# Monthly CHECKPOINTS

**BNY INVESTMENT INSTITUTE** 

August 2025

#### **US General Public**

This material has been provided for illustrative and educational purposes only and should not be considered as investment advice or a recommendation of any particular investment, strategy, investment manager or account arrangement and should not serve as a primary basis for investment decisions. Information contained herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but not guaranteed.



# BNY INVESTMENT INSTITUTE

Drawing upon the breadth and expertise within BNY Investments, the Investment Institute generates thoughtful insights on macroeconomic trends, investable markets and portfolio construction.



Eric Hundahl, CFA®
Head of BNY
Investment Institute



**Sebastian Vismara** Head of Economic Research



Aninda Mitra
Head of Asia Macro &
Investment Strategy



Ryan Milgrim, CFA® Senior Research Analyst



**Jonathan Park**Multi-Asset Research
Analyst

Source: BNY Investment Institute as of July 31, 2025. Investment Institute consists of BNY Advisors' macroeconomic research, asset allocation, manager research and operational due diligence teams. BNY Advisors is the brand name under which BNY Mellon Advisors, Inc. conducts its investment advisory business. CFA® and Chartered Financial Analyst® are registered trademarks owned by CFA® Institute.



# CONTENTS

- Themes
- Macro
- Equities
- Fixed Income
- Portfolio Construction



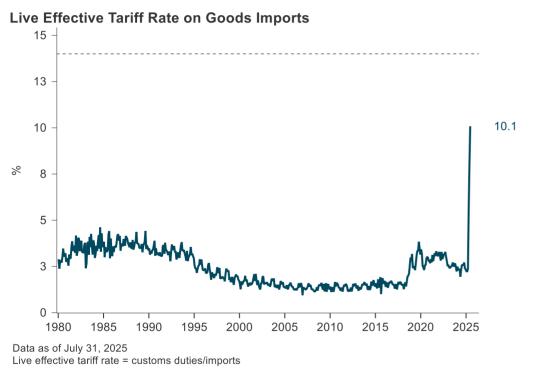
# THEMES

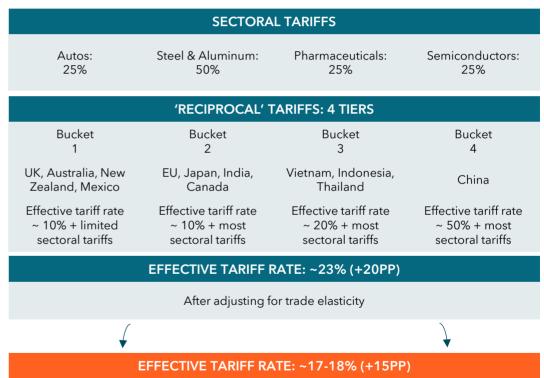




# **US Trade Policy**

Our judgement on the terminal effective tariff rate ultimately depends on our view of the strategic objectives of the US administration - source of funding, reduce dependence on China, and enhance national security. With these, we draw several conclusions: i) countries will be split into different buckets, each a function of trade imbalances, and other factors (e.g., existing security relationships and values alignment), ii) each bucket will be associated with a baseline level of tariffs, and possible exclusions to sectoral tariffs for some.

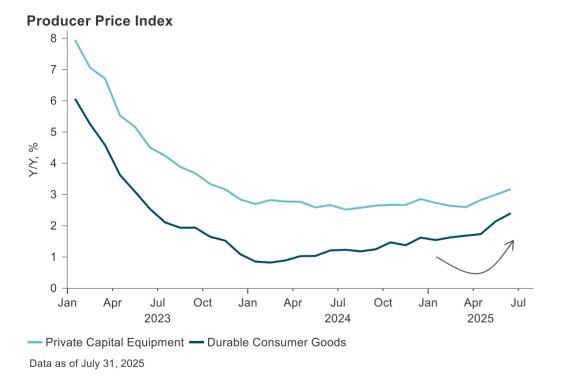


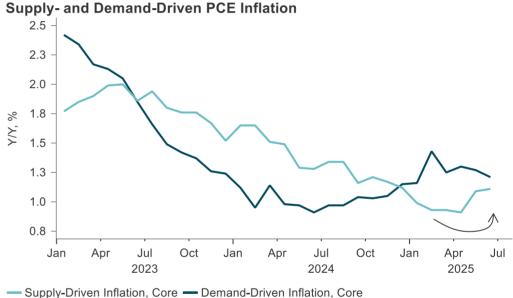




# **US** Inflation

Price increases in supply chains tend to surface first in the produce price index (PPI). Prices for consumer durables and private capital equipment have nudged higher suggesting tariffs impacting prices for materials used in producing downstream final products. Notably, supply-driven inflation measures, produced by the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, have ticked higher.





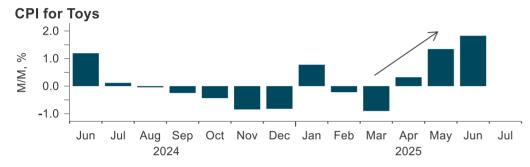
Data as of July 31, 2025

Note: Demand-driven categories are identified as those where an unexpected change in price moves in the same direction as the change in quantity in a given month. Supply-driven categories are identified as those where unexpected changes in price and quantity move in opposite directions.

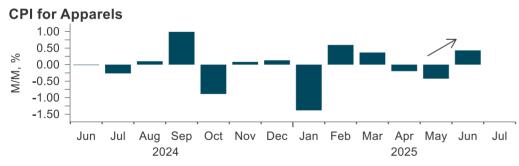


# **US** Inflation

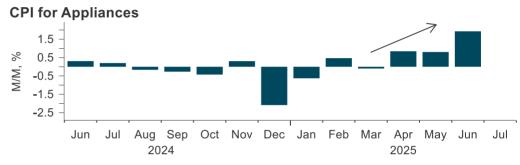
The increase in both headline and Core CPI matched what was expected by consensus. However, consistent with our view that tariff cost pass-through comes with a lag, details show some visibility of tariff costs. Core goods excluding autos rose the most since June 2022. Notably, prices rose for import intensive goods.



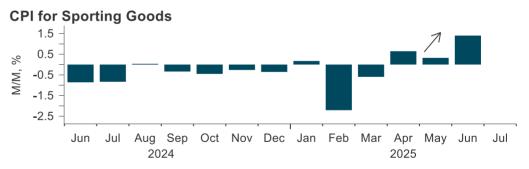
Data as of July 31, 2025



Data as of July 31, 2025



Data as of July 31, 2025

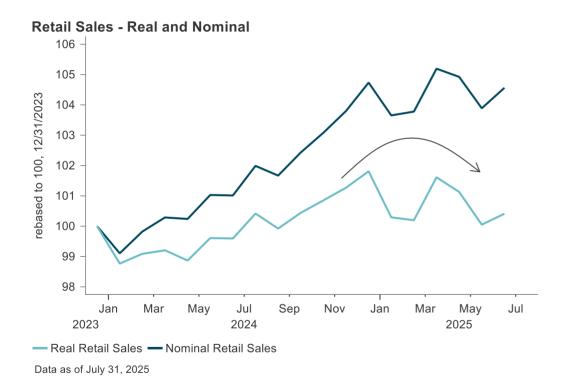


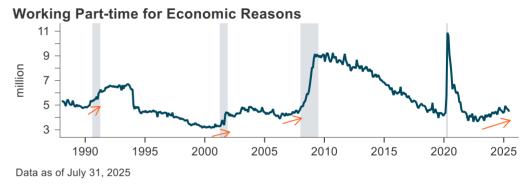
Data as of July 31, 2025



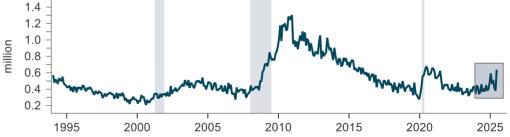
### **US** Labor

Retail sales are strong, in nominal terms, but adjusted for inflation, retail sales are flat through the year. The labor market remains steady, but signs of softness continue to be evident. Part-time workers due to economic reasons and people not in the labor force due to being discouraged by job prospects continue to inch higher.







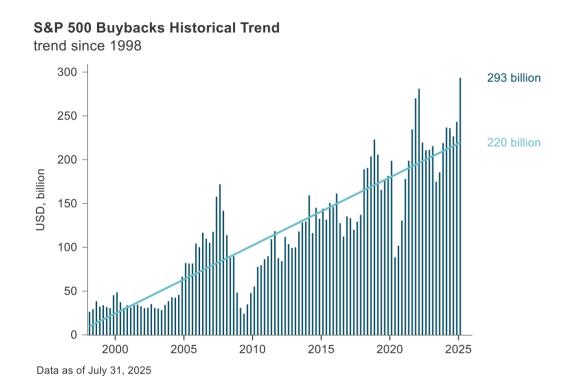


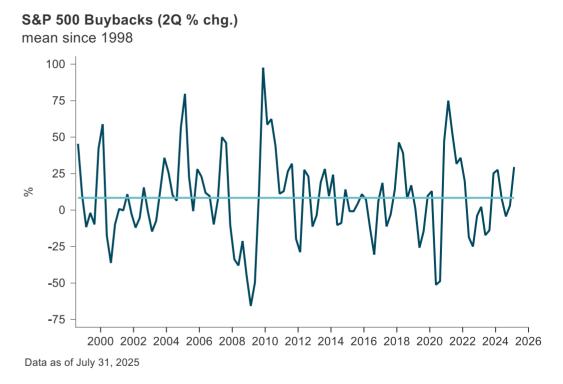
Data as of July 31, 2025



# Firm Behavior Amidst Uncertainty

Q1 2025 S&P 500 buybacks set quarterly record. 384 companies reported buybacks of at least \$5 million for the quarter, up from 342 in Q4 2024 and up from 352 in Q1 2024.

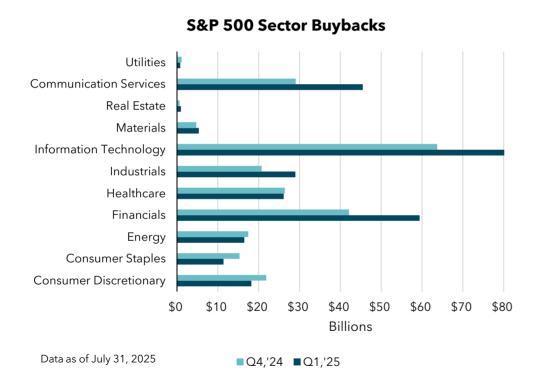




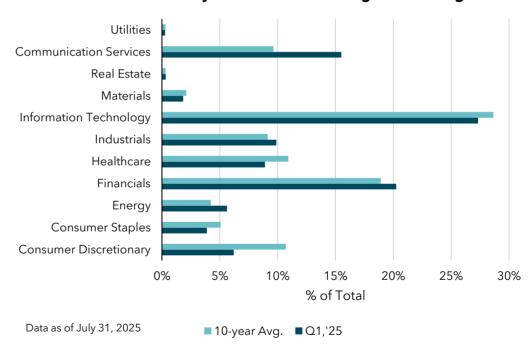


# Firm Behavior Amidst Uncertainty

Tech and financials led buybacks. Buybacks by financials, communication services, energy, and industrials were above its 10-year average.



