based on the currency denomination of a bond, not country of risk of the issuer.

S&P 500: The S&P 500 is an index designed to track the performance of the largest 500 US companies.

S&P 500 Communication Services: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a telecom services(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Consumer Discretionary: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a consumer discretionary(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Consumer Staples: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a consumer staples(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Energy: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a energy(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Financials: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a financials(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Healthcare: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a health care(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Industrials: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a industrials(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Materials: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a materials(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Real Estate: The S&P 500® Real Estate comprises those companies included in the S&P 500 that are classified as members of the GICS® Real Estate sector

S&P 500 Technology: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a information technology(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 500 Utilities: The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a utilities(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

S&P 400 Midcap: Standard and Poor's Midcap 400 Index is a capitalization-weighted index which measures the performance of the mid-range sector of the U.S. stock market.

S&P 500 VIX: The VIX Index is a financial benchmark designed to be an up-to-the-minute market estimate of the expected volatility of the S&P 500® Index, and is calculated by using the midpoint of real-time S&P 500 Index (SPX) option bid/ask guotes.

US 30Y Fixed-Rate Mortgage: Bankrate.com 30-year US home mortgage fixed rate national average

US Agencies: Bloomberg US Agencies Total Return Unhedged USD measures US dollar-denominated, agency debt.

US Aggregate: Bloomberg US Agg Total Return Value Unhedged USD Index is a widely accepted, unmanaged total return index of corporate, government and government-agency debt instruments, mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities with an average maturity of 1-10 years.

US Corporates: Bloomberg US Corporate Total Return Value Unhedged USD Index tracks the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market

US High Yield: Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index Value Unhedged USD Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated below investment grade rated corporate debt publicly issued in the US domestic market.

US Leveraged Loans: The S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Total Return Index is designed to measure the performance of the US leveraged loan market.

US Long Credit: The Bloomberg US Long Credit Index measures the performance of investment grade. US dollar-denominated. fixed-rate, taxable corporate and government-related debt with at least ten years to maturity. It is composed of a corporate and a non-corporate component that includes non-US agencies, sovereigns, supranationals and local authorities.

US Munis: Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index Total Return Index Value Unhedged USD Index tracks the municipal FIXED INCOME market in the United States

US Securitized: Bloomberg U.S. Securitized: MBS/ABS/CMBS and Covered TR Index Value measures US securitized debt including MBS, ABS, and CMBS,

US TIPS: The Bloomberg US Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities Total Return Index tracks the performance of publicly issued, US Treasury inflation-protected securities that have at least one year remaining to maturity and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value.

US Treasury: The Bloomberg US Treasury Index is the US Treasury component of the US Aggregate Index and uses public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more.

US Treasury Long: The Bloomberg US Treasury: Long Index measures US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, nominal debt issued by the US Treasury with 10 years or more to maturity.

USD: The US Majors Dollar Index (also referred to as 'DXY') tracks the performance of the USD versus a basket of foreign currencies including the euro, Japanese ven, Pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Swedish krona, and Swiss franc.



Abbreviations

AE: Advanced economies

AR: Annualized rate

BOE: Bank of England

BOJ: Bank of Japan

bp: Basis points

CBOE: Chicago Board Options Exchange

CFA *: Chartered Financial Analyst *

COFER: Composition of foreign exchange reserves

CP: Commercial paper

CPI: Consumer price index

Div.: Dividend

DM: Developed markets

EAFE: Europe, Australasia and Far East

ECB: European Central Bank

EM: Emerging markets

EPS: Earnings per share

Fed: Federal Reserve

FOMC: Federal Open Market Committee

FX: Foreign exchange

G3: US, Japan, Euro area

G4: US, UK, Germany, Japan

G7: US, UK, Germany, Japan, Italy, Canada, France

GDP: Gross domestic product

Global Equities: MSCI All-Country World Index

HICP: Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices

HY: high-yield

IG: Investment grade

IIF: Institute of International Finance

IMF: International Monetary Fund

ISM: Institute for Supply Management

LTRO: Long-term refinancing operation

m/m (MoM): Month-over-month

Min.: Minimum

MSCI: Morgan Stanley Capital Index

MTD: Month-to-date

NFIB: National Federation of Independent Business

NFP: Nonfarm Payrolls

OAS: Option adjusted spread

OIS: Overnight indexed swap rate

PB: Price-to-book ratio

PBOC: People's Bank of China

PCE: Personal consumption expenditures

PE: Price-to-earnings ratio

PEPP: Pandemic Emergency Purchase Program

PMI: Purchasing managers index

q/q (QoQ): Quarter-over-quarter

QE: Quantitative easing

QT: Quantitative tightening

SA: Seasonally adjusted

SAAR: Seasonally adjusted annualized rate

SD: Standard deviation

SOFR: Secured Overnight Financing Rate

TR: Total return

USD: US dollar

WTI: West Texas Intermediate

y/y (YoY): Year-over-year

YTD: Year-to-date



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