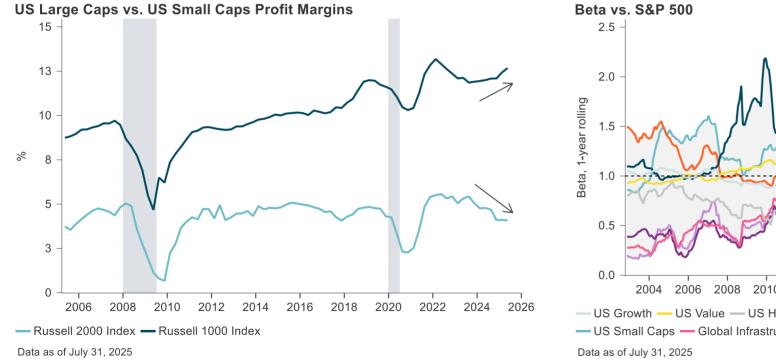
#### **S&P 500 Sector Buybacks Relative to Long-term Average**

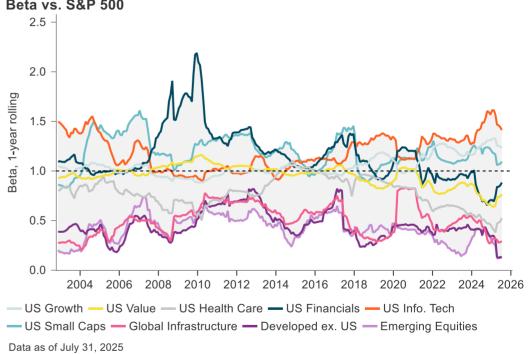




# Well Diversified Approach

We believe that elevated global uncertainty warrants a well diversified approach. Within risk assets, we favor strong balance sheets, particularly large caps over small caps. Additionally, we lean into infrastructure for equity exposure but lower beta and income benefits.



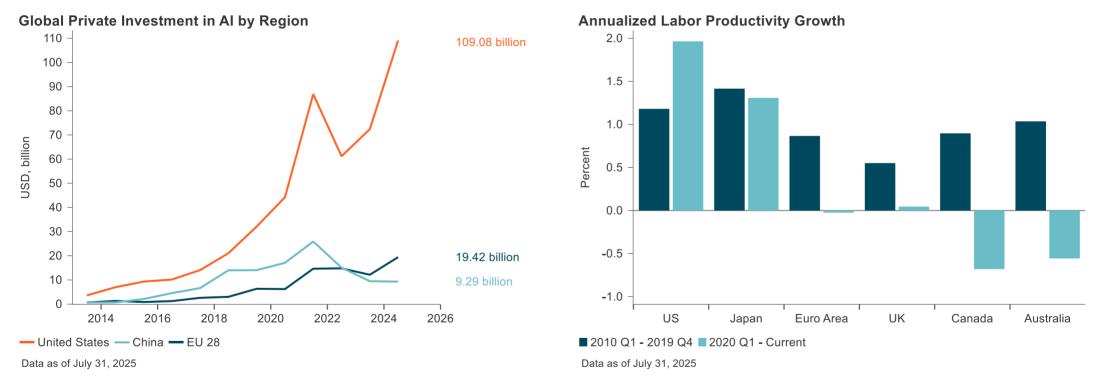


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. The views presented should not be construed as investment or portfolio construction recommendations, nor a recommendation to buy or sell any security or asset class. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. ACWI: MSCI All Country World Index. US: S&P 500 Index. India: MSCI India Index. Australia: MSCI Australia Index. Europe ex UK: MSCI Europe ex UK Index. Canada: MSCI Canada Index. Japan: MSCI Japan Index. Germany: MSCI Germany Index. UK: MSCI UK Index. China: MSCI EM ex China Index. US Growth: Russell 1000 Growth Index. US Value: Russell 1000 Value Index. US Health Care: S&P 500 Health Care Index. US Financials: S&P 500 Financials Index. US Info. Tech Index. US Small Caps: Russell 2000 Index. Global Infrastructure: S&P Global Infrastructure Index. Developed ex US: MSCI EAFE Index. Emerging Equities: MSCI EM Index. Asset allocation and diversification cannot assure a profit or protect against loss.



# Artificial Intelligence

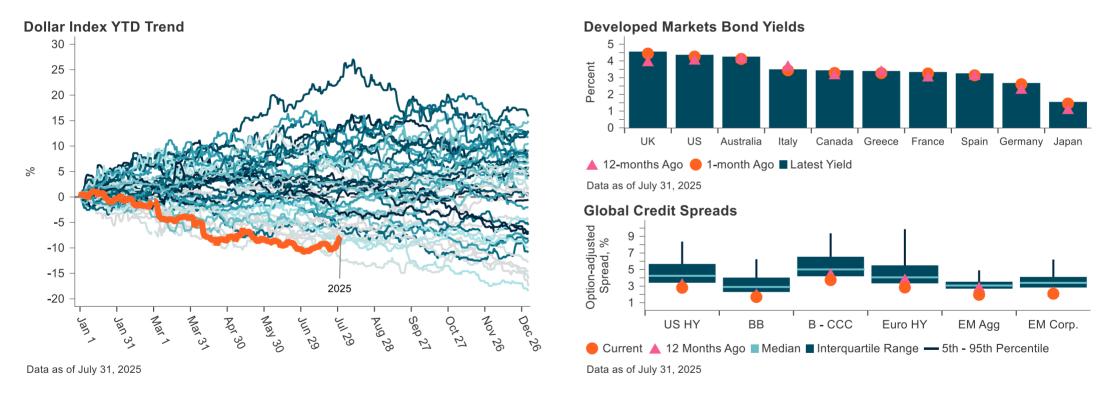
Tariffs and geopolitics were the headlines for the first half of 2025. But strategically, as we've laid out in our annual Capital Market Assumptions, we think dynamic economies (such as the US) are poised to benefit from AI due to higher adoption rates within innovation hubs.





### **Active Duration**

We believe that higher and prolonged interest rates and elevated interest rate volatility are likely a feature of the new macro regime and an environment conducive for active selection. We remain favorable in our view on government bonds funded from cash and are taking active duration positions across regions. We favor yields over spreads. Tariffs, alongside a weaker dollar, are likely to be disinflationary for most other major economies.





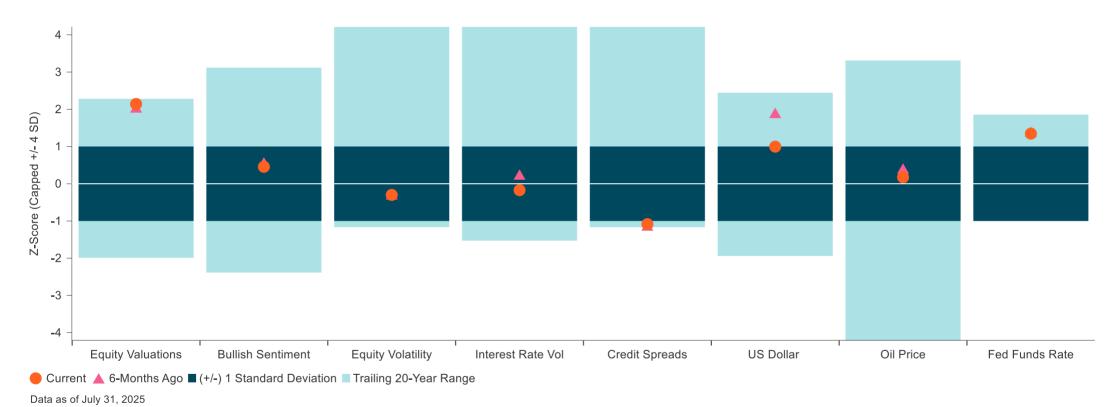
# MACRO





# Key Market Indicators

#### **Market Indicators**



Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Data has been standardized for illustrative purposes over a period of the trailing 20 years as of date in chart above.



# Data Tracker Heatmap

#### Macro Data Tracker

| Theme       | Indicator                  | Feb-24 | Mar-24 | Apr-24 | May-24 | Jun-24 | Jul-24 | Aug-24 | Sep-24 | Oct-24 | Nov-24 | Dec-24 | Jan-25 | Feb-25 | Mar-25 | Apr-25 | May-25 | Jun-25 | Jul-25 |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Growth      | GDPNow Forecast            | 3.0    | 2.3    | 3.9    | 2.7    | 2.2    | 2.8    | 2.5    | 3.1    | 2.7    | 2.7    | 2.5    | 2.9    | -1.5   | -2.8   | 2.4    | 3.8    | 2.9    | 2.3    |
|             | Industrial Production      | 1.2    | -0.2   | -0.2   | 0.6    | 0.3    | -0.7   | 0.5    | -0.4   | -0.4   | -0.3   | 1.1    | -0.2   | 1.0    | -0.3   | 0.0    | 0.0    | 0.3    |        |
|             | Housing Starts (M)         | 1.6    | 1.3    | 1.4    | 1.3    | 1.3    | 1.3    | 1.4    | 1.4    | 1.4    | 1.3    | 1.5    | 1.4    | 1.5    | 1.4    | 1.4    | 1.3    | 1.3    |        |
| Inflation   | PCE YoY                    | 2.6    | 2.8    | 2.7    | 2.6    | 2.4    | 2.5    | 2.3    | 2.1    | 2.3    | 2.5    | 2.6    | 2.6    | 2.7    | 2.3    | 2.2    | 2.4    | 2.6    |        |
|             | Core PCE YoY               | 2.9    | 3.0    | 2.9    | 2.7    | 2.6    | 2.7    | 2.7    | 2.7    | 2.8    | 2.8    | 2.9    | 2.7    | 2.9    | 2.7    | 2.6    | 2.8    | 2.8    |        |
|             | CPI YoY                    | 3.2    | 3.5    | 3.4    | 3.2    | 3.0    | 2.9    | 2.6    | 2.4    | 2.6    | 2.7    | 2.9    | 3.0    | 2.8    | 2.4    | 2.3    | 2.4    | 2.7    |        |
|             | Core CPI YoY               | 3.8    | 3.8    | 3.6    | 3.4    | 3.3    | 3.2    | 3.3    | 3.3    | 3.3    | 3.3    | 3.2    | 3.3    | 3.1    | 2.8    | 2.8    | 2.8    | 2.9    |        |
|             | Inflation Expectations: 1Y | 2.9    | 2.8    | 2.6    | 2.2    | 1.9    | 1.5    | 1.6    | 1.7    | 2.1    | 2.4    | 2.4    | 2.8    | 3.4    | 3.5    | 3.3    | 3.0    | 2.7    |        |
| Consumer    | Retail Sales               | 0.7    | 0.3    | 0.0    | 0.8    | 0.0    | 0.9    | -0.2   | 0.8    | 0.6    | 0.6    | 0.8    | -0.9   | 0.0    | 1.5    | -0.1   | -0.9   | 0.6    |        |
|             | Personal Income            | 0.4    | 0.6    | 0.1    | 0.3    | 0.2    | 0.2    | 0.1    | 0.3    | 0.7    | 0.3    | 0.4    | 0.5    | 0.7    | 0.6    | 0.8    | -0.4   | 0.3    |        |
|             | Savings Rate               | 5.4    | 5.2    | 5.1    | 4.9    | 4.8    | 4.3    | 4.2    | 3.8    | 4.1    | 3.9    | 3.5    | 4.2    | 4.4    | 4.4    | 5.0    | 4.5    | 4.5    |        |
|             | Confidence                 | 104.8  | 103.1  | 97.5   | 101.3  | 97.8   | 101.9  | 105.6  | 99.2   | 109.6  | 112.8  | 109.5  | 105.3  | 100.1  | 93.9   | 85.7   | 98.4   | 95.2   | 97.2   |
|             | Sentiment                  | 76.9   | 79.4   | 77.2   | 69.1   | 68.2   | 66.4   | 67.9   | 70.1   | 70.5   | 71.8   | 74.0   | 71.7   | 64.7   | 57.0   | 52.2   | 52.2   | 60.7   | 61.8   |
| Employment  | NFP (K, net chg.)          | 222.0  | 246.0  | 118.0  | 193.0  | 87.0   | 88.0   | 71.0   | 240.0  | 44.0   | 261.0  | 323.0  | 111.0  | 102.0  | 120.0  | 158.0  | 144.0  | 147.0  |        |
|             | Initial Jobless Claims (K) | 212.0  | 223.0  | 229.0  | 229.0  | 238.0  | 234.0  | 228.0  | 259.0  | 221.0  | 225.0  | 205.0  | 222.0  | 224.0  | 224.0  | 229.0  | 248.0  | 228.0  |        |
|             | Unemployment Rate          | 3.9    | 3.9    | 3.9    | 4.0    | 4.1    | 4.2    | 4.2    | 4.1    | 4.1    | 4.2    | 4.1    | 4.0    | 4.1    | 4.2    | 4.2    | 4.2    | 4.1    |        |
|             | Sahm Rule                  | 0.3    | 0.3    | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.5    | 0.6    | 0.5    | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.3    | 0.3    | 0.3    | 0.3    | 0.2    |        |
| Earnings    | S&P 500 Earnings Growth    | 8.7    | 9.0    | 9.5    | 10.8   | 10.9   | 10.3   | 10.9   | 10.1   | 9.7    | 10.6   | 10.5   | 10.2   | 9.5    | 8.9    | 7.0    | 5.6    | 6.0    | 7.2    |
| Yield Curve | UST 2s10s (bp)             | -39.0  | -39.0  | -35.0  | -38.0  | -35.0  | -20.0  | 0.0    | 15.0   | 12.0   | 5.0    | 33.0   | 36.0   | 25.0   | 34.0   | 57.0   | 52.0   | 52.0   | 43.0   |
| Recession   | Recession Probability      | 58.3   | 58.3   | 50.0   | 51.8   | 55.8   | 56.3   | 61.8   | 57.1   | 42.1   | 33.6   | 29.4   | 23.2   | 27.0   | 30.2   | 30.5   | 28.3   | 28.7   |        |

Data as of July 31, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Sahm Recession indicator signals the start of a recession when the three-month moving average of the national unemployment rate rises by 0.5 percentage points or more relative to the minimum of the three-month averages from the previous 12 months. Yield Curve defined as difference between 10-year Treasury yield and 2-year Treasury yield. Abbreviations: M, million; K, thousand; YoY, year-over-year; EPS, earnings per share; bp, basis points.



# Consumer Indicators

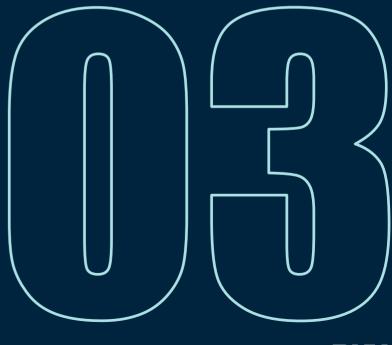
#### **US Consumer Dashboard**



Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Data has been standardized for illustrative purposes over a period of the trailing 20 years as of date noted in chart above.



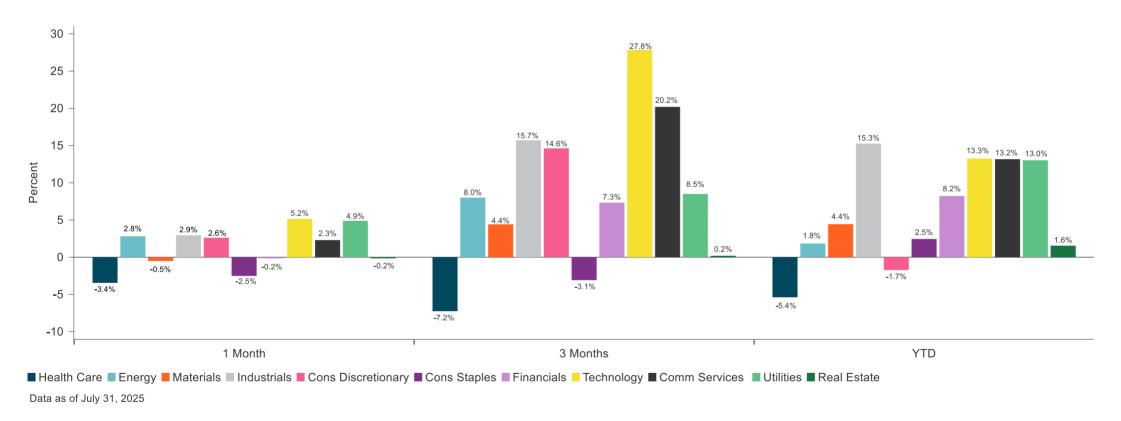
# EQUITIES





# Sector Performance

#### S&P 500 Sector Returns

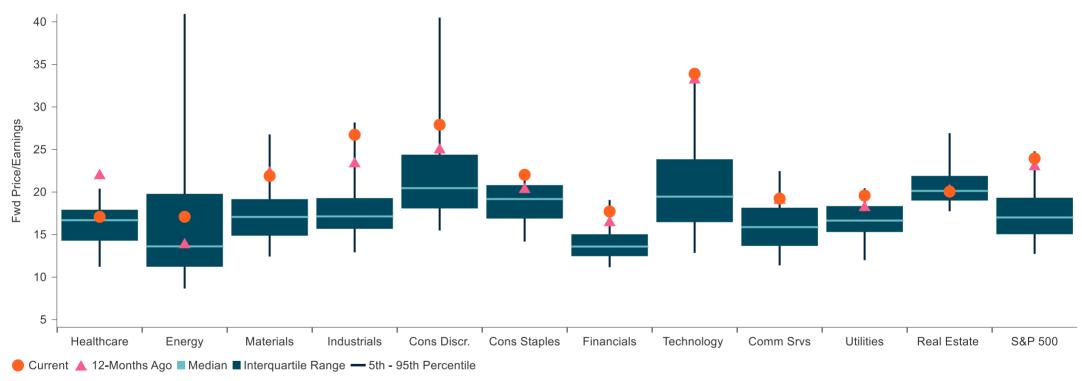


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



# Sector Valuations

#### **S&P 500 Sector Valuations**



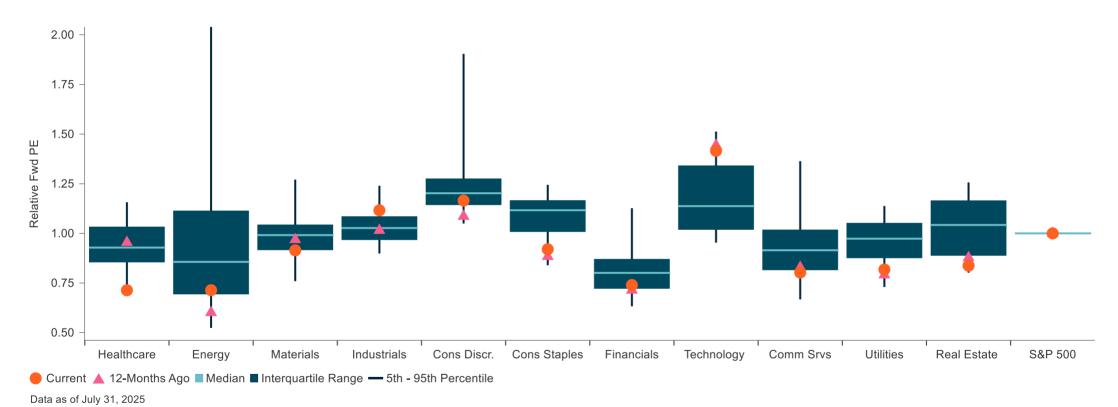
Data as of July 31, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. S&P 500 sector valuations show current valuations relative to trailing 20-years as of date shown in chart above.



### Relative Sector Valuations

#### **Sector Valuations Relative to S&P 500**



not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. S&P 500 sector valuations show current valuations relative to trailing 20-years as of

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no quarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are

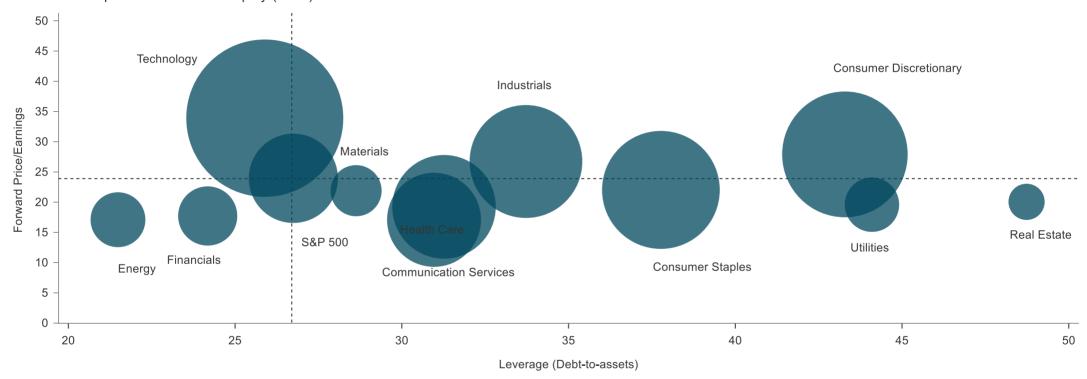
>BNY

date shown in chart above.

# Sector Fundamentals

#### **S&P 500 Sector Valuations & Leverage**

Bubble size represents return-on-equity (ROE)

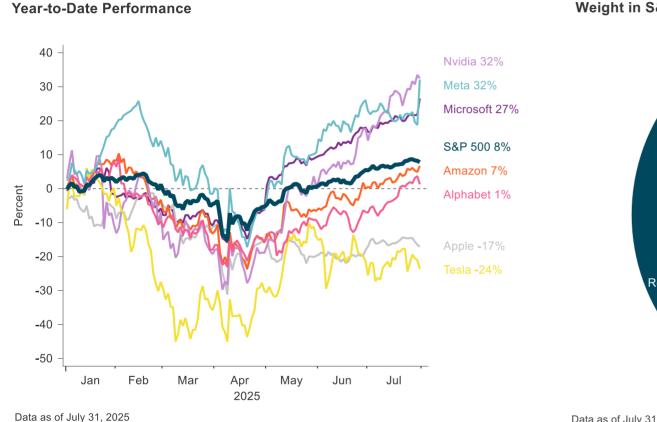


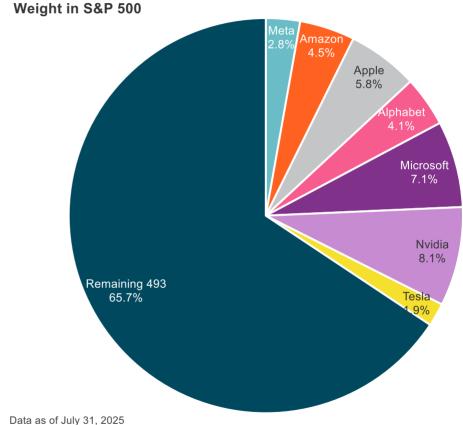
Data as of July 31, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



# Magnificent 7



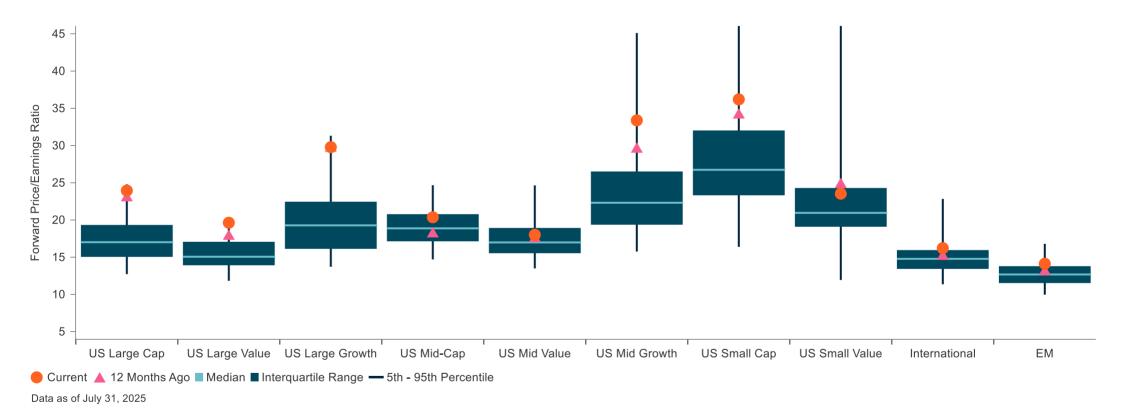


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Magnificent 7 refers to the following seven stocks: Nvidia, Meta, Tesla, Amazon, Alphabet, Apple, and Microsoft. The holdings listed should not be considered recommendations to buy or sell a security.



# **Valuations**

#### **Asset Class Valuations**

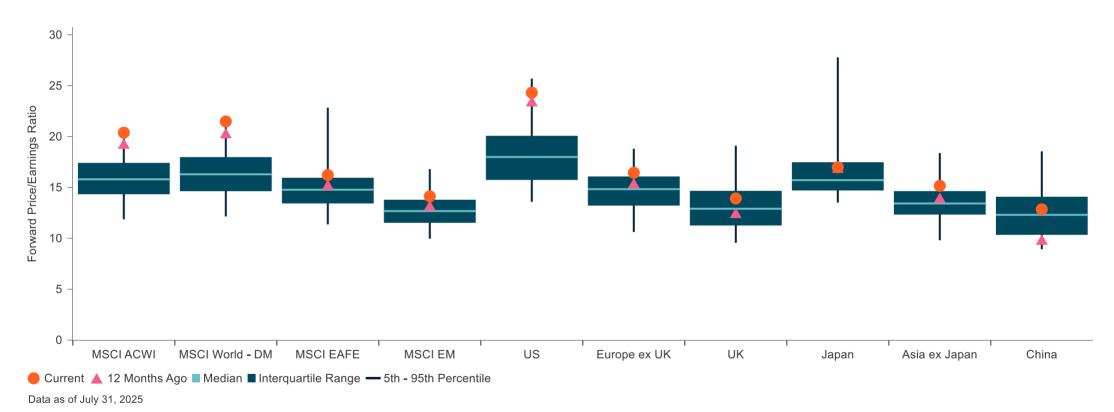


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Asset class valuations show current valuations relative to trailing 20-years as of date in chart above.



# Global Valuations

#### **Regional Valuations**

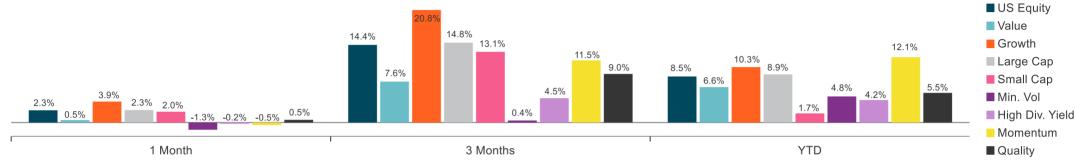


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Regional valuations show current valuations relative to trailing 20-years as of date in chart above.



# **Equity Styles**

#### **US Style Returns**



Data as of July 31, 2025

#### **International Style Returns**



Data as of July 31, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



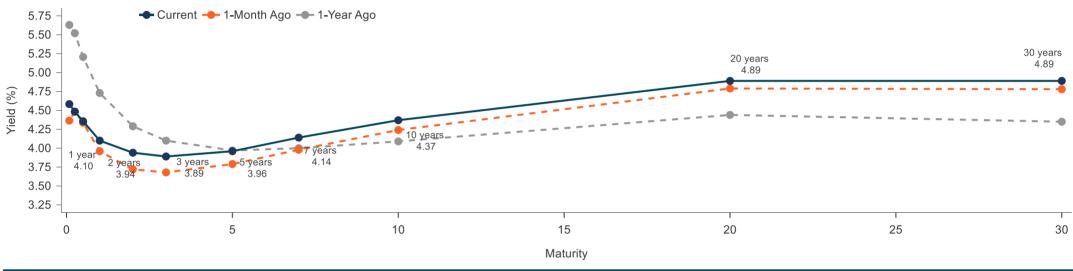
# FIXED INCOME





# **US Yield Curve**

#### **US Treasury Yield Curve**



| Nominal Yield (%) | 1 Month | 3 Month | 6 Month | 1 Year | 2 Year | 3 Year | 5 Year | 7 Year | 10 Year | 20 Year | 30 Year |
|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Current           | 4.49    | 4.41    | 4.31    | 4.10   | 3.94   | 3.89   | 3.96   | 4.14   | 4.37    | 4.89    | 4.89    |
| 1-Month Ago       | 4.28    | 4.41    | 4.29    | 3.96   | 3.72   | 3.68   | 3.79   | 3.98   | 4.24    | 4.79    | 4.78    |
| 1-Year Ago        | 5.49    | 5.41    | 5.14    | 4.73   | 4.29   | 4.10   | 3.97   | 4.00   | 4.09    | 4.44    | 4.35    |

Data as of July 31, 2025

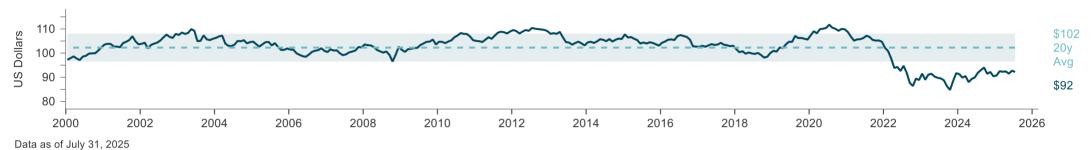
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



# Components of Return

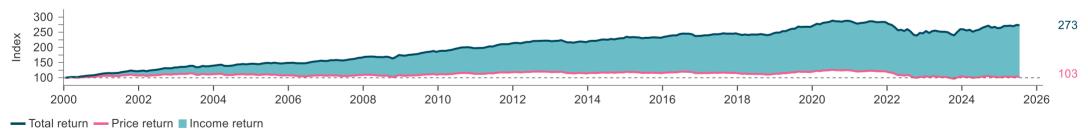
#### **Bloomberg US Agg Weighted Average Bond Price**

Teal shaded region indicates +1 and -1 Standard Deviation



#### **Bloomberg US Agg Bond Index Return Components**

Teal region indicates the portion of total return derived from income return



Data as of July 31, 2025

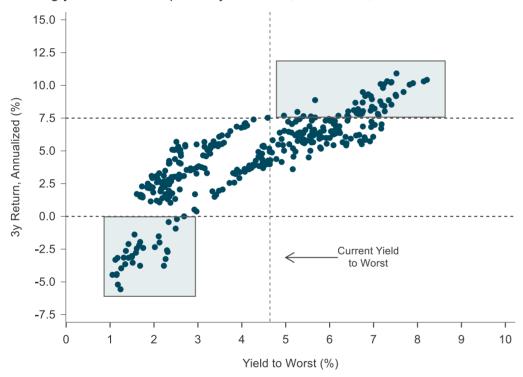
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



# **US Agg Valuations**

#### **US Agg Broad Bond Index Valuations**

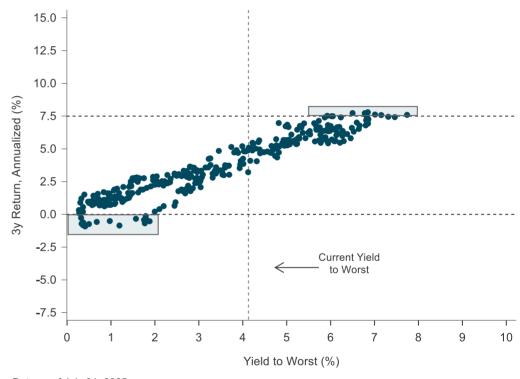
Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since March 1993



Data as of July 31, 2025

#### **US Agg (1-3 Years) Bond Index Valuations**

Starting yield and subsequent 3-year return, annualized, since March 1993



Data as of July 31, 2025

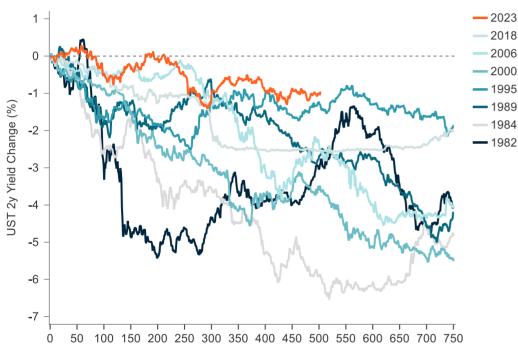
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Light teal shades denote 3-year annualized performance greater than 7.5% and negative 3-year annualized performance. 7.5% represents the approximate upper bound performance average for the US Aggregate 1-3 Years Bond Index.



### Interest Rate & Last Fed Hike

#### **US Treasury 2-year Yields**



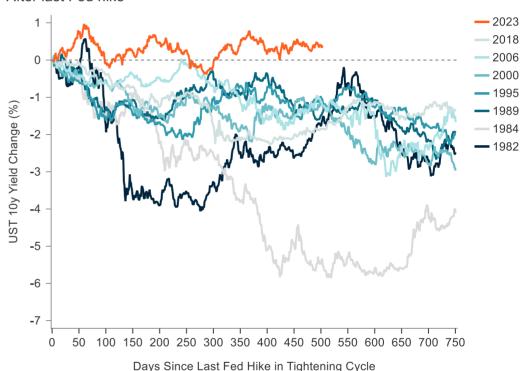


#### Days Since Last Fed Hike in Tightening Cycle

Data as of July 31, 2025

#### **US Treasury 10-year Yields**





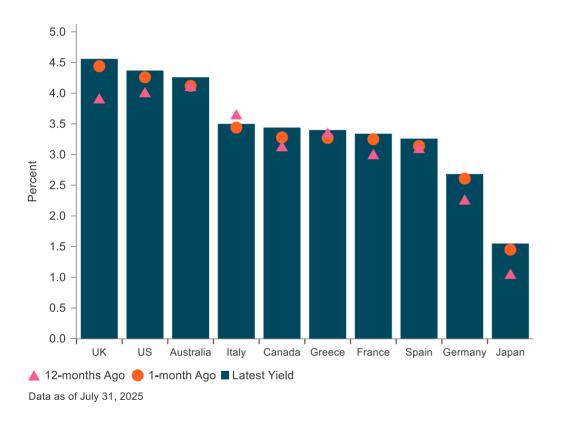
Data as of July 31, 2025

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.

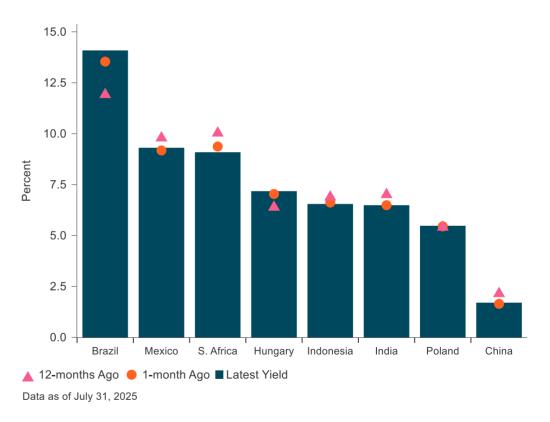


### **Bonds Without Borders**

#### **Developed Markets Bond Yields**



#### **Emerging Markets Bond Yields**

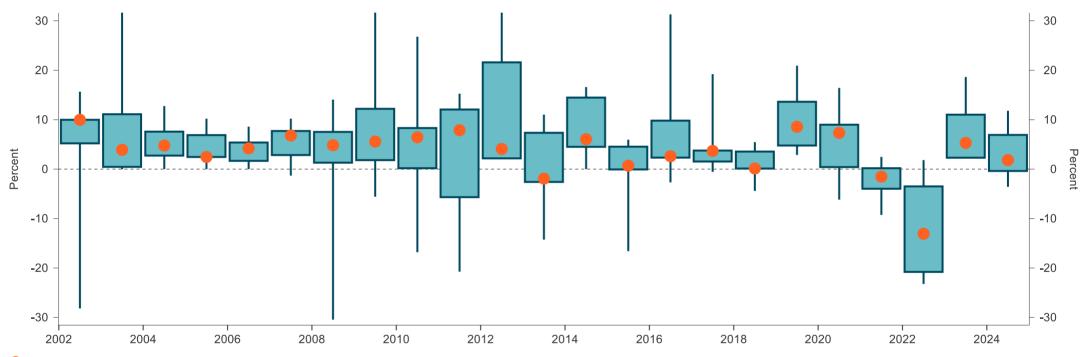


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



# **Bonds Without Borders**

#### **Historical Return Range**



United States, rhs Dox Represents G7 Total Return Range; Horizontal Line Represents Global Range, lhs

Data as of July 31, 2025

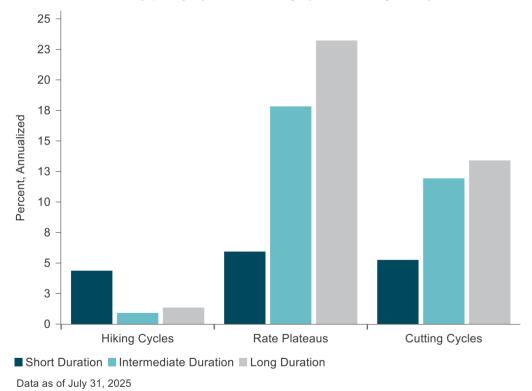
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.



# Bonds & Monetary Policy Cycles

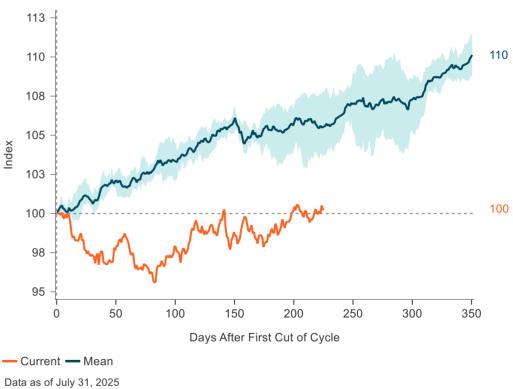
#### **US Federal Reserve**

Previous 5 monetary policy cycle; excluding cycle that begun in year 2022



#### **Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index**

After first rate cut (previous 5 monetary policy cycles)



Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Monetary policy cycle defined as cycle that commences with two consecutive rate hikes. The 1998 rate cut excluded as a cycle in this slide as it did not precede two consecutive rate hikes. Rate cuts measure 6-month performance after initial rate cut, annualized.



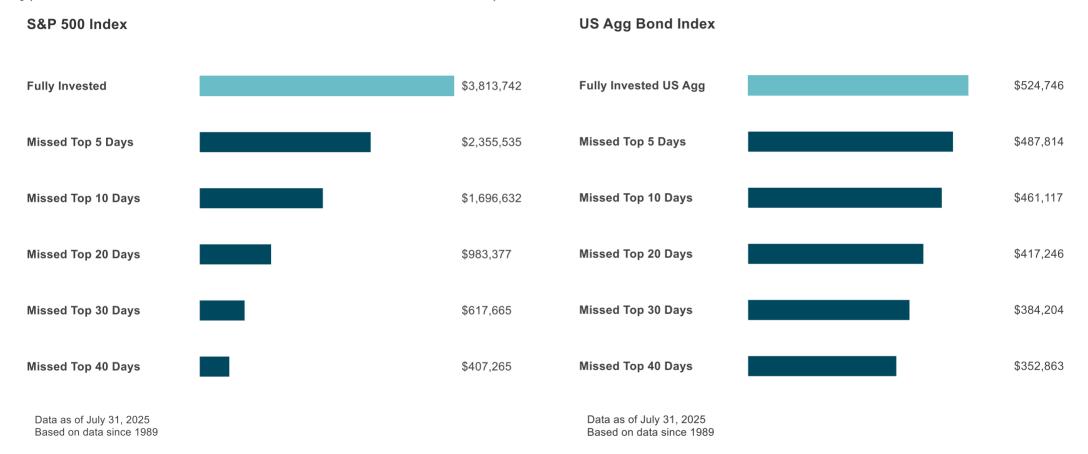
# PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION





# Time in the Market

Hypothetical \$100,000 investment in 1989 (common inception)

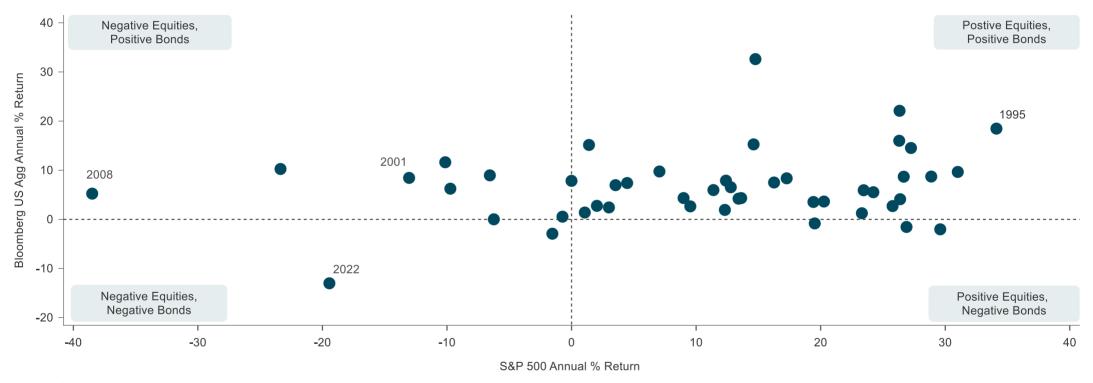


Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. For illustrative purposes only.



## Equity & Bonds

#### **US Equity & Bond Returns since 1978**



Data as of July 31, 2025

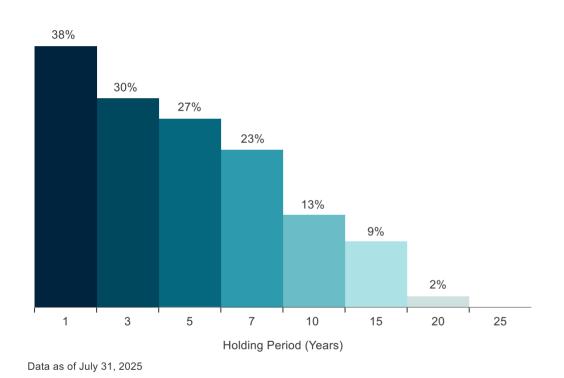
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Equity defined as S&P 500 index and bonds defined as Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond index.



## **Equity & Bonds**

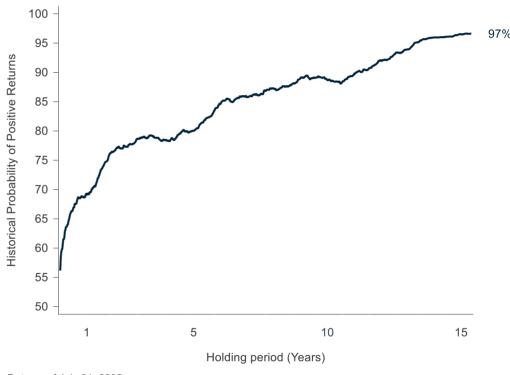
#### Odds of Bonds Beating Equities based on Holding Period

Total returns of 10-year US Government Bond & S&P 500



#### Probability of Positive Returns from S&P 500

Probability of positive returns based on holding period

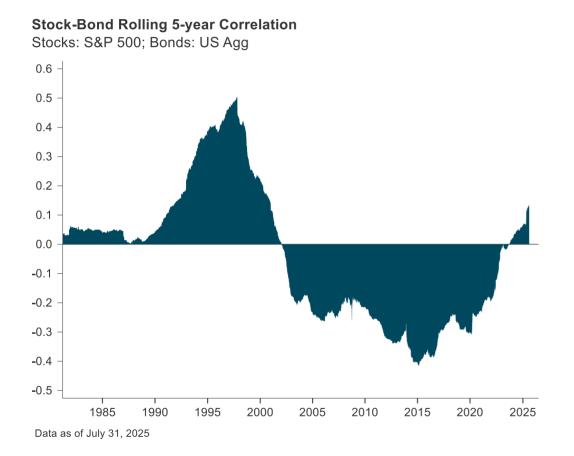


Data as of July 31, 2025

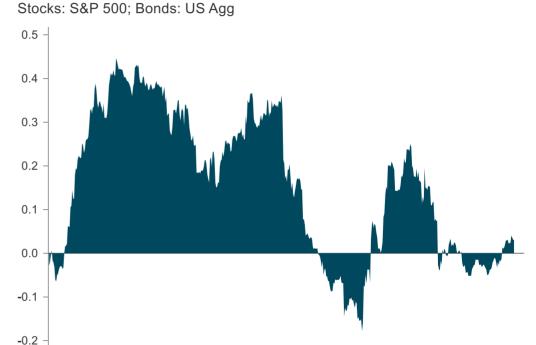
Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. For illustrative purposes only.



## Stock-Bond Correlation



#### Stock-Bond Rolling 90-day Correlation



Data as of July 31, 2025

2023

Sep

Nov

Mar

Jan

May

Jul

2024

Sep

Nov

Mar

Jan

May

2025

Jul

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix. Any projections or forecasts contained herein are based upon certain assumptions considered reasonable. Projections are speculative in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialize or vary significantly from the actual results. For illustrative purposes only.



## Asset Class Performance Quilt

Source: BNY Investment Institute, Macrobond. The performance quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may differ from figures shown. Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product. An investor cannot invest directly in the index. See full definition of indices in back labeled Appendix.

| Rank | 2018                              | 2019                              | 2020                              | 2021                               | 2022                                | 2023                              | 2024                              | YTD                               |
|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1    | USD<br>4.4 %                      | US Crude WTI<br>34.5 %            | Gold<br>24.2 %                    | US Crude WTI<br>58.7 %             | Commodity<br>16.1 %                 | S&P 500<br>26.3 %                 | Gold<br>26.6 %                    | Gold<br>26.7 %                    |
| 2    | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>3.6 % | S&P 500<br>31.5 %                 | MSCI EM<br>18.7 %                 | S&P 500<br>28.7 %                  | USD<br>8.2 %                        | MSCI ACWI<br>22.8 %               | S&P 500<br>25.0 %                 | MSCI EAFE<br>18.3 %               |
| 3    | Municipal Bond IG<br>1.4 %        | MSCI ACWI<br>27.3 %               | S&P 500<br>18.4 %                 | Commodity<br>27.1 %                | US Crude WTI<br>4.2 %               | MSCI EAFE<br>18.9 %               | MSCI ACWI<br>18.0 %               | MSCI EM<br>17.9 %                 |
| 4    | US Treasury<br>0.9 %              | MSCI EAFE<br>22.7 %               | MSCI ACWI<br>16.8 %               | MSCI ACWI<br>19.0 %                | Gold<br>-0.4 %                      | Gold<br>13.8 %                    | Global High Yield<br>10.7 %       | MSCI ACWI<br>11.9 %               |
| 5    | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>0.4 %     | MSCI EM<br>18.9 %                 | MSCI EAFE<br>8.3 %                | MSCI EAFE<br>11.8 %                | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>-0.8 %      | Global High Yield<br>13.7 %       | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>9.0 %     | S&P 500<br>8.6 %                  |
| 6    | Global Agg Corp<br>IG<br>-1.0 %   | Gold<br>18.8 %                    | Global Agg Corp<br>IG<br>8.3 %    | USD<br>6.4 %                       | Hedge Funds<br>-4.4 %               | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>13.3 %    | MSCI EM<br>8.1 %                  | EM USD Debt<br>5.9 %              |
| 7    | Gold<br>-1.1 %                    | Global High Yield<br>13.3 %       | US Treasury<br>8.0 %              | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>5.2 %      | Municipal Bond IG<br>-6.4 %         | MSCI EM<br>10.3 %                 | USD<br>7.1 %                      | Global High Yield<br>5.6 %        |
| 8    | EM USD Debt<br>-2.5 %             | EM USD Debt<br>13.1 %             | Hedge Funds<br>6.8 %              | Hedge Funds<br>3.7 %               | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>-10.1 % | Global Agg Corp<br>IG<br>9.1 %    | EM USD Debt<br>6.6 %              | Commodity<br>5.0 %                |
| 9    | Global High Yield<br>-2.7 %       | Global Agg Corp<br>IG<br>12.5 %   | EM USD Debt<br>6.5 %              | Global High Yield<br>2.5 %         | Global High Yield<br>-11.0 %        | EM USD Debt<br>9.1 %              | Commodity<br>5.4 %                | Global Agg Corp IG<br>4.1 %       |
| 10   | S&P 500<br>-4.4 %                 | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>8.6 %     | Global High Yield<br>5.7 %        | Municipal Bond IG<br>0.9 %         | US Treasury<br>-12.5 %              | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>8.0 % | Hedge Funds<br>5.3 %              | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>3.7 %     |
| 11   | Hedge Funds<br>-6.7 %             | Hedge Funds<br>8.6 %              | Municipal Bond IG<br>5.1 %        | Global Agg Corp<br>IG<br>-0.8 %    | MSCI EAFE<br>-14.0 %                | Municipal Bond IG<br>5.2 %        | MSCI EAFE<br>4.3 %                | US Treasury<br>3.4 %              |
| 12   | MSCI ACWI<br>-8.9 %               | Commodity<br>7.7 %                | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>3.7 % | EM USD Debt<br>-1.7 %              | Global Agg Corp<br>IG<br>-14.1 %    | US Treasury<br>4.1 %              | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>4.2 % | Hedge Funds<br>3.1 %              |
| 13   | Commodity<br>-11.2 %              | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>7.4 % | US Leveraged<br>Loan<br>3.1 %     | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>-1.7 % | EM USD Debt<br>-15.3 %              | Hedge Funds<br>3.1 %              | Global Agg Corp<br>IG<br>3.7 %    | Municipal Bond IG<br>1.4 %        |
| 14   | MSCI EAFE<br>-13.4 %              | Municipal Bond IG<br>6.9 %        | Commodity<br>-3.1 %               | MSCI EM<br>-2.2 %                  | MSCI ACWI<br>-18.0 %                | USD<br>-2.1 %                     | Municipal Bond IG<br>0.9 %        | Global Treasury ex<br>US<br>1.3 % |
| 15   | MSCI EM<br>-14.2 %                | US Treasury<br>6.9 %              | USD<br>-6.7 %                     | US Treasury<br>-2.3 %              | S&P 500<br>-18.1 %                  | Commodity<br>-7.9 %               | US Treasury<br>0.6 %              | US Crude WTI<br>-3.4 %            |
| 16   | US Crude WTI<br>-24.8 %           | USD<br>0.2 %                      | US Crude WTI<br>-20.5 %           | Gold<br>-3.8 %                     | MSCI EM<br>-19.7 %                  | US Crude WTI<br>-10.7 %           | US Crude WTI<br>0.1 %             | USD<br>-7.9 %                     |

Data as of July 31, 2025



## APPENDIX



#### REPRESENTATIVE INDICES

10Y German Bund: Average yield of a range of German government bonds all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

10Y Japanese Bond: Average yield of a range of Japanese government bonds all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

10Y UK Gilt: Average yield of a range of UK government bonds all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

10Y US Treasuries: Average yield of a range of Treasury securities all adjusted to the equivalent of a ten-year maturity

2Y US Treasuries: Average yield of a range of Treasury securities all adjusted to the equivalent of a two-year maturity

A: Bloomberg US Agg A Total Return Value Unhedged USD

AA: Bloomberg US Agg Aa Total Return Value Unhedged USD

AAA: Bloomberg US Agg Aaa Total Return Value Unhedged USD

**ABS:** The index measures the performance of ABS component of the U.S. Aggregate index which measures the investment grade, US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market.

Alerian MLP: The Alerian MLP Index is the leading gauge of energy infrastructure Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs).

BB: Bloomberg Ba US High Yield TR Index Value Unhedged USD,

BBB: Bloomberg US Agg Baa Total Return Value Unhedged USD

B-CCC: Bloomberg US Corporate B - Ca Capped Index TR Index Unhedged USD

**Bloomberg Commodity Index:** The Dow Jones UBS Commodity index is designed to provide diversified commodity exposure with weightings based on the commodity's liquidity and economic significance

**CMBS:** The Bloomberg US CMBS Investment Grade Index measures the market of US Agency and US Non-Agency conduit and fusion CMBS deals with a minimum current deal size of \$300mn.

**EM Aggregate:** The Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate Index includes USD denominated debt from sovereign, quasi-sovereign, and corporate EM issuers.

**EM Sovereigns Local:** The Bloomberg EM Local Currency Government Total Return Index measures the general performance of locally issued FIXED INCOME securities by Emerging Market governments.

**EM Sovereigns USD:** The Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate: Sovereign Index is a subset of the Emerging Markets USD Aggregate Bond Index, only including securities classified as treasuries or sovereigns.

**Emerging Markets Dividends:** The Dow Jones Emerging Markets Select Dividend Index aims to measure the stock performance of 100 leading dividend-paying emerging-market companies, selected by dividend yield subject to screening and buffering criteria.

**Euro Agg:** The Bloomberg EuroAgg Index is a benchmark that measures the investment grade, euro-denominated, fixed-rate bond market, including treasuries, government-related, corporate and securitized issues. Inclusion is based on currency denomination of a bond and not country of risk of the issuer.

**Euro High Yield:** The Bloomberg Pan-European High Yield Index measures the market of non-investment grade, fixed-rate corporate bonds denominated in the following currencies: euro, pounds sterling, Danish krone, Norwegian krone, Swedish krona, and Swiss franc.

FTSE 100: The FTSE 100 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of the 100 most highly capitalized companies traded on the London Stock Exchange.

FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs: FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITS Total Return Index is a free float adjusted market capitalization weighted index that includes all tax qualified REITs listed in the NYSE, AMEX, and NASDAQ National Market.

**Global Aggregate:** The Bloomberg Global Aggregate Total Return (USD hedged) Index is a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade FIXED INCOME market.

Global High Yield: The Bloomberg Global High Yield Index is a broad-based measure of the global high yield market.

**Global Infrastructure:** The S&P Global Infrastructure Index is designed to track 75 companies from around the world chosen to represent the listed infrastructure industry while maintaining liquidity and tradability.

**Global Investment Grade - Corporates:** This Index reflects the corporate component of the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index which is designed to provide a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade FIXED INCOME markets.

**Global REITS:** The FTSE EPRA Nareit Global REITs index is a subset of the FTSE EPRA Nareit Global Index, comprising of only the REITs constituents.

**Global Treasury ex US:** The Bloomberg Global Treasury ex US index tracks fixed-rate local currency government debt of investment grade countries excluding the US and represents the Treasury sector of the Global Aggregate Index.

Gold (USD / Troy Ounce): Gold London Bullion Market spot price, quoted in USD per Troy Ounce

Hedge Funds: The HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index is designed to be representative of the overall composition of the hedge fund universe.

International Select Dividends: The Dow Jones EPAC Select Dividend Index aims to represent the performance of high dividend-paying companies in the EPAC (Europe, Pacific, Asia and Canada) region, which covers developed markets excluding the U.S.

JPM EMBI Global Diversified: The J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Index tracks liquid, US Dollar emerging market fixed and floating-rate debt instruments issued by sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities1

**MBS:** The index measures the performance of the agency mortgage-backed pass-through securities (both fixed-rate and hybrid ARM) issued by Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA), and Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

MSCI AC Asia ex Japan: The MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index captures large and mid cap representation across 2 of 3 Developed Markets (DM) countries (excluding Japan) and 8 Emerging Markets (EM) countries in Asia.

**MSCI All-Country World:** The MSCI All-Country World is an index that tracks the performance of both Developed and Emerging Market equities.

**MSCI Australia:** The MSCI Australia Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Australia market.

MSCI Brazil: The MSCI Brazil Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Brazilian market.

MSCI Canada: The MSCI Canada Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Canada market.



#### REPRESENTATIVE INDICES

**MSCI China:** The MSCI China Index captures large and mid cap representation across China A shares, H shares, B shares, Red chips, P chips and foreign listings (e.g. ADRs).

**MSCI EAFE:** The MSCI EAFE Index is an index that tracks the performance of Developed Market equities across Europe, Australasia and the Far East excluding the US and Canada.

MSCI EM: The MSCI EM index tracks the performance of Emerging Market Equities.

MSCI EMU (Euro Area): The MSCI EMU Index (European Economic and Monetary Union) captures large and mid cap representation across the 10 Developed Markets countries in the EMU.

**MSCI Europe:** The MSCI Europe Index captures large and mid cap representation across 15 Developed Markets (DM) countries in Europe. With 414 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization across the European Developed Markets equity universe.

MSCI France: The MSCI France Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the French market.

**MSCI Germany:** The MSCI Germany Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the German market.

MSCI Greece: The MSCI Greece Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Greek market

MSCI Growth: Index is designed to reflect the performance of securities exhibiting overall growth characteristics.

**MSCI High Dividend Yield:** Index is designed to reflect the performance of equities in the parent index (excluding REITs) with higher dividend income and quality characteristics than average dividend yields that are both sustainable and persistent.

MSCI India: The MSCI India Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Indian market.

**MSCI Indonesia:** The MSCI Indonesia Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Indonesian market.

MSCI Japan: The MSCI Japan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Japanese market.

MSCI Large Cap: Index is designed to reflect the performance of the large cap segment of the respective market.

**MSCI Mexico:** The MSCI Mexico Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Mexican market.

MSCI Min. Volatility: Index is designed to reflect the performance of a minimum variance strategy.

**MSCI Momentum**: Index is designed to reflect the performance of an equity momentum strategy by emphasizing stocks with high price momentum.

MSCI Poland: The MSCI Poland Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Polish market.

**MSCI Quality:** Index is designed to reflect the performance of quality growth stocks by identifying stocks with high quality scores based on three fundamental variables: high return on equity, stable y/y earnings growth, and low financial leverage.

MSCI Small Cap: Index is designed to reflect the performance of the small cap segment of the respective market.

MSCI South Africa: The MSCI South Africa Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the South African market.

MSCI South Korea: The MSCI Korea Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the South Korean market.

MSCI Spain: The MSCI Spain Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Spanish market.

**MSCI Switzerland:** The MSCI Switzerland Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Swiss market.

MSCI Taiwan: The MSCI Taiwan Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Taiwan market.

MSCI Turkey: The MSCI Turkey Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Turkish market.

MSCI UK: The MSCI United Kingdom Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the UK market.

MSCI US: Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid- cap segments of the US market.

MSCI Value: Index is designed to reflect the performance of securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics.

**MSCI World - DM:** The MSCI World Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries. With 1,395 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

**MSCI World Growth:** The MSCI World Growth Index captures large and mid cap securities exhibiting overall growth style characteristics across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries. The growth investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using five variables: long-term forward EPS growth rate, short-term forward EPS growth rate, current internal growth rate and long-term historical EPS growth trend and long-term historical sales per share growth trend.

**MSCI World Value:** The MSCI World Value Index captures large and mid cap securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield.

**Nasdaq:** The Nasdaq Composite Index is the market capitalization weighted index of approximately 3,000 common equities listed on the Nasdaq stock exchange.

Oil (WTI, USD / Barrel): Generic West Texas Intermediate crude oil spot price

**Preferred Stock:** The iShares Preferred and Income Securities ETF seeks to track the investment results of ICE Exchange-Listed Preferred & Hybrid Securities Index

Russell 1000: The Russell 1000® Index measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the US equity universe.

Russell 2000: The Russell 2000 Index is a small-cap stock market index of the bottom 2,000 stocks in the Russell 3000 Index.



#### REPRESENTATIVE INDICES

**Russell 3000:** The Russell 3000® Index measures the performance of the largest 3,000 US companies designed to represent approximately 98% of the investable US equity market.

**Sterling Agg:** The Bloomberg Sterling Aggregate Bond Index measures the investment grade, sterling-denominated, fixed-rate bond market, including treasuries, government-related, corporate and securitized issues. Inclusion is based on the currency denomination of a bond, not country of risk of the issuer.

**S&P 500:** The S&P 500 is an index designed to track the performance of the largest 500 US companies.

**S&P 500 Communication Services:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a telecom services(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Consumer Discretionary:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a consumer discretionary(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Consumer Staples:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a consumer staples(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Energy:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a energy(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Financials:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a financials(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Healthcare:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a health care(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Industrials:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a industrials(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Materials:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a materials(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Real Estate:** The S&P 500® Real Estate comprises those companies included in the S&P 500 that are classified as members of the GICS® Real Estate sector

**S&P 500 Technology:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a information technology(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 500 Utilities:** The index measures the performance of all those companies held in the S&P 500 index that are classified as a utilities(sector) company using the Global Industry Classification Standard(GICS) system.

**S&P 400 Midcap**: Standard and Poor's Midcap 400 Index is a capitalization-weighted index which measures the performance of the mid-range sector of the U.S. stock market.

US 30Y Fixed-Rate Mortgage: Bankrate.com 30-year US home mortgage fixed rate national average

US Agencies: Bloomberg US Agencies Total Return Unhedged USD measures US dollar-denominated, agency debt.

**US Aggregate:** Bloomberg US Agg Total Return Value Unhedged USD Index is a widely accepted, unmanaged total return index of corporate, government and government-agency debt instruments, mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities with an average maturity of 1-10 years.

**US Corporates:** Bloomberg US Corporate Total Return Value Unhedged USD Index tracks the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market

**US High Yield:** Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index Value Unhedged USD Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated below investment grade rated corporate debt publicly issued in the US domestic market.

**US Leveraged Loans:** The S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Total Return Index is designed to measure the performance of the US leveraged loan market.

**US Long Credit**: The Bloomberg US Long Credit Index measures the performance of investment grade, US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, taxable corporate and government-related debt with at least ten years to maturity. It is composed of a corporate and a non-corporate component that includes non-US agencies, sovereigns, supranationals and local authorities.

**US Munis:** Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index Total Return Index Value Unhedged USD Index tracks the municipal FIXED INCOME market in the United States.

**US Securitized:** Bloomberg U.S. Securitized: MBS/ABS/CMBS and Covered TR Index Value measures US securitized debt including MBS, ABS, and CMBS.

**US TIPS:** The Bloomberg US Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities Total Return Index tracks the performance of publicly issued, US Treasury inflation-protected securities that have at least one year remaining to maturity and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value.

**US Treasury:** The Bloomberg US Treasury Index is the US Treasury component of the US Aggregate Index and uses public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more.

**US Treasury Long**: The Bloomberg US Treasury: Long Index measures US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, nominal debt issued by the US Treasury with 10 years or more to maturity.

**USD:** The US Majors Dollar Index (also referred to as 'DXY') tracks the performance of the USD versus a basket of foreign currencies including the euro, Japanese yen, Pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Swedish krona, and Swiss franc.



## **Abbreviations**

**AE:** Advanced economies

AR: Annualized rate

**BOE:** Bank of England

**BOJ:** Bank of Japan

**bp**: Basis points

**CBOE:** Chicago Board Options Exchange

**CFA** \*: Chartered Financial Analyst \*

**COFER:** Composition of foreign exchange reserves

**CP:** Commercial paper

**CPI:** Consumer price index

Div.: Dividend

**DM:** Developed markets

**EAFE:** Europe, Australasia and Far East

**ECB:** European Central Bank

**EM:** Emerging markets

**EPS:** Earnings per share

Fed: Federal Reserve

**FOMC:** Federal Open Market Committee

**FX:** Foreign exchange

**G3:** US, Japan, Euro area

G4: US, UK, Germany, Japan

G7: US, UK, Germany, Japan, Italy, Canada, France

**GDP:** Gross domestic product

Global Equities: MSCI All-Country World Index

**HICP:** Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices

**HY:** high-yield

**IG:** Investment grade

IIF: Institute of International Finance

IMF: International Monetary Fund

**ISM:** Institute for Supply Management

LTRO: Long-term refinancing operation

m/m (MoM): Month-over-month

Min.: Minimum

**MSCI:** Morgan Stanley Capital Index

MTD: Month-to-date

**NFIB:** National Federation of Independent Business

**NFP:** Nonfarm Payrolls

**OAS:** Option adjusted spread

**OIS:** Overnight indexed swap rate

**PB:** Price-to-book ratio

**PBOC:** People's Bank of China

**PCE:** Personal consumption expenditures

**PE:** Price-to-earnings ratio

**PEPP:** Pandemic Emergency Purchase Program

**PMI:** Purchasing managers index

q/q (QoQ): Quarter-over-quarter

**QE:** Quantitative easing

QT: Quantitative tightening

**SA:** Seasonally adjusted

**SAAR:** Seasonally adjusted annualized rate

**SOFR:** Secured Overnight Financing Rate

TR: Total return

**USD:** US dollar

WTI: West Texas Intermediate

y/y (YoY): Year-over-year

YTD: Year-to-date



## **Definitions**

**CPI:** US Consumer Price Index Urban Consumers (CPI) YoY is an index designed to measure the changes in prices of all goods and services purchased for consumption by US urban households.

**Debt-to-Asset:** Calculated by dividing the total debt of a company by the company's total assets.

**EPS:** Earnings per share (EPS) is a financial metric that measures how much profit a company makes for each share of its common stock. It's calculated by dividing a company's net income by the number of outstanding shares.

**HICP:** The Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is a way to measure inflation in Europe by tracking the average price changes of a basket of consumer goods and services. The HICP is used to compare inflation across countries and is a key indicator for the European Central Bank (ECB) and the European Union (EU)

**LTRO:** A loan product used by the European Central Bank (ECB) to provide low-interest loans to eurozone banks. LTROs are a source of funding for banks that use sovereign debt as collateral. The loans are offered monthly and are typically repaid in three months, six months, or one year.

**NFP:** Nonfarm payroll measures the number of workers in the U.S. except those who work in farming, private households, non-profits, and sole proprietorships or self-employment, as well as those who are active military service members.

**OAS:** The OAS spread is a constant spread that when added to all discount rates from the US treasury curve on the binomial interest rate tree model will make the theoretical value of future cash flows equal to the market price of the instrument.

**OIS:** An overnight index swap (OIS) is an interest rate swap where the OIS leg is set by reference to a daily overnight reference rate.

**PCE:** US Personal Consumption Expenditure (PCE) YoY tracks overall price changes for goods and services purchased by consumers.

**PMI:** PMIs indicate the prevailing direction of economic trends in the manufacturing and service sectors. A level above 50 indicates expansion compared to the prior month and below 50 contraction.

**Price-to-Earnings (PE):** The price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio measures a company's share price relative to its earnings per share (EPS). Often called the price or earnings multiple, the P/E ratio helps assess the relative value of a company's stock.

**ROE:** Return on equity (ROE) is a measure of a company's financial performance. It is calculated by dividing net income by shareholders' equity.

**SOFR:** Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) is a benchmark interest rate that measures the cost of borrowing money overnight in the United States. It's used as a reference rate to calculate the interest banks pay on loans.

**WARN:** The WARN Act requires employers to give 60-days' notice before a mass layoff, plant closure, or relocation. Employers must notify employees and both state and local representatives. This helps workers prepare for job loss, find new jobs, or train for new opportunities.

**Yield:** Yields shown are the yield to worst of each respective index. Yield to worst represents the lowest yield figure between the yield to maturity, yield to call, or yield to refunding.



# DISCLOSURES & DISCLAIMERS



## Disclosures & Disclaimers

This presentation is for the exclusive use of the recipient and should not be further distributed without the permission of BNY.

This material should not be considered as investment advice or a recommendation of any investment manager or account arrangement and should not serve as a primary basis for investment decisions. Neither the information nor any opinions expressed herein should be construed as a solicitation or a recommendation by BNY and its affiliates to buy, hold or sell any securities or investments or hire any specific manager. Any statements and opinions expressed are those of the author as at the date of publication, are subject to change as economic and market conditions dictate, and do not necessarily represent the views of BNY.

The information has been provided as a general market commentary only and does not constitute legal, tax, accounting, other professional counsel or investment advice, is not predictive of future performance, and should not be construed as an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy any security or make an offer where otherwise unlawful.

The information has been provided without taking into account the investment objective, financial situation or needs of any particular person. BNY is not responsible for any subsequent investment advice given based on the information supplied. This is not investment research or a research recommendation for regulatory purposes as it does not constitute substantive research or analysis.

This information may contain projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets or expectations, and is only current as of the date indicated. Accordingly, such statements are inherently speculative as they are based on assumptions that may involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. There is no assurance that such events or expectations will be achieved, and actual results, performance, or events may be significantly different from that shown, expressed or implied here. The information is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons and BNY's view as of the time of the information and statements. References to specific securities, asset classes and financial markets are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to be and should not be interpreted as recommendations.

Charts are provided for illustrative purposes and are not indicative of the past or future performance of any product.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Diversification and strategic asset allocation do not guarantee a profit nor protect against a loss in declining markets. All investments and investment strategies are subject to risk, including the loss of principal.

Certain investments have specific or unique risks that should be considered along with the objectives, fees, and expenses before investing.

No investment strategy or risk management technique can guarantee returns or eliminate risk in any market environment.

Equities are subject to market, market sector, market liquidity, issuer, and investment style risks to varying degrees. Small and midsized company stocks tend to be more volatile and less liquid than larger company stocks as these companies are less established and have more volatile earnings histories. Investing in foreign denominated and/or domiciled securities involves special risks, including changes in currency exchange rates, political, economic, and social instability, limited company information, differing auditing and legal standards, and less market liquidity. These risks are generally greater with emerging market countries. Real Estate security investments involve similar risks to those associated with direct investments in real estate, including falling property values due to increasing vacancies or declining rents resulting from economic, legal, political, or technological developments, lack of liquidity, limited diversification and sensitivity to certain economic factors such as interest rate changes and market recessions. Bonds are subject to interest rate, credit, liquidity, call and market risks, to varying degrees. Generally, all other factors being equal, bond prices are investors are investors reasonable. High yield bonds involve increased credit and liquidity risks than higher rated bonds and are considered speculative in terms of the issuer's ability to pay interest and repay principal on a timely basis. Commodities contain heightened risk including market, political, regulatory, and natural conditions, and not be appropriate for all investors. Currencies can decline in value relative to a local currency, or, in the case of hedged positions, the local currency will decline relative to the currency being hedged. These risks may increase fund volatility.

Information and opinions presented have been obtained or derived from sources which BNY believed to be reliable, but BNY makes no representation to its accuracy and completeness. BNY accepts no liability for loss arising from use of this material. BNY is the corporate brands of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation and may also be used to reference the corporation as a whole and/or its various subsidiaries generally.



## Disclosures & Disclaimers

BNY may refer clients to certain of its affiliates offering expertise, products and services which may be of interest to the client. Use of an affiliate after such a referral remains the sole decision of the client.

Qualification as a CFA® Charterholder requires:

- A bachelor's degree from an accredited institution or equivalent education or work experience.
- Successful completion of all three exam levels of the CFA® program.
- 48 months of acceptable professional work experience in the investment decision-making process.
- Fulfillment of local society requirements, which vary by society. Entry into a Member's Agreement, a Professional Conduct Statement and any additional documentation requested by CFA® Institute.
- CFA® and Chartered Financial Analyst® are registered trademarks owned by the CFA® Institute.

BNY Advisors is the brand name under which BNY Mellon Advisors, Inc. conducts its investment advisory business. BNY Advisors is an investment adviser registered in the United States under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and a subsidiary of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation. BNYSC is a registered investment adviser and broker-dealer and member of FINRA and SIPC, and is a subsidiary of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation. BNY Investments is one of the world's leading investment management organizations, encompassing BNY's affiliated investment management firms and global distribution companies. BNY is the corporate brand of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation and may be used to reference the corporation as a whole and/or its various subsidiaries generally.

This material should not be considered as investment advice or a recommendation of any investment manager or account arrangement, and should not serve as a primary basis for investment decisions. Any statements and opinions expressed are those of the author as at the date of publication, are subject to change as economic and market conditions dictate, and do not necessarily represent the views of BNY. The information has been provided as a general market commentary only and does not constitute legal, tax, accounting, other professional counsel or investment advice, is not predictive of future performance, and should not be construed as an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy any security or make an offer where otherwise unlawful. The information has been provided without taking into account the investment objective, financial situation or needs of any particular person. BNY is not responsible for any subsequent investment advice given based on the information supplied. This is not investment research or a research recommendation for regulatory purposes as it does not constitute substantive research or analysis. This information may contain projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets or expectations, and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or expectations will be achieved, and actual results may be significantly different from that shown here. The information is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons. References to specific securities, asset classes and financial markets are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to be and should not be interpreted as recommendations. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Information and opinions presented have been obtained or derived from sources which BNY believed to be reliable, but BNY makes no representation to its accuracy and completeness. BNY accepts no liability for loss a

#### All investments involve risk including loss of principal.

Not for distribution to, or use by, any person or entity in any jurisdiction or country in which such distribution or use would be contrary to local law or regulation. This information may not be distributed or used for the purpose of offers or solicitations in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such offers or solicitations are unlawful or not authorized, or where there would be, by virtue of such distribution, new or additional registration requirements. Persons into whose possession this information comes are required to inform themselves about and to observe any restrictions that apply to the distribution of this information in their jurisdiction.

No part of this material may be reproduced in any form, or referred to in any other publication, without express written permission. All information contained herein is proprietary and is protected under copyright law.

#### NOT FDIC INSURED | NO BANK GUARANTEE | MAY LOSE VALUE

©2025 THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON CORPORATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.